HP 3000 Computer Systems

MPE IV software pocket guide



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CONVENTIONS USED IN THIS MANUAL

Notation Description r 1 An element inside brackets is optional. Several elements stacked inside a pair of brackets indicates the user may select any one or none of these elements. Example: A User may select A or B or neither An element inside braces is required. Several elements stacked inside a pair of braces indicates the user must select one of these elements. Example: A User must select **Bold** type Bold types indicates required elements. It may be an operation, a command, an intrinsic, a required parameter, or the required portion of a command. Example: :RUN FREE2.PUB.SYS (operation) :BREAKJOB (command) :TEXT (required portion of a command) FCHECK (filenum. . .) (intrinsic and required parameter) Lowercase parameter User-supplied variable. The parameter must be replaced by a user-supplied variable. Example: ;PASS = password :PASS = XYZ

A carriage return,

return

CONVENTIONS (Continued)

Conventions which apply to intrinsics only.

Superscripts

O-V	Option variable
В	Byte
1	Integer
L	Logical
D	Double
Α	Array
V	By value (no superscript indicates by reference)

Symbols

"means"

! "or"

:= "is assigned"

% octal

Section I

Commands

:([:] commandname) [sessionname,] username [/userpass] .acctname [/acctpass]

[groupname [/grouppass]]

:ABORT

:ALLOCATE PROGRAM, PROCEDURE. name

Default: Program

Capability: OP

:ALTACCT acctname

[;PASS = [password]]
[;FILES = [filespace]]
[;CPU = [cpu]]
[;CONNECT = [connect]]
[;CAP = [capabilitylist]]
[;ACCESS = [fileaccess]]
[;MAXPRI = [subqueuename]]
[;LOCATTR = [localattribute]]
[;VS = [volset: { ALT }]
| SPAN |

Defaults: Unlimited filespace, unlimited cpu time, unlimited connect time, AM, AL, GL, SF, ND, IA, BA capabilities, no security restrictions at the account level, CS subqueue, double-word O localattribute.

Capability: SM

Note: If acctname is SYS, and the fileaccess parameter is omitted, the default security is R, X: ANY; A, W, L:AC.

filespace = disc storage limit (sectors)

Capabilitylist = SM (System Manager)

AM (Account Manager)

AL (Account Librarian)
GL (Group Librarian)

DI (Diagnostician)

OP (System Supervisor) SF (Save files - perm.)

ND (Non-sharable Device)

CS (Use Communications Subsystems)

UV (Use Volumes)

CV (Create Volumes)

PH (Process Handling)

DS (Extra Data Segments)
MR (Multiple RIN'S)

PM (Privileged Mode)
IA (Interactive Access)

BA (Local Batch Access)

Default is AM, AL, GL, SF, ND, IA, and BA

fileaccess = (modelist:userlist,...)
See File Access Security.

Default: R, A, W, L, X: AC

subqueuename = BS, CS, DS, ES

localattribute = (Defined by installation)

When entire keyword group is omitted, parameter remains unchanged for account.

:ALTGROUP groupname

 $\label{eq:Defaults: IA, BA capabilities, unlimited filespace, unlimited cpu time, R, A, W, L, X, S: GU (all groups except PUB); or R, X: ANY; A, W, L, S: AL, GU (PUB group only). \\$

Capability: AM

[,DISC]
:ALTLOG logid [;LOG=logfile,\TAPE,]

[;PASS=password]

:ALTSEC filereference [;([modelist :userlist[;...]])]

Note: For modelist and userlist options, see File Access Security.

:ALTUSER username

[;PASS=[password]][;CAP=[capabilitylist]]
[;MAXPRI=[subqueuename]]
[;LOCATTR=[localattribute]]
[;HOME=[homegroupname]]

Defaults: SF, ND, IA, BA capabilities, CS subqueue, double-word O localattribute, no homegroup.

Capability: AM

Note: For parameter definitions and options, see

SYSTEM CAPABILITY SETS.

:ALTVSET vsname

;ADDCLASS=vcname:vname[,vname
[,...[,vname]]]
;EXPANDCLASS=vcname:vname[,vname
[,...[,vname]]]
;EXPANDSET=vname:type[[,...[,vname:type]]]

Capability: SM or AM with CV

:APL

:ASSOCIATE devclass

:BASIC [commandfile] [,[inputfile] [,listfile]]

Default: \$STDINX, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators - BASCOM, BASIN,

BASLIST

:BASICGO [commandfile] [, listfile]

Default: \$STDINX and \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators - BSCTEXT, BSCLIST

:BASICOMP [commandfile] [, [uslfile] [, listfile]]

Default: \$STDINX, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators - BSCTEXT, BSCUSL,

BSCLIST

For a discussion of BASIC compiler parameters, see pg 1-32.

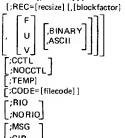
:BASICPREP [commandfile] [, [progfile] {, listfile]]

Default: \$STDINX, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators -BSCTEXT, BSCPROG.

BSCLIST

:BUILD filereference



Default: Record size: determined at configuration

Blockfactor: never less than 1

File length: F for disc files, U for all others Code: BINARY

Carriage Control: NOCCTL
TEMP: Permanent file

Relative input/output: NORIO

File type: STD

Note: For recsize, positive value indicates words and nega-

tive value indicates bytes.

:BYE

:COBOL [textfile] [, [uslfile]

[, [listfile]

[, [masterfile] [, newfile]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST
For a discussion of COBOL compiler parameters,

see page 1-32.

:COBOLGO [textfile] [, [listfile]

[, [masterfile] [, newfile]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$STDLIST, input read from textfile,

no new file written.

:COBOLPREP [textfile] [, [progfile]

[, [listfile] [, [masterfile]

[,newfile]]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

:COMMENT [text]

Default: Null comment

:CONTINUE

:DATA [jsname,] username [/userpass]

.acctname[/acctpass] [;filename]

Default: No job/session name. No distinguishing filename

assignment.

:DEALLOCATE PROGRAM, PROCEDURE,

Default: Program file

Capability: OP

:DEBUG

Capability: PM

:DISASSOCIATE devolass

:DISMOUNT [* vcsname] [.groupname[.acctname]]

Default: *

:DSLINE To open a hardwired line:

dsdevice[,LINEBUF=buffsize][;EXCLUSIVE]

To open a telephone line:

dsdevice[;LINEBUF=buffsize]

[:LOCID=local-id-sequence]

[;REMID=remote-id-sequence1[,remote-id-sequence2]....]

[;PHNUM=telephone number]

[:EXCLUSIVE]

[:COMP]

I:NOCOMPI

[:OUIET]

To close a communication line:

dsdevice

[ds-line-number] [;CLOSE]

@

:DSTAT [Idn ALL]

Default: Only the status of non-system discs displayed

:EDITOR [listfile]

Default: \$STDLIST. If specified with no device parameter, default device is LP.

Note: See EDIT Subsystem, Formal file designator; EDTLIST

:ELSE

:ENDIF

:EOD

:EOF:

Note: The last colon in this command must be followed by a blank.

:EO.I

FCOPY FROM= FROM= FIGURE (dfile,kfile) (dfile,kfile) (filename compty)

[,parm list]]

Using : FCOPY without parameters accesses FCOPY subsystem. For a full discussion of parm list, see pp.3-5,6,7.

:FILE

Note: Parameters used with the :FILE command depend on the type of file described.

New or Old (Existing) Files

:FILE formaldesignator = \$NEWPASS [=filereference] [,NEW] = \$OLDPASS [=filereference] [,OLD _,OLDTEMP]

^{*}Indicates not used for old disc files.

```
;LABEL=[volid] [,[type] [,[expdate][,seq
[;FORMS=formsmsg]
;NOLOCK
:LOCK
[:DEV=[[dsdevise]#][device][,[outpri][,numcopies]]]
[;CODE=[filecode]]
[;DISC=[numrec] [, [numextents] [, initalloc] ] ]
[:ENV=environmentfilename]
DEN= [1600]
       Defaults: for new files are:
          recsize = 128 for DISC/TAPE
                = ~132 for LP
                = -80 for CARD/PUNCH
                = -72 for TERM
        blockfactor = physical record/recsize
        SHR (if ACC= IN, otherwise EXC)
        BUF = 2
        DEV = DISC
        CODE = 0
        DISC = 1023.B.1
       Note: The parameter group [;DISC=[numrec]
       [[numextents][,initalloc]]] cannot be included if the
       parameter group
```

:NOLABEL

For outputpriority, select a number between 1 (lowest priority) and 13 (highest priority) (Default is 1.)

For recsize, positive value indicates words and negative

For filecode see File System

value indicates bytes.

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```
User Pre-Defined (Back-referenced) Files
:FILE formaldesignator = *formaldesignator
For System-Defined Files:
:FILE
              formaldesignator = $NULL
              formaldesignator = 

{ $$TDIN 

$$TDINX 

$$TDIST
:FILE
CCTL
L;NOCCTL
[;DEV=[[dsdevice]#][device][,[outpri][,numcopies]]]
:ACC= UPDATE
OUTKEEP
APPEND
 :NOBUE
BUF (=numbuffers)
;MR
;NOMR
[:NOLABEL
;LABEL=[volid] [,[type] [,[exdate] [,seq]]]
[;FORMS=formsmsg]
[;NOLOCK]
:LOCK
```

Overrides Hierarchy File Label (Old disc file only) FILE Command Parameters Overrides FOPEN Intrinsic Parameters Overrides System Defaults

:FORTGO [textfile] [,[listfile] [,[newfile]]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators FTNTEXT, FTNLIST, FTNMAST, FTNNEW

THUMASI, THURLE

:FORTPREP [textfile] [,[progfile] [,[listfile] [,[masterfile] [.newfile]]]]

Defaults: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators FTNTEXT, FTNLIST,

FTNMAST, FTNNEW, FTNPROC

:FORTRAN [textfile] [,[uslfile] [,[listfile]

[,[masterfile] [,newfile]]]]

Defaults: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators, FTNTEXT, FTNLIST,

FTNMAST, FTNNEW, FTNUSL

For a discussion of FORTRAN compiler parameters,

see page 1-32.

:FREERIN rin

:GETRIN rinpassword

:HELLO [sessionname,] username [/userpass]
.acctname [/acctpass] [,groupname
[/grouppass]]
[;TERM=termtype]
{;TIME=cpuses}
/ ps }

;INPRI=inputpriority ;HIPRI

Note: The termtype parameter determines the type of terminal used, as follows:

- 0 = ASR 33 EIA-compatible HP 2749B (10 characters per second (cps)).
- 1 = ASR 37 Teleprinter (10 cps).
- 2 = ASR 35 EIA-compatible (10 cps).
- 3 = Execuport 300 Data Communications Transceiver Terminal (10, 15, 20 cps).
- 4 = HP 2600A or DATAPOINT 3300 (10-240 cps).
- 5 = Memorex 1240 (10, 15, 30, 60 cps).
- 6 = HP 2762A/B (GE Terminet 300 or 1200) or Data Communication Terminal, Model B (10, 15, 30 120 cps).
- 9 = HP 2615A (MiniBee) (10-240 cps).
- 10 = HP 2640A/B, HP 2641A, HP 2644A or HP 2645A Character mode or program control of block mode (10-240 cps).
- 11 = HP 2640A/B, HP 2641A, HP 2644A or HP 2645A. Character mode and block mode without program control. (Not block/page mode.)
- 12 = HP 2645A Katakana/Roman Terminal.

13 = Message Switching Network or Other Computer.

14 = Multi-Point Terminal.

15 = HP 2635A Printing Terminal.
8-bit protocol (for second character set).

16 = HP 2635A Printing Terminal.
7-bit protocol (for standard character set).

Terminal types 4, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15 and 16 only are available on Series 30/33 systems.

If a user at a CRT operating at 2400 baud specifies termtype = 10, and the CRT is not a 2640 terminal, the terminal will cease to accept data. To correct, enter F^C, log off, and log on again with the correct term type.

For cpusecs enter maximum cpu time allowed from 1 to 32767 seconds or "?" or "UNLIM" for no limit.

For subqueue, enter BS, CS, DS or ES. (Users and accounts must have valid MAXPRI to access requested queue.) (Default: CS)

HELP

Note: :HELP udoname is not recognized when used inside a subsystem.

:IF

Note: See also :ELSE and :ENDIF

:IML

Note: The ENHANCE parameter alters the display as follows:

Option	3270 Normal Intensity	3270 High Intensity
0	264x half bright	264× normal
1	264x normal	264x underline
2	264x normal	264x inverse video
3	264x inverse video	264× normal

:JOB

[jobname,] username [/userpass] .acctname [/acctpass] [,groupname

[/grouppass]]

[;TIME=cpusecs]

;HIPRI ;INPRI=inputpriority

[:RESTART]

[:OUTCLASS={device} (,outputpriority] [,numcopies]]

Default: \$STDLIST,Priority=DS

Note: For other parameter meanings, see :HELLO

:JOBPRI

0 [,defaultqueue]

Capability = OP

Note: 0 = No maxqueue limit.
maxqueue

= CS, DS, or ES

defaultqueue

Defaults: No change in maximum priority, no change in

execution priority.

:LISTACCT

[acctset] [, listfile]

Defaults: All accounts (System Manager capability

required), \$STDLIST

Capability: AM or SM

:LISTF

[fileset][, 1] [;listfile]
2
-1

Note:

Listfilename.

1

List 0 plus file code, record size, type ASCII/binary. CCTL, EOF pointer position, and maximum records allowed

2

List 1, plus blocking factor, sectors used, extents allocated, extents allowed.

-1 Octal listing of file label.

(0, 1, 2 may be requested for any permanent file by anyone. –1 lists file label and requires SM/AM capability; SM lists any file, and AM lists any file in acct

The characters @, #, and ? can be used as wild card characters in the fileset parameter. These wild card characters have the following meanings:

@ - specifies zero or more alphanumeric characters.

- specifies one numeric character.

? - specifies one alphanumeric character.

The characters can be used as follows:

n@ List all files starting with the character n.

@n List all files ending with the character n.

n@x List all files starting with the character n and ending with the character x.

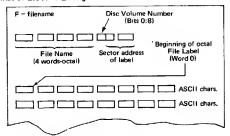
n##..# List all files starting with the character n followed by up to seven digits (useful for listing all EDIT/3000 temporary files).

2n@ List all files whose second character is n.

n? List all two-character files starting with the character n.

?n List all two-character files ending with the character n.

Format of LISTF-1 Listing



The disc file label contains the following:

Words		Contents	Words (Octal)
0-3		Local file name.	0-3
4-7		Group name.	4-7
8-11		Account name.	10-13
12-15		Identity of file creator.	14-17
16-19		File lockword.	20-23
20-21		File security matrix.	24-25
22	(Bits 0:15)	Not used.	26
	(Bit 15:1)	File secure bit: If 1, file secured. If 0, file released.	
23		File creation date *	27
24		Last access date.*	30
25		Last modification date.*	31
26		File code.	32
27		File control block vector.	33

^{*}Dates in same format as return value for CALENDAP intrinsic.

Format of LISTF-1 Listing (continued)			
		•	Words
Words		Contents	(Octal)
2B	(Bit 0:1)	Store Bit. (If on, :STORE or :RESTORE, in progress.)	34
	(Bit 1:1)	Restore Bit. (If on, :RESTORE in progress.)	
	(Bit 2:1)	Load Bit. (If on, program file is loaded.)	
	(Bit 3:1)	Exclusive Bit. (If on, file is opened with exclusive access.)	
	(Bits 4:4)	Device sub-type.	
	(Bits B:6)	Device type.	
	(Bit 14:1)	File is open for write.	
	(Bit 15:1)	File is open for read.	
29	(Bits 0:B)	Number of user labels written.	35
	(Bits B:B)	Number of user labels.	
30-31		Maximum number of logical records.	
32		Unused	40
33		Private Volume Information	41
34		Checksum	42
35		Cold-load identity.	43
36 37		Foptions specifications.	44
		Logical record size (in negative bytes).	45
38		Block size (in words).	46
39	(Bits 0:8)	Sector offset to data.	47
	(Bits B:3)	Not used.	
	(Bits 11:5)	Number of extents minus 1.	50
40		Logical size of last block.	50
41		Extent size.	51
42043		Number of logical records in file.	52-53
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110		Restore date	136
124-127		Device class	154-157

File Name

Filename may consist of from one to eight alphanumeric characters. Must begin with a letter; special characters not allowed.

File Security Matrix



. . .

X EXECUTE

GL

CR

:LISTLOG [logid[:PASS]]

Group Librarian.

:LISTGROUP

@ group [,listfile]

Default: All groups in the log-on account.

Capability: AM or SM

:LISTUSER

@ [,listfile]

Default: All users in the log-on account.

Capability: AM or SM

0

:LISTVS [vslist] [,1] [;listfile]

```
OPEN [.filename]
:MPLINE Idn
       Capability: Console Operator
:MOUNT
               [ * ] [,groupname[,acctname]]
               vcsname
                       [:GEN=[genindex]]
       Default: *
:MRJF
:NEWACCT
               acctname, mgrname
               [;PA$$=[password]]
               [:FILES=[filespace]]
               [;CPU=[cpu]]
               [:CONNECT=[connect]]
               [:CAP=[capabilitylist]]
               [:ACCESS=[fileaccess]]
               [:MAXPRI=[subqueuename]]
               [:LOCATTR=[localattribute]]
               [:VS=volset:SPAN]
       Defaults: No password assigned, unlimited filespace,
       unlimited cpu, unlimited connect AM, AL, GL, SF, ND, IA,
       BA capabilities, R. A. L. W. X: AC fileaccess CS subqueue.
       Capability: SM
       Note: For parameter definitions and options, see System
       Capability Sets
:NEWGROUP
               groupname
               [:PASS=[password]]
               [;CAP=[capabilitylist]]
               [;FILES=[filespace]]
               [:CPU=[cpu]]
               [:CONNECT=[connect]]
               [:ACCESS=[fileaccess]]
               [:VS=[volset[:SPAN]]]
```

Defaults: No password is assigned, IA, BA capabilities, filespace equals account's, cpu equals account's, connect equals account's, R, X: ANY, A, W, L, S: AL, GU for PUB group and R, A, W, L, X, S: GU for all other groups.

Capability: AM

:NEWUSER username

[:PASS=[password]]
[:CAP=[capabilitylist]]
[:MAXPRI=[subqueuename]]
[:LOCATTR=[localattribute]]
[:HOME=[homegroupname]]

Defaults: No password is assigned, SF, ND, IA, BA, CS subqueue.

Capability: AM

Note: For parameter definitions and options, see System Capability Sets.

:NEWVSET vsname

:MEMBERS=vname:type[.vname:type.

...[vname:tvpe]

[;CLASS=vcname:vname[,vname,...[,vname]]

Capability: CV

:PREP usifile.progfile

[;ZERODB] [:PMAP]

(,PMAP) [:MAXDATA=seasize]

[;STACK=stacksize] [:DL=dlsize]

[;CAP=caplist] [;RL=filename] [:PATCH=patchsize]

Default: No PMAP listing, MPE assumes segsize will change, stacksize is estimated by MPE segmenter, disize is estimated by MPE segmenter.

Note: segsize

Max DL to Z size, in words.

stacksize

Initial Q to Z area, in words.

disize

Initial DL to DB area, in words

caplist

IA Interactive access BA Local batch access standard capabilities

PH Process handling

DS Extra Data Segment management

MR Multiple resource management

PM Privileged-mode operation

If no "CAP"= is specified, both IA and BA are assigned. If only IA or BA is requested, only that access is assigned.

Formal file designator is SEGLIST

:PREPRUN

Default: Primary entry point, segments of privileged mode program will remain in privileged mode, no PMAP listing, no breakpoint is set, no LMAP listing, MPE assumes segsize will not change, parameternum is Q (initial) 0-4 address is filled with zeros, MPE segmenter estimates stacksize and dlsize, System Library.

Note: Formal file designator for PMAP is SEGLIST and for

LMAP is LOADLIST.

Note: P - Account Public Library

G - Group Library

S - System Library (Default)

For other parameters, see :PREP.

:PTAPE filename

:PURGE filereference[,TEMP]

Default: Permanent file is assumed

:PURGEACCT acctname[;VS=volset]

Capability: SM

:PURGEGROUP groupname[;VS=volset]

Capability: AM

:PURGEUSER username

Capability: AM

:PURGEVSET vsname

Capability: SM, or AM with CV

:RECALL

:REDO

:RELEASE filereference

:RELLOG logid

:REMOTE [dslinenumber] [mpecommand]

:REMOTE HELLO

[sessionname,] username[/userpass] .acctname [/acctpass]

Default: No session name assigned, no cpusecs limit assigned, CS priority class, inputpriority of 8, HIPRI is current and execution limit.

:RENAME oldfilereference.

newfilereference[.TEMP]

Default: Permanent file

Note: Both newfilereference and oldfilereference have the format:filename [/lockword] [.groupname] [.acctname] The command does not change the file domain. Use SAVE to make TEMP file permanent.

:REPORT [groupset] [,listfile] [;VS=volset]

Defaults: User — his/her own group, AM — all groups in his/her own account, SM — all groups in all accounts.

Capability: AM or SM.

Note: groupset Specifies the accounts and groups for which information is to be listed. The

permissible entries and the capability required (shown in parentheses) are as follows: Account Manager is shown as

AM: System Manager as SM.

groupdesig Reports on the specified group in the

log-on account. Standard user can only specify his log-on group.

@ Reports on all groups in the log-on

account (AM or SM).

groupdesig. Reports on the specified group in the

acctdesig account (SM).

@.acctdesig Reports on all groups in the specified

accounts (SM).

@,@ Reports on all groups in all accounts

(SM).

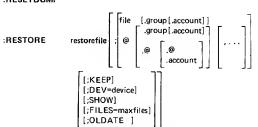
Default: For standard user: his own group

For Account Manager: All groups in his own account.

For System Manager: All groups in all accounts.

:RESET (@ formaldesignator)

:RESETDUMP



Default: Users – all files in log-on group, AM – all files in all groups in log-on account, SM – all files in system.

Capability: See System Manager/System Supervisor Reference Manual, :RESTORE command, "Operation".

Note: :RESTORE requires SF access to group or SM/OP capability. (AM has SF access to all groups in his account). Formal file designator is SYSLIST.

:RESUME

:RESUMELOG

:RJE [commandfile] [,[inputfile]

[,[listfile] [,punchfile]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$STDLIST, \$NEWPASS

Note: Formal file designator, RJECOM, RJEIN,

RJEPUNCH, RJELIST

:RPG [textfile] [,[uslfile] [,[listfile]

[,[masterfile] [,newfile]]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators RPGTEXT, RPGUSL,

RPGLIST, RPGMAST, RPGNEW.

For a discussion of RPG compiler parameters, see page 1-32.

:RPGGO [textfile] [,[listfile] [,[masterfile]

[.newfile]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$STDLIST, newfile is no file written.

Note: Formal file designators, RPGTEXT, RPGLIST,

RPGMAST, RPGNEW.

:RPGPREP [textfile] [,[progfile]

[,[listfile] [,[masterfile]

[,newfile]]]

Default: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST.

Note:Formal file designators, RPGTEXT, RPGPROG, RPGLIST, RPGMAST, RPGNEW.

:SEGMENTER [listfile]

Default: \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designator, SEGLIST

See also Segmenter section.

:SETCATALOG [catfilename],catfilename,...,

[catfilename]][;SHOW] [;ACCOUNT];SYSTEM

Capability: ACCOUNT parameter requires AM, SYSTEM

parameter requires SM

:RUN

Default: Primary entry point, privileged mode programs remain in privileged mode, no LMAP listing, DEBUG call is not issued, MPE assumes segsize will not change, parameternum is O (initial) -4 address is filled with zeros, stacksize is estimated by segmenter, disize is estimated by segmenter, System Library.

Note: Certain parameter meanings are described under :PREP, and :PREPRUN.
Formal file designator LMAP is LOADLIST.

:SAVE

\$OLDPASS, newfilereference tempfilereference

Note: newfilereference is required as a parameter if \$OLDPASS is used, tempfilereference is required as a parameter if \$OLDPASS/newfilereference is not used,

:SECURE filereference

$$= \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \mathsf{DB}[\mathsf{,ST}][\mathsf{,OS}] \\ \mathsf{ST}[\mathsf{,DB}] \\ \mathsf{OS}[\mathsf{,DB}] \end{array} \right\} [\mathsf{;ASCII}]$$

Defaults: DB — settings of all registers at time of abort and stack marker trace ASCII — octal.

:SETJCW icwname char value

:SETMSG ON OFF

:SHOWALLOW [{username | ... {acctname | @ } ... {acctname | @ }]

:SHOWCATALOG [listfile]

Default: \$STDLIST

:SHOWDEV [Idev]

Default: Status information for all devices is displayed.

SHOWIN #Innn

[SP] [;item] [;item] [;item]

Default: Information for all input devicefiles displayed.

Note: items: [DEV=Idev]

JOB =

| Got | Go

Do not use duplicate item keywords in this command

:SHOWJCW [jcwname]

Default: Status of all JCW's displayed

:SHOWJOB

[#] Snnn [#] Jnnn STATUS id[;state] state[;id]

Defaults: Status information for all jobs/sessions displayed.

N = Non-deferred D = Deferred

:SHOWLOG

Capability: OP

:SHOWLOGSTATUS logid

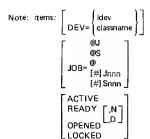
:SHOWME

:SHOWOUT

#Onnn]

[SP] [;item] [;item] [;item]

Default: Status information for all output devicefiles displayed.



Do not use duplicate item keywords in this command.

:SHOWQ

Capability: OP

:SHOWTIME

=SHUTDOWN

:SPEED newinspeed, newoutspeed

Note: Valid values for inspeed and outspeed are: 10, 14, 15, 30, 60, 120, 240 (480 and 960 for Series 30/33 only). These characters represent characters-per-second for terminal I/O.

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:SPL [textfile] [,[uslfile] [,[istfile] [,[masterfile] [,newfile]]]

Defaults: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators, SPLTEXT, SPLUSL,

SPLLIST, SPLMAST, SPLNEW.

For a discussion of SPL compiler parameters, see page 1-32.

:SPLGO

[textfile] [,[listfile] [,[masterfile] [,newfile]]]

Defaults: \$STDIN, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators, SPLTEXT, SPLLIST,

SPLMAST, SPLNEW

:SPLPREP

[textfile] [,[progfile] [,[listfile] [,[masterfile]

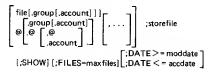
[,newfile]]]

Defaults: \$STDIN, \$NEWPASS, \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designators, SPLTEXT, SPLPROG.

SPLLIST, SPLMAST, SPLNEW.

:STORE



Default: All files in log-on group.

Capability: Users with SM or OP capability can store any user file in the system. Users with AM capability can store any file in the account (but cannot dump those with negative file codes unless they have PM capability also.)

Note: System Manager has read access to all files. Account Manager has read access to all files in his/her account.

The :LISTF command also applies to the :STORE command. Formal file designator is SYSLIST.

:STREAM

[inputfile] [.character]

Default character for : prompt replacement is !

:SWITCHLOG

Capability: OP

:SYSDUMP dumpfile [,auxlistfile]

Default: \$STDLIST.

Capability: SM or OP

Note: The formal file designator used by the :SYSDUMP command executor for this file is SYSDLIST; the formal file designator used by the MPE segmenter is SEGLIST.

:TELL [[jsname,] username.acctname | [#] Jnnn | [#] Snnn | [;] [text] | @.acctname | @.l | @.s

:TELLOP [text]

:TUNE [MINCLOCKCYCLE] [:CQ :DQ = [BASE] [,[LIMIT] [,[MIN] [,MAX]]]

Note: More than one of CQ, DQ and EQ may be specified in a TUNE command. Separate phrases with a semicolon.

:VINIT [fistdevice]

Default: \$STDLIST

Capability: SM or OP

:VSUSER [vsname]

Parameterlist Options (continued)

Additional for RPG [QUOTE= $\{ ", \}$] [SEG=n] [ERRORS=nn]

Additional for BASIC Compiler
[START=programname] [SUBPROGRAM] [INIT]
[[NO] LABEL] [SEGMENT=segname]

COMPILER SUBSYSTEM COMMANDS

For BASICOMP, COBOL, FORTRAN, RPG, SPL, SCONTROL parameterlist

Parameterlist Options (Separated by Commas)

```
For ALL Compilers
  [NO] LIST] [[NO] SOURCE] [[NO] WARN]
    [[NO] MAPI [[NO] CODE]
    [LINES=nn] [USLINIT]
Additional for SPL
  [SEGMENT=segname] [ADR] [MAIN=pgname]
    [INNERLIST] [UNCALLABLE]
    [SUBPROGRAM[=(proc(*)...)]]
    [PRIVILEGED] [ERRORS=nn]
Additional for FORTRAN
  [INIT] [BOUNDS] [FILE=nn [-nn]]
    [FIXED/FREE] [[NO] LABEL] [SEGMENT=
    name] [ERRORS=nn] [CHECK=nn]
    [CROSSREF [ALL]] [[NO] LOCATION]
    [[NO] STAT] [[NO] CODE]
    [[NO] LIST] [USLINIT] [[NO] MAP]
    [[NO] SOURCE] [[NO] WARN]
Additional for COBOL
  [QUOTE={ ", }] [DYNAMIC] [SUBPROGRAM]
    [DEBUG] [BOUNDS] [ERRORS=nn]
Additional for COBOLII
  [ANSISUB] [BOUNDS] [CHECKSYNTAX]
  [[NO] CODE] [[NO] CROSSREFI [DEBUG]
  [DYNAMIC] [ERRORS=n] [LINES=pagenum]
  [[NO] LIST] [LOCKING] [LOCON ]
                        LOCOFF
  [[NO] MAP] [[NO] MIXED] [QUOTE=1
  [[NO] SOURCE] [STDWARN=level]
                 NOSTDWARN
  [SUBPROGRAM] [USLINIT] [[NO] VERBS]
  [[NO] WARN]
```

```
For All Compilers
$TITLE[[string] [,string] . . . ]
For COBOL, FORTRAN, RPG, SPL only
   $EDIT [VOID=sequencenumber]
           [,SEQNUM=sequencenumber]
             [.INC=incnumber]
  F[X_n = \{ \begin{cases} OFF \\ ON \end{cases} \}
   $PAGE [string[,string] . . . ]
  $SET [X_n = {OFF \brace ON} [I, X_n {OFF \rbrace}] \dots]
For FORTRAN, SPL only
   $TRACE [programunit]; identifier [.identifier] [....]
For BASICOMP only
   $COMPILE progname [(entrypoint<sub>1</sub>, . . . entrypoint<sub>n</sub>)]
      ...[,prognamen[(entrypoint1..., entrypointn)]]
   $ENTRY progname<sub>1</sub> . . . [,progname<sub>n</sub>]
  $EXIT
```

Note: To transmit a command to newfile, precede it by an additional \$.

	Mnemonic	Meaning
Jser/ Acct	SM AM AL GL DI OP SF ND CS UV CV PH DS MR PM IA BA	(System Manager) (Account Manager) (Account Manager) (Account Librarian) (Group Librarian) (Diagnostician) (System Supervisor) (Save files = perm.) (Non-sharable Device) (Use Communications Subsystems) (Use Volumes) (Create Volumes) (Process Handling) (Extra Data Segments) (Multiple RINs) (Privileged Mode) (Interactive Access) (Local Batch Access)

DEFAULT CAPABILITIES

Accounts AM, AL, GL, SF, ND, IA, BA

Groups IA, BA

Users SF, ND, IA, BA

CAPABILITY CHECKING

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{Time} & \textbf{Checking} \\ \textbf{Log-on} & \textbf{User} \leqslant \textbf{Account} \\ \vdots \textbf{NEWGROUP} \\ \vdots \textbf{ALTGROUP} \\ \end{array} \right\} & \textbf{Group} \leqslant \textbf{Account} \\ \vdots \textbf{NEWUSER} \\ \vdots \textbf{ALTUSER} \\ \end{cases} & \textbf{User} \leqslant \textbf{Account} \\ \vdots \textbf{PREP} & \textbf{File} \leqslant \textbf{User} \\ \vdots \textbf{RUN} & \textbf{File} \leqslant \textbf{Group} \\ \textbf{Intrinsic Call} & \textbf{Program file capability} \\ \end{aligned}$

Section II

Console Commands

```
:ABORTIO/=ABORTIO Idn
 :ABORTJOB/=ABORTJOB (#Jnnn
                                [jobname,] username.acctname
 :ACCEPT
                   JOBS, Idn
DATA,
 :ALLOW
                   FILE=formaldesignator[;SHOW]
                   user .@ ;COMMANDS=command 1
@.acct [,command2,...,command n]
 :ALTJOB
                   [:INPRI=inputpriority]
                   [;OUTDEV= { |dn | devclass
                     #Onnn | | ;PRI=outpriority | ;COPIES=numcopies ;DEV= | Idn2 | devclass |
:ALTSPDOLFILE |
:BREAKJOB
                  #Jnnn
:CONSOLE
                  ldn
:DELETESPOOLFILE (
:DISALLOW
                 FILE=formaldesignator[SHOW]
                               ;COMMANDS=command1
[,command2, . . .,command n]
:DOWN
                 ldn
```

:JOBFENCE priorityfence

Note: 0 ≤ priorityfence ≤ 14 (large is more limiting)

:JOBSECURITY HIGH

:LDISMOUNT vcsname.group.account

:LIMIT { [numberjobs] {,numbersessions] }

:LMOUNT vcsname.group.account[;GEN=genindex]

:LOG logid, START RESTART STOP

=LOGOFF

=LOGON

```
Idn [,filename | MARGIN=nn
:DOWNLOAD
                            [;OPEN][, [MASTER] [,[SPEED=]]
;SHUT][, [SLAVE] speed]
:DSCONTROL Idn
                                       (,ON[,[ALL] [,[mask] [,[numentries] [,[WRAP] [,filename]]]]]
                            COMP:
                            :NOCOMP
:FOREIGN
                 ldn
:GIVE
                 ldn
:HEADOFF
                 ldn
:HEADON
                 ldn
:IMLCONTROL /START configfilename [;TRACEON [,[ALL]
                                        [,[mask]
                                         [,[numentries]
                                         [.[WRAP]
                                         [Filename]]]]]]
                  STOP configfilename
                  KILL configfilename
                  TRACE configfilename ON [,[ALL] [,[mask]
                                             [,[numentries]
                                              [,[WRAP]
                                              [,filename]]]]]
                  TRACE configfilename OFF
```

:STOPSPOOL | Idn[;OPENO] | devclass

:STREAMS { Idn OFF }

:SUSPENDSPOOL Idn[;FINISH]

:TAKE Idn

:UP Idn

:VMOUNT { ON [,AUTO] } [;ALL]

```
:MPLINE Idn ( OPEN [.filename]
                UP, upentry
                DOWN, downentry
                SHUT [.NOW]
                MESSAGES [,ON ]
                       (,ON [, [ALL] [, [mask] [, [numentries] )
                           [,[WRAP] [,filename]]]]]
                                   TRACELON
                 START
                                          [.[ALL]
                                          [.[mask]
                                           ,[numentries]
                 SIGNOFF
                                           [WRAP]
:MRJECONTROL
                 KILL
                           ,hostid
                                           filename]]]]
                 RETRIES
                                  retrynum
                                  .
[.[ALL] [.[mask]
                 TRACE
                                  [,[numentries] [,[WRAP]
                                  [.filename] 1111
:OUTFENCE
               outputpriority[;LDEV=ldn]
        Note: 1 ≤ output priority ≤ 14 (large is more limiting)
:REFUSE
               「JOB, ∃ldn
:REPLY/=REPLY pin.reply[.param]
:RESUMEJOB #Jnnn
:RESUMESPOOL
                  ldn
                       :BACK
                                      (nnn FILES
                       :FORWARD
                       BEGINNING:
:SHOWCOM
                  Idn[:ERRORS][:RESET]
=SHUTDOWN
:STARTSPOOL
                  Idn[;SHUTQ]
                  devolass
```

CMP Commands:			
DISPLAY			
DUMP			
HALT			
HELP			
IOMAP			
LOAD			
LOG			
RUN			
SELFTEST			
SHUTTEST			
SPEED			
START			

:WARN	[#] Jnnn [#] Snnn [jsname,] username.acctname	[;] [text]
	@ [@.] acctname @J @S	

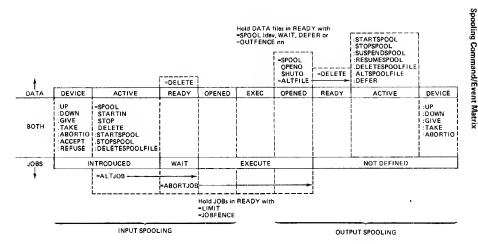
:WELCOME return

#message return #message return #return

For Series 44:

Control and Maintenance Processor (CMP)

When the system is running, the CMP will usually be inactive, and commands are entered via MPE in the usual manner. However, if for any reason you are unable to communicate with MPE, enter a CNTL B from the system console; the operating system (MPE) is suspended, the CMP is enabled, and you are automatically prompted for an MPE-like command. If the operating system is not functioning, as in the case of a system halt, access the CMP simply by entering a carriage return.



- * All cold-load options except WARM allow the operator to alter the input/output device configuration currently in effect.
- ** Value should be the DRT number of the system disc.

Note: Thumbwheels apply to Series 30/33/44; Switch Registers apply to Series II/III.

Note: If your system has an HP-IB Interface Module, the loworder bits (rightmost eight bits) of the System Switch Register must always be set to %175 for System Startup. The high-order bits (leftmost eight bits) are set to the octal representation of the DRT number of the cold load device. For additional information, consult the Console Operator's Guide, part number 32002-90004.

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System Start Up

System start op						
Type	From	Thumb- wheel	Sw Reg	Effect:		
WARM*	DISC	WARM	%0004 **	Permits recovery of incompletely processed spooled jobs and spoolfiles.		
COOL	DISC	WARM	%0004 **	Standard operation. All permanent user files are saved. All temporary files, jobs, and sessions done before COOL- START are lost.		
COLD	SERIAL STORAGE DEVICE	COLD	%3006	System files and I/O configuration come from tape; user files, directory, accounting information, and global RINs are retained — obtained from disc.		
UPDATE	SERIAL STORAGE DEVICE	COLD	%3006	System files come from tape; I/O con- figuration, directory, accounting informa- tion, and global RINs remain unchanged.		
RELOAD	SERIAL STORAGE DEVICE	COLD	%3006	Complete MPE comes from tape – system files, I/O configuration, file directory, and user files. If the disc label is		

good, some items are not reloaded. To insure that the entire system is restored, follow the RELOAD with an update option.

Stand-Alone Memory Dump

For Series II/III

- Mount tape with write-ring on Tape Unit 0. Bring to load point and set on-line.
- 2. If computer running, press RUN/HALT.
- While pressing (and holding) the ENABLE switch, press the DUMP switch; a preconfigured pattern will appear in the SYSTEM SWITCH REGISTER.
- If the computer halts with the correct number for your memory size appearing in the CURRENT INSTRUCTION REGISTER, the dump is complete. If the computer does not halt with the correct address, mount another tape and go to step 3.

Note: The dump is done off-line, and necessitates subsequent system start-up to resume system operation. It is a diagnostic tool which should not be confused with the :5YSDUMP command described on page 26.

Proper Current Instruction Register (CIR)
Contents After Dump

Memory Size (Words)	CIR Contents (Octal)
128K	000002
160K	100002
192K	000003
224K	100003
256K	000004
384K	000006
512K	000010
768K	000014
1024K	000020

For Series 44

Operator Function: Dumping Main Memory

- Mount a serial disc or magnetic tape on a logical device specified by the device class DDUMP, then place the drive on-line.
- On the System Control Panel, set the DUMP thumbwheel switch to the octal value of the DRT number (channel address and device address) of the system disc drive.
- 3. From the System Control Panel, press the DUMP key.

OR

From the CMP, enter DUMP at the prompt.

 At this point, SDF will attempt to serially execute a file (SDFCOM) containing ASCII formatted commands (which are located on the system disc) until one of the following are encountered; a WARMSTART command, a HALT command, or an end-of-file condition.

If the Software Dump Facility is loaded correctly the following message will appear on the console:

SOFTWARE DUMP FACILITY (VER XX.XX/XX)

The system will then halt.

5. When the HALT light comes on, the console operator should check to see that the serial storage device is on-line and ready, then press the RUN key on the System Control Panel, or enter RUN in response to the CMP prompt. Main memory is stored to the serial storage device, and the system pauses awaiting further instructions. At this point you may start up the system using any of the system startup options.

NOTE: Entering a CNTL Y from the console causes SDF to abort the current command and read all remaining commands from the console.

For Series 30/33

Operator Function: Dumping Main Memory

- Mount a serial disc or magnetic tape on a logical device specified by the device class DDUMP, then place the drive on-line.
- On the System Front Panel, set the DUMP (Series 30) or MEMORY DUMP (Series 33) thumbwheel switch to the octal value of the DRT number (channel address and device address) of the system disc.
- From the System Front Panel, press the DUMP (Series 30) or MEMORY DUMP (Series 33) key.

OR

From the System Console, press the DUMP key while pressing the CNTL key. (Be sure the Front Panel keys are enabled.)

 At this point, SDF will attempt to serially execute a file (SDFCOM) containing ASCII formatted commands (which are located on the system disc) until a WARMSTART command is encountered.

The Software Dump Facility is loaded and the following message appears on the console:

SOFTWARE DUMP FACILITY (VER XX.XX/XX)

and the system halts.

Insert or mount a serial storage device, place the drive on-line and press the RUN key. This will initiate the dump to the device previously specified in the device class DDUMP. Main memory is stored to the serial storage device, and the system pauses awaiting further instructions. At this point you may start up the system using any of the system startup options.

NOTE: Entering a CNTL Y from the console causes SDF to abort the current command and read all remaining commands from the console.

DPAN4 (DUMP ANALYZER)

To Invoke:

:RUN DPAN4[.groupname.acctname] [;PARM=10]

Note: Entering PARM=10 initiates the interactive dialogue between you and DPAN4. For more information, consult the MPE System Utilities Reference Manual (Part No. 30000-90044).

Respond with tape number to message:

?!O/time/ $\#{J \atop S}$ jsnum/pin/LDEV#FOR "MDUMP"

ON TAPE (NUM).

DPAN4 output is transmitted to \$STDLIST unless run from session; then output is to DEV=LP.

If you print a dump on a system which is different from the one on which the dump was taken, make certain that you have a copy of the original (dump system) LOADMAP file, Enter a :FILE command:

:FILE LOADMAP.PUB.SYS= dumploadmap.grp.acct

then run DPAN4.

Section III

EDIT, FCOPY, SORT, MERGE

```
Operation
: FDITOR
  or
:FILE name;DEV= { Idev
:EDITOR *name
  or
:FILE EDTTEXT=name
:RUN EDITOR.PUB.SYS, BASICENTRY
Commands
        Note: In these commands, "IN", "TO", and "BY" can be
        replaced by commas".".
/ADD [Q] [linenumber] [,HOLD [Q] [,NOW] ]
/BEGINIQ1
/CHANGE[Q] {col [/col] } TO string [IN rangelist]
/COPY[Q] range TO linenumber [BY increment]
/DELETE(Q) [rangelist]
END EXIT
/FIND(Q)
           range
        Note: Second position in range is upper bound.
/GATHER[Q] ∫ range TO linenumber ↑ [BY increment] 
ALL [TO linenumber] ∫
/HOLD[Q][range[_APPEND]]
        Note: Null range implies clear hold file.
```

/INSERT[Q] position[BY increment] [,HOLD[Q][,NOW]]

EDIT

```
JOIN[Q]
           filename
       [TO linenumber]
       [BY increment] [[,] UNNUMBERED]
       Note: flinenumber and #filerecnum applies to filename.
       Linenumber applies to workfile.
| KEEP[filename] [(range)] [,UNNUMBERED] | | KEEPQ filename
       Note: O-option does not allow (range) and UNNUMBERED.
/LIST[Q] [range] [,UNNUMBERED] [,OFFLINE]
                        [,TRANSLATE] [,NOTEXT)
/MODIFY[Q] [rangelist]
/NoT
/OR
/PROCEDURE [procedurename, SP [,rangelist]]
/Q string
```

/REPLACE[O] [rangelist] [,HOLD[O] [,NOW]]

/SET optionlist

Note: Options are separated by commas.

options: FROM=linenumber DELTA=increment LENGTH=colnum RIGHT=colnum

TIME[S] = integer SIZE = integer
LINES = maxlines TABCHAR [= string]

[LONG | FEAR | DISPLAY | FIXED | VARIABLE |

[POLL | FORMAT= DEFAULT | COBOL |

TABS[=(colnum[,colnum]...)]
NOTABS

 $/\mathsf{TEXT}\left[\mathsf{file}\left[\left(\left\{\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{linenum/linenum}\\ \mathsf{\#recnum}/\mathsf{\#recnum}\\ \end{array}\right\}\right)\right] \; (\mathsf{,UNNUMBERED})\right]$

/USE [file]

/VERIFY optionlist

Note: optionlist includes all SET command keywords, plus TOTAL, FILES, and ALL.

WHILE (FLAG)

Note: To find all locations of string in a text file and allow user to modify lines in textfile, enter:

WHILE FIND "string" MODIFY*

/XPLAIN command [,OFFLINE]

/YES

EDIT

/Z ::=

Note: Use to set up a command parameter string. Then use Z:: embedded within a command to invoke this string.

/: MPE command

Note: MPE commands may be passed in this way only if they are programmatically executable.

Notes:

- Example linenumber: 1, 20, 30.5,9.999, FIRST, LAST, *(current line)
- Example ranges: 20, 20/30, ALL,FIRST/20,*/LAST, "ABCD" (next occurrence)
- 3. Syntax for rangelist: range, range, . . .
- 4. Only first letter of command name is required.
- Q option means QUIET, except in KEEPQ(quick) and Q command(display)
- 6. GATHER ALL renumbers the textfile.
- To put many commands on a line, separate them with semicolons(;).
- 8. Formal file designator is EDTLIST.

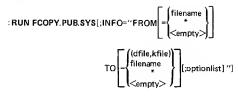
Selecting Subsets of Records

```
:SUBSET = "character string" [,[column] [,EXCLUDE]]] = #pattern[ist#[,[column] [,EXCLUDE]]] = (range [;...]])
```

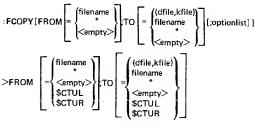
Note: Record numbers start with 0. Column numbers start with 1.

FCOPY (File Copier)

Operation



or



Specifying Carriage Control

CCTL NOCCTL

Deblocking Records [;DEBLOCK=logical-record-length]

Copying Multiple Tape Files
$$FILES = \begin{cases} number of files \\ ALL \end{cases}$$

Translating Code

Omitting User Labels [;NOUSERLABELS]

FCOPY

Shifting [:UPSHIFT]

Skipping EOF

Ignoring errors [:IGNERR [=number-of-errors]]

Creating new file [;NEW]

Verifying copy [:VERIFY[=number-of-errors]]

[:COMPARE[=number-of-errors]] Comparing from file with to file

numerical codes

Displaying Characters
$$\left[; \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{CHAR} \\ \mathsf{CLEAR} \\ \mathsf{KANA} \end{array} \right\} \left[; \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \mathsf{HEX} \\ \mathsf{OCTAL} \end{array} \right\} \right] \left[; \mathsf{NORECNUM} \right]$$

Determine Sequence for [;KEY=character location] copying KSAM file

Copy Data from KSAM file [;NOKSAM]

Examples

3 DISC FILES TO TAPE

:FILE T,DEV=TAPE
:RUN FCOPY,PUB.SYS
>FROM = file1;TO=*T
>FROM = file2;TO=*T;SKIPEOF=,2
>FROM = file3;TO=*T;SKIPEOF=,3
>EXIT

(this requires 3 = REPLYs)

3 FILES FROM TAPE TO DISC

To copy back from tape —
:RUN FCOPY.PUB.SYS
>FROM=*T:TO=fileA;NEW
>FROM=*;TO=fileB;SKIPEOF=+1;NEW
>FROM=*;TO=fileC;SKIPEOF=+1;NEW
>EXIT
(this assumes all files are same recsize)

SORT

Operation

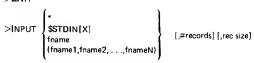
:RUN SORT.PUB,SYS

Commands

>ALTSEO modspec1[_modspec2] ...[_modspecN]

>END

>EXIT



Note: Formal file designator is INPUT

>KEY keyspec1[;keyspec2]...[;keyspecN]

Notes:

keyspec=position,length{,type} [,DESC]
type may be BYTE,INT,DOUBLE,REAL,LONG,PACKED,
PACKED*,DISPLAY-TRAILING-SIGN, DISPLAYLEADING-SIGN, DISPLAY-TRAILING-SIGNSEPARATE, or DISPLAY-LEADING-SIGN-SEPARATE

$$>$$
OUTPUT
$$\begin{cases} filename \\ * \\ \$STDLIST \end{cases} [,NUM] [,KEY]$$

Note: Formal file designator is OUTPUT

> RESET

>SHOW | SEQUENCE[,OFFLINE] | TABLE[,OFFLINE] | NOSEQUENCE | NOTABLE

>VERIFY

>:[mpe command]

LIST File

Formal file designator is LIST

TEXT File

Formal file designator is TEXT

DISPLAY File

Formal file designator is DISPLOUT

INPUT File

Formal file designator is INPUT

OUTPUT File

Formal file designator is OUTPUT

```
Intrinsics
                           IA
SORTINIT
               (inputfiles, outputfiles, outputoption, reclen,
                 DV
                         IV
                               IA IA
               numrecs,numkeys,keys,altseq,keycompare,
                                L
               errorproc, statistics, failure, errorparm,
               spaceallocation,parm1,parm2);
                      ١V
SORTINPUT
              (record,length);
                 LA IV
SORTOUTPUT (record,length);
SORTEND:
                  IΑ
SORTSTAT
              (statistics):
SORTTITLE:
                             BA
                        Iν
SORTERRORMESS (errorcode,message,length);
                           IV IV
                                            IV DV
SORTINITIALF (inputfile,outputfile,outputoption,reclen,numrecs,
                       IA P
                  IV
               numkeys, keys, errorsproc, keycompare, statistics,
                       0-V
               failure):
                                    IV IV DV
                         ΙV
SORTINITIAL
              (inputfile, output option, reclen, numrecs,
               numkeys,keys,errorproc,keycompare,statistics,
                      O-V
```

failure):

Operation

RUN MERGE PUB SYS

Commands

>ALTSEQ modspec1[,modspec2] . . . [,modspecN]

>END

>EXIT

$$>$$
INPUT $\begin{cases} SSTDIN \\ filename1, filename2 \end{cases}$ [,filename3]...[,filenameN]

>KEY keyspec1[;keyspec2] . . . [;keyspecN]

Notes:

keyspec=position,length[,type] [,DESC]
type may be BYTE,INT,DOUBLE,REAL,LONG,PACKED,
PACKED*,DISPLAY-TRAILING-SIGN, DISPLAYLEADING SIGN, DISPLAY-TRAILING-SIGNSEPARATE, or DISPLAY-LEADING-SIGN-SEPARATE

$$>$$
OUTPUT $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{filename} \\ \text{$STDLIST} \end{array} \right\}$ [,num records] [,KEY]

Note: Formal file designator is OUTPUT

>RESET

>VFRIFY

>: [mpe command]

MERGE

IV BA I
MERGEERRORMESS(errorcode,message,length);

IV IA IV IV IV
MERGE (numinputfiles,inputfiles,outputfile,keysonly,numkeys,
IA P P P LP
keys,preprocessor,postprocessor,errorproc,keycompare,
IA L O-V
statistics,failure);

MERGE

LIST FILE

Formal file designator is LIST

TEXT FILE

Formal file designator is TEXT

DISPLAY FILE

Formal file designator is DISPLOUT

INPUT FILE

Formal file designator is INPUT

OUTPUT FILE

Formal file designator is OUTPUT

Intrinsics

IA P IA P MERGEINIT (inputfiles,preprocessor,outputfiles,postprocessor,

LV IV IA IA LP keysonly,numkeys,keys,altseq,keycompare,

P IA L I errorproc, statistics, failure, errorparm,

spaceallocation,parm1,parm2);

LA I MERGEOUTPUT (record, length);

MERGEEND;

IΑ

MERGESTAT (statistics);

MERGETITLE;

Section IV

IMAGE, QUERY

SCHEMA Processor

Operation

:RUN DBSCHEMA.PUB.SYS[;PARM=n]

where

n = 1

if an actual file designator has been equated to DBSTEXT

n = 2

if an actual file designator has been equated to DBSLIST

n = 3

if actual file designators have been equated to both DBSTEXT and DBSLIST.

File Designators:

File	Use	Formal File Designator	Default Actual File Designator
textfile	Schema and Schema Processor commands	DBSTEXT	\$STDINX
listfile	output listing	DBSLIST	\$STDLIST

Commands

SPAGE [["character-string"],...]

\$CONTROL[LIST | [,ERRORS=nnn] [,LINES=nnnnn]

ROOT ,TABLE ,NOTABLE ,NOTABLE

STITLE [["character-string"],...]

SCHEMA Structure

```
REGIN DATA BASE data base name:
PASSWORDS: password part
ITEMS: item part
SETS: set part
END
The form of the password part is:
         user class number [password];
         user class number [password];
The form of the item part is:
         item name. [sub-item count] type designator
         [sub-item length] [fread class list/write class list)];
The form of the set part for Master Data Sets is:
       \left\{ \begin{matrix} \text{NAME:} \\ \text{N:} \end{matrix} \right\}_{\text{set name,}} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \text{MANUAL} \\ \text{M} \\ \text{AUTOMATIC} \\ \text{A} \end{matrix} \right\}
        item name [{path
                                          [(path count)];
The form of the set part for Detail Data Sets is:
        item name [([!] master set name
                                       [(sort item name)])]
        [(sort if CAPACITY:) | maximum entry count;
```

DRI OAD

Operation

[:FILE DBLOAD [=filename] [;DEV=device]]

:RUN DBLOAD.PUB.SYS

WHICH DATA BASE? data base name[/maintenance word]

DATA SET 1: x ENTRIES

•

END OF VOLUME m,y READ ERRORS RECOVERED DATA BASE LOADED

END OF PROGRAM

DBRECOV

Operation

:RUN DBRECOV.PUB.SYS

Commands

```
>CONTROL param [, param. , , ]
```

param may be:

ABORTS, EOF=nnnn, ERRORS=nnnn, MODEX, MODE4, NOABORTS, NOSTAMP, NOSTATS, NOSTORE, STAMP, STATS, STOPTIME=mm/dd/yy hh:mm, or STORE

>EXIT

>FILE fileref.userref[.rmode.fmode]

>PRINT | DBTABLE |

>RECOVER data base name[/maintenance_word]
[.group[.account]]

>RUN

DBRESTOR

Operation

```
[:FILE DBRESTOR[=filename] [:DEV=device] [:NDBUF]]
:RUN DBRESTDR.PUB.SYS
WHICH DATA BASE? data base name(/maintenance word]
DATA BASE RESTDRED
END DF PROGRAM
```

DBSTORE

Dperation

```
[: FILE DBSTD RE[=filename] [;DEV=device] [:NOBUF]]
:RUN DBSTORE.PUB.SYS
WHICH DATA BASE? data base name [/maintenance word]
DATA BASE STORED
END OF PROGRAM
```

DBUNLOAD

Operation

WHICH DATA BASE? data base name[/maintenance word]
DATA SET 1:x ENTRIES



END OF VOLUME m, y, WRITE ERRORS RECOVERED
DATA BASE UNLOADED
END OF PROGRAM

DBUTIL

Operation

:RUN DRUTIL.PUB.SYS

Commands

ACTIVATE data-base-access file name

CREATE data base name [/maintenance word]

DEACTIVATE data-base-access file name

data base name [/maint word] FO DISABLE

LOGGING RECOVERY ACCESS

data base name[/maintenance word] ERASE

EXIT

ENABLE

HELP [commandname]

PURGE data base name [/maintenance word]

SET data base name [/maint word]

MAINT = maintenance word

BUFFSPECS = num buffers (from-users/to-users) num buffers (from-users/to-users)] . . .

LOGID = log identifier

PASSWORD classnum=[password]

SHOW data base name[/maint word]

MAINT
ALL
BUFFSPECS
LOCKS
USERS
LOGID
FLAGS
PASSWORDS

(OFFLINE)

VERIFY data-base-access file name

Intrinsics

FORTRAN

Calling an IMAGE procedure:

COBOL CALL "name" USING parameter,parameter,...,

parameter

CALL name (parameter, parameter, . . ., parameter)

SPL name (parameter,parameter , , , , parameter)

BASIC linenumber CALL name (parameter, parameter

, , , , parameter)

Note: ALL parameters are required.

DBBEGIN (base_text_mode_status_textlen);

lor Al

DBCLOSE (base, dset, mode, status);

DBCONTROL (base,qualifier,mode,status);

l or

DBDELETE A A I A (base,dset,mode,status);

DBEND A A I A I DBEND (base,text,mode,status,textlen);

A A I
DBERROR (status,buffer,length);

DBEXPLAIN (status);

Note: The base, qualifiers dset, and password parameters, if required for the procedure which put the results in the status area, must be unchanged when the call is made to DREXPLAIN.

l or l or A A A A DBFIND (base,dset,mode,status,item,argument);

IMAGE DBGET

I or A A I A A A A or DI (base.dset.mode.status.list.buffer.argument);

Reading methods:

mode 1 Re-read

mode 2 Serial read

mode 3 Backward serial read

mode 4 Directed read mode 5 Chained read

mode 6 Rackward chained read

mode 7 Calculated read

mode 8 Primary calculated read

Status array contents (if successful):

word 1 0

word 2 Integer word length of the logical entry read

into the buffer array.

words 3-4 Doubleword record number of the data entry

read.

words 5-6 Doubleword zero, unless the entry read is a primary entry in which case it is the number

of entries in the synonym chain.

words 7-8 Doubleword record number of the preceding entry in the chain of the current path.

words 9-10 Doubleword record number of the next entry in the chain of the current path.

I or A A I A A (base,qualifier,mode,status,buffer);

DBINFO

DBLOCK

A A or I I A (base,qualifier,mode,status);

Locking modes:

mode 1 Data base, unconditional

mode 2 Data base, conditional

mode 3 Data set, unconditional mode 4 Data set, conditional

mode 5 Data entries, unconditional

mode 6 Data entries, conditional

Status array word 1	contents (if successful): 0
word 2	The number of lock descriptors that were successfully applied in the DBLOCK request. For successful locks in modes 1 through 4 this will be 1.
word 3	If condition word = 20, this word contains 0 if data base locked, 1 if data set or entries locked.
word 4	Reserved: Contents undefined.
words 5-10	Information about the procedure call and its results. (See Appendix A of the IMAGE Data Base Management Reference Manual, part no. 32215-90003.)

A A I A I DBMEMO (base,text,mode,status,textlen);

A A I A
DBOPEN (base,password,mode,status);

Access Mode	Associated Capabilities	Concurrent Modes Allowed
1	modify with enforced locking. Allow concurrent modify	1,5
2	update, allow concurrent update	2,6
3	modify exclusive	none
4	modify, allow concurrent read	6
5	read, allow concurrent modify	1,5
6	read, allow concurrent modify	6 and either 2, one 4, or 8.
7	read, exclusive	none
8	read, allow concurrent read	6,8
DBPUT	l or A A I A A (base,dset,mode,status,list,b I or	A uffer);
DBUNLOC	A A I A K (base,dset,mode,status);	
DBUPDAT	l or A A I A A E (base,dset,mode,status,list,b	A uffer);

Intrinsics Exceptional Conditions

Condition Code	Condition	Returned by:
10	Beginning of file	DBGET
11	End of file	DBGET
12	Directed beginning of file	DBGET
13	Directed end of file	DBGET
14	Beginning of chain	DBGET
15	End of chain	DBGET
16	Data set full	DBPUT
17	No master entry	DBFIND
17	No entry	DBGET, DBUPDATE, DBDELETE
1B	Broken chain	DBGET
20	Data base locked or contains locks	DBLOCK, modes 2,4,6
22	Data set locked by another process.	DBLOCK, modes 4,6
23	Entries locked within set.	DBLOCK, mode 4
24	Item conflicts with cur- rent locks.	DBLOCK, mode 6
25	Entries already locked.	DBLOCK, mode 6
41	Critical item	DBUPDATE
42	Read only item	DBUPDATE
43	Duplicate search item value	DBPUT
44	Chain head	DBDELETE
50	Buffer too small	DBGET, DBINFO
51	Insufficient stack for BIMAGE temporary buffer	XDBGET, XDBPUT, XDBUPDATE,
52	Invalid number of parameters	XDBINFO

Candition Code	Condition	Returned by:
53 54	Invalid parameter Status array too small	XDBGET, XDBPUT, XDBUPDATE, XDBINFO
60	Data base access disabled	DBOPEN
61	This data base opened more than 63 times by same process	DBOPEN
	DBCB full	DBGET,DBPUT, DBUPDATE DBLOCK DBBEGIN DBEND DBMEMO
63	Bad DBCB	all intrinsics
64	PCBX data segment area full	DBOPEN
66	The current DBCB for the data base does not appear correct (IMAGE internal error)	
. 71	Logging is disabled	DBMEMO
1xx	Missing chain head	DBPUT
2xx	Full chain	
3xx	Full master	

QUERY

Operation

RUN OUFRY, PUB.SYS

Commands:

>ADD[,] data set name

>ALTER procedure name

QUERY prompts for insert, replace, delete, or end statements by printing >>. Each statement operates on a range of lines, where m is the first line number and n is the last line number, n must be greater than or equal to m, and m must be greater than or equal to 1. Neither m nor n may exceed the total number of lines in the procedure.

Insert statement >> /I.m

Replace statement >> /R,m[,n]

>> replacement

Delete statement >> /D. m[.n]

End statement >> /E

> Note: Terminating the ALTER command with a Y^C causes cancellation of the entire command; the procedure remains in its original state.

option = ON > ASSIGN

CREATE SPACE

> CREATE procedure name, filename command

> DATA-BASE = data base name

> DATA-SETS =[data set list]

> DEFINE

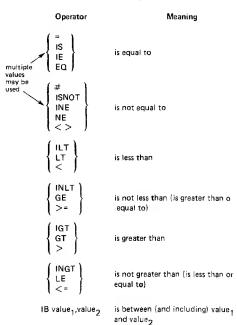
- > DELETE
- > DESTROY procedure name
- > DISPLAY procedure name { ,m[,n] ,filename }
- > DISPLAY LIST
- > EXIT

$$> FIND$$
 relation $\left\{ { {AND} \atop {OR}} \right\}$ relation . . . $\left[{END} \right]$

where relation takes the form:
[data set name.] data item name relop "value"[,"value". . .]

QUERY

Relational Operators



QUERY

Access Mode	Associated Capabilities	Concurrent Modes Allowed
1	modify with enforced locking. Allow concurrent modify	1,5
2	update, allow concurrent update	2, 6
3	modify exclusive	none
4	modify, allow concurrent read	. 6
5	read, allow concurrent modify	1, 5
6	read, allow concurrent modify	6 and either 2, one 4, or 8
7	read, exclusive	none
8	read, allow concurrent read	6, 8

- > PASSWORD = password
- > PROC-FILE = filename [,n]
- > RENAME old procedure name, new procedure name
- > REPLACE, data item name="value"; [data item name="value";...] END

> FIND ALL [data set name.] data item name

$$[\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathsf{AND} \\ \mathsf{OR} \end{array} \right] \text{ item identifier} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathsf{IS} \\ \mathsf{IE} \\ \mathsf{EQ} \\ \mathsf{EQ} \end{array} \right\} \text{"value"} \dots] [\mathsf{END}]$$

> FIND procedure name [,character]

> FORM data set name data item name SETS ITEMS PATHS

> HELP [command name] [FUNCTION] [FORMAT] [PARAMETERS]

 $\begin{array}{ll} > L\, \text{IST} & \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{data set name} \\ \text{data item list} \end{array} \right\} \\ & \left[\text{FOR relation} \left[\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{AND} \\ \text{OR} \end{array} \right\} \right. \text{ relation} \ldots \right] \right] \left[\text{END} \right] \end{array}$

See FIND command for definition of relation and relational operators.

> MOOE = mode number

QUERY

> R FPDRT report statements FND

QUERY prompts for statements by printing >>.

Statements:

Detail D [detail number], print element, print position

[,SPACE A[number]][,SPACE B[number]]

[,SKIP $\begin{Bmatrix} A \\ B \end{Bmatrix}$] [,E $\begin{Bmatrix} number \\ Z \end{Bmatrix}$]

Edit E number, "edit mask"

Group G level, print element, print position

[,SPACE A[number]] [,SPACE B[number]]

[,SKIP $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} A \\ B \end{array} \right\}$] [,E $\left\{ \begin{array}{c} number \\ Z \end{array} \right\}$]

H header number, print element, print position Header

[,SPACE A [number]][.SPACE B[number]]

LINES = integer NDPAGE [OUT =] LP Dutput Control

R number, SUBTRACT data element MULTIPLY Register

S[level],data item name [, {ASC DES }] Sort

Total T level, print element, print position

[,SPACE A[number]][,SPACE B[number]]

[,SKIP $\begin{Bmatrix} A \\ B \end{Bmatrix}$]
[,E $\begin{Bmatrix} number \\ Z \end{Bmatrix}$][, $\begin{Bmatrix} ADD \\ AVERAGE \\ CDUNT \end{Bmatrix}$]

DR T level, Rn

4-16

Statement Parameters

FUNCTION PARAMETER determines the rightmost print position print position (column number) for the print element, For character data, this is the rightmost character; for numeric data, it is the position of the least significant digit. Space number lines after printing the SPACE A[number] report line, If number is omitted, one line is spaced. Space number lines before printing the SPACE B [number] report line. If number is omitted, one line is spaced. is the number of lines to be spaced number (from 1 to 5) SKIP A Skin to the top of the next report page after printing the report line (SKIP A) or before printing the report line (SKIP B). E number indicates that either an edit mask defined

in the identically numbered edit state:
ment (Enumber) is to be used to punctuate a value or, if you use the letter Z,
that leading zeros are to be suppressed.
In the latter case, no edit statement is
required.

> R EPORT [output control statements*] ALL[,character]

> R EPORT [output control statements*] procedure name [,character]

> SHOW option

> UPDATE ADD, data set name

^{*}See REPORT command (above) for output control statements.

QUERY

- > UPDATE DELETE
- > UPDATE REPLACE, data item name = "value";[data item name = "value";...] END
- > UPDATE procedure name [,character]
- > VERSION
- > XEQ filename [,NODATA]

Section V

KSAM, V/3000

```
KSAMUTIL
```

Operation

:BUN KSAMUTIL PUBSYS

```
Commands
> BUILD filereference 1
     [;REC=[recsize][,[blockfactor][, F] [,BINARY] ]]]
    [:TEMP]
    [:DEV=device]
    [:CODE=filecode]
    [:DISC=[numrec] [.[numextents] [.initialloc]]]
    :KEYFILE=filereference 2
    :KEY=keytype,keylocation,keysize[,[keyblocking]
        [,DUPLICATE ]
     [;KEY=keytype,keylocation,keysize[,[keyblocking]
        FOUPLICATE 11
     [:KEYENTRIES=numentries]
     [;LABELS=numlabels]
     [:KEYDEV=device]
     1:FIRSTREC=recnum]
       Note: keytype may be: BYTE
                             INTEGER
                             DOUBLE
                             REAL
                             LONG
                             NUMERIC
```

filereference is an actual file designator

PACKED *PACKED

KSAM

>ERASE filereference

> E XIT

> HFIP

> K EYDUMP [filereference] [;SEO=keyseguence]

 $[SUBSET = \begin{cases} [-] position \\ "string" \end{cases} [number]$

[;FILE=formaldesignator] [;SORT]

[;OFFLINE]

> KEYINFO [filereference] [;OFFLINE] [;RECOVER]

> KEYSEQ [filereference] [;SEQ=keysequence] [;OFFLINE]

[;NOLIST]

> PURGE filereference[,TEMP]

> RENAME oldfilereference,newfilereference[,TEMP]

> SAVE [filereference]

> VERIFY [filereference] [;OFFLINE] [;NOCHECK]

SPL Intrinsics Format:

```
intrinsicname (parameterlist);
  or
  return:=intrinsicname (parameterlist);
  Example:
  FCLOSE(FILENUM, DISP, SECCODE);
  or
  LNGTH:=FREAD(FILENUM,TARGET,COUNT);
FCHECK
                (filenum, errorcode, tlog, blknum, numrecs);
                Condition Codes: CCE, CCL
                                         ı٧
FCLOSE
                (filenum, disposition, seconde);
                Condition Codes: CCE, CCL
                Note: disposition (12:1) should = 0 for KSAM files
                                  ıν
FCONTROL
                (filenum, controlcode, param);
                Condition Codes: CCE, CCL
                Note: controlcode value for KSAM files may be:
                       2 ~ Complete all I/O
                       5 - Rewind File
                       6 -Write MPE EOF
                       7 - Clear buffers
                       The param parameter included for compati-
                       bility only
```

KSAM

SPL Intrinsics (continued) IΑ FERRMSG (errorcode, msqbuf, msqlnth); FFINDBYKEY (filenum, keyvalue, keylocation, keylength, relop); Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL FFINDN (filenum, number, keylocation); Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL IV BA L L I (filenum, filename, foptions, aoptions, recsize, **FGETINFO** devtype, Idnum, hdaddr, filecode, recptr, eof, D D D I L flimit, logcount, physcount, blksize, extsize, numextents, userlabels, creatorid, labaddr); Condition Codes: CCE, CCL Note: filename parameter must be 27 bytes long. FGETKEYINFO (filenum, ksamparam, ksamcontrol); Condition Codes: CCE, CCL FLOCK (filenum, lockcond);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FOPEN

I BA LV filenum := FOPEN (formaldesignator, foptions,

LV IV BA BA IV aoptions, recsize, device, ksamparam, userlabels,

IV IV DV IV blockfactor, numbuffers, filesize, numextents,

IV IV O-V initialloc, filecode);

_	
-	
o	
T	
=	
-	
O	
=	
==	

(0:4)	(4:1)	(5:1)	(6:1)	(7:1)	(8:2)	(10:3)	(13:1)	(14:2)
Reserved	KSAM File	Disatlow :FILE	Reserved	Cerriage Control	Record Format	Default Designetor	ASCII/ Binary	Domain
	O≡not a new KSAM file 1≡new KSAM file or opened as MPE file	0≒Allow :FILE 1≡No :FILE		0≡NOCCTL	00≡Fixed 01≡Variable	000≡filename	0≘Binary 1≘ASCII	00≡New file 01≡Old Permanent File 10≡Old Temporary File 11≡Old Perm. or Temp. File

(0:3)	(3:1)	(4:1)	(5:3)	(8:2)	(10:1)	(11:1)	(12:4)
Reserved	KSAM Access	No-Wait 1/O	Reserved	Exclusive Access	Dynamic Locking	Reserved	Access Type
	0≡KSAM access 1≡non- KSAM access	0 <u>≔</u> No-Wait		00≡Default 01≡Exclusive 10≡Exclusive Access Read 11≡Shere	0≡No FLOCK Allowed 1≡ FLOCK Allowed		0 000≅Read Only 0 001≅Write only 0 010≅Write (save) only 0 011≅Append only 0 100≅Read write 0 101≅Update 0 110≊Execute

```
KSAM
```

FPOINT (filenum, recnum);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FREAD

| IV LA IV | Igth: = FREAD (filenum, target, tcount);

Condition Codes CCE, CCG, CCL

FREADBYKEY

I IV LA IV BA lgth: = FREADBYKEY (filenum, target, tcount, keyvalue,

IV keylocation);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FREADC

| IV LA IV | Igth: = FREADC (filenum, target, tcount);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FREADDIR

IV LA IV DV (filenum, target, tcount, recnum);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV LA IV IV O-V FREADLABEL (filenum, target, tcount, labelid);

Condition Codes: CCE CCG, CCL

FREMOVE (filenum);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FSETMODE (filenum, modeflags);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

Note: Only bit 14 of modeflags is used:

(14:1) = 1 - Verify output = 0 - Do not verify output

KSAM

FSPACE (filenum, displacement);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV

FUNLOCK (filenum);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV LA IV

FUPDATE (filenum, target, tcount);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FWRITE (filenum, target, tcount, control);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV LA IV IV O-V FWRITELASEL (filenum, target, tcount, labelid);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

HP32208

D

version:= HP32208

KSAM

COBOL Procedures

Format: CALL "procedurename" USING parameterlist

Example: CALL "CKREAD" USING FILETBL, STAT, REC.

RECSIZE.

CKCLOSE filetable status

CKDELETE filetable status

CKERROR status result

CKLOCK filetable status lockcond

CKOPEN filetable status

CKOPENSHR filetable status

CKREAD filetable status record recordsize

CKREADBYKEY filetable status record key keyloc recordsize

CKREWRITE filetable status record recordsize

CKSTART filetable status relop key keyloc keylength

CKUNLOCK filetable status

CKWRITE filetable status record recordsize

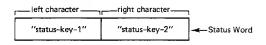
Note: All parameters are required, and must be separated by at least one space.

filetable parameter:

Word

1	filenumber				
2					
3	filename (8 characters)				
4					
5					
6	input-output type				
7	access mode				
8	lock/unlock	previous operation			

status parameter:



If left character of status (status-key-1) equals:	Then right character of status (status-key-2) may equal:
"0" (successful completion	"0" (no further information)
	"2" (duplicate key)
"1" (at end)	"0" (no further information)
"2" (invalid key)	"1" (sequence error)
	"2" (duplicate key)
	"3" (no record found)
	"4" (boundary violation)
"3" (request denied)	"0" (lock denied)
	"1" (unlock denied)
"9" (file system error)	"n" where n is the MPE file system error code.

KSAM

BASIC Procedures

Format: statement label CALL procedurename (parameters)

Example: 250 CALL BKCLOSE(FILENUM,STAT)

BKCLOSE filenum, status

BKDELETE filenum, status

BKERROR status, message

BKLOCK filenum, status, condition

BKOPEN filenum, status, filename, access, dynamic lock, exclusive, sequence

BKREAD filenum, status, parameterlist

BKREADBYKEY filenum, status, keyvalue, keylocation, parameterlist

BKREWRITE filenum, status, parameterlist

BKSTART filenum, status, keyvalue, keylocation, relation

BKUNLOCK filenum, status

BKVERSION status, message

BKWRITE filenum, status, parameterlist

Note: parameterlist is a list of variables into which data is read (BKREAD, BKREADBYKEY) or a list of variables or constants containing data to be written (BKREWRITE, BKWRITE).

status parameter:

FIRST CHARACTER	REMAINING CHARACTERS
"0" successful completion	"0" no further information
	"2" duplicate key value
"1" at end or beginning of file	"O" no further information
"2" invalid key	"1" sequence error
	"2" duplicate key error
	"3" no record found
	"4" boundary violation
"7" request denied	"1" file already locked
"8" invalid call	"1" invalid number of parameters
	"2" invalid parameter
	"3" insufficient space for data in parameterlist
"9" file system error	"0" through "255" corresponding to file system error codes

KSAM

FORTRAN Procedures

Format: CALL procedurename (parameters)

Example: CALL FCLOSE(FILENO,DISP,CODE)

or

CKCLOSE(FILETAB,STAT)

Note: FORTRAN may call either the SPL intrinsics or the

COBOL procedures.

FORMSPEC

:RUN FDRMSPEC.PUB.SYS

Function Keys

f1	f2	f3	f4
PREV FDRM	NEXT FORM	FIELD TOGGLE	REFRESH
PREV	NEXT	MAIN/RESUME	EXIT
f5	f6	f7	f8

Identifiers

Forms File: data file name: filename[/lockword] [.groupname[.accountname]]

key file name: filename

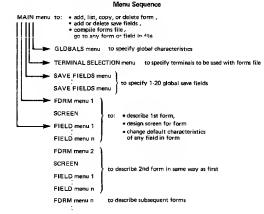
Form Name: 1-15 character uppercase name unique to forms file; 1st character A-Z,

other characters A-Z, 0-9, or underline (_)

Field Tag: Upper or lowercase field identifier unique to form; entered within field

delimiters; otherwise, like form name

Field Name: Uppercase field tag or alternate field name unique to form; specified exactly like form name



Screen Design

Field Delimiters: Printing: start field = [(open bracket) stop field =] (close bracket)

Non-printing: start field = CNTL/f2 or ESC [stop field = CNTL/f3 or ESC]

Field Tag: Upper or lowercase name within field delimiters Field Length: Number of characters within field delimiters

Unprotected Field Determined by default or global specifications; may be changed for individual fields on Field menu Enhancement:

Protected Area Use terminal enhancement codes: CNTL/f1 followed by upper-

Enhancement: case letter for enhancement;

> A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O х Half Bright $x \times x \times x$ $x \times x \times x$ Underline x x х х X X x x Inverse Video x х х x Blinking

or @ to clear enhancement

Global Definitions

Head form: Any form name; default = 1st form in file

Enhancement = Inverse Video U = Underline

B = Blinking H = Half Bright S = Security

NONE = no enhancements

Default Field = IH (Inverse Video, Half Bright) Error = IU (Inverse Video, Underline) Window = IH (Inverse Video, Half Bright) Enhancements:

Any screen line number from 1-24 or zero for no window default = line 24 Window Line:

(bottom line)

Define Function Key Y = obtain the Global Function Key Labels Menu to change the function key

labels. To retain the default Global labels, leave this field blank. Labels:

Form Definition

Any form name unique to forms file Form Name:

Next Form Name: Any form name in file, or \$END, \$HEAD, \$RETURN.

\$REFRESH

Repeat Option: N = do not repeat current form

A = repeat current form, appending to previous form
R = repeat current form, overlaying previous form

Next Form Option: C = clear current form before displaying next form

A = append next form to current form F = freeze current form, then append next form

Raproduced From: If you are generating a son form, enter the name of the parent form here.

(Optional.)

Comments:

Enter any comment up to 50 characters long.

Local Form Function Y = obtain the Form Functions Key Labels menu and change function key labels. To retain local default labels, leave this field blank. Kev Labels:

Form Function Key Labels

For each Function Key, enter the first line of the label in the first field and the Function Kev: second line of the label in the second field. Each field may contain up to eight

characters.

Global Function Key Labels

For each Function Key, enter the first line of the label in the first field and the Function Key:

second line of the label in the second field. Each field may contain up to

eight characters.

Field Definition

Field Number: Number assigned permanently to each field in order of initial

field definition, starting with 1

By default, upshifted field tag; may be changed to any upper-Field Name:

case field name unique to form

Field Type: O = Optional field; skip edit checks if blank (default)

R = Required field; error if blank

D = Display-only field; protected from operator entry P = Process field; perform edit checks even if blank

CHAR - Any ASCII characters allowed (default) Data Type:

NUM = Floating-point signed number, commas allowed

NUMn = Fixed-point signed number, maximum n decimal

places, commas allowed IMPn = Implied decimal point signed number, n decimal posi-

tions, commas allowed

DIG = Digits only allowed MDY = Date in order: month day year

DMY = Date in order: day month year YMD = Date in order, year month day

month = 1 or 2 digits in range 1-12, 3-letter abbreviation, or full name of month, correctly spelled,

day = 1 or 2 digits in range 1-31

year = 2 or 4 digits of legitimate year

separator = / or - or, or blank (if blank, month and day must be 2 digits)

Field Enhancement: I, B, U, H, S (in any combination) or NONE (default = IH)

Initial Value Any value that matches field's data type, length

Save Field Definition

Field name unique to forms file Save Field Name:

Save Field Data Type: Any legal type; CHAR, NUM, NUMn, IMPn, DIG, MDY, DMY,

or YMD

Save Field Length: Maximum number of characters in field

Initial Value: Any value of field's data type and within field length

Terminal Selection

Enter X in the fields by the terminals which will be used with the forms file. Default: the forms file will run on the 264X family and the 262X family, but local edits and security display enhancements on the 262X family will not be supported.

3075/76 Globals

Integer; number of seconds to retain a line of text on the screen. Split Message Pause: Wait for user to press Enter an "X" in this field to retain a line of text on the screen until user

Error light: Character; indicates which key's light will be turned on when errors are

enter:

HOLES/MARKS:

detected. (Oefault: E.)

presses "enter"

Tells whether multiple function reader will be reading cards with holes or

marks. (Default: holes.)

Corner Cut Required: Enter YES or NO. (Default: YES.)

Clock On/After/NONE Whether clocking marks occur at the same time as data, after the data, or

don't occur at all. (Default: NONE,)

Barcode Reader Format: Enter UPC, EAN, I39, I25, or MAT. (Default: UPC.)

Reserved Words

ALL	DISPLAY	125	LOCALEDITS	NONE	TRAILING
APPEND	EAN	139	LT	NOREPEAT	TYPEV
BARCODE	EL\$E	1F	MAGSTRIPE	OF	UPC
CAD	EQ	IN	MARKS	PRINTER	UPSHIFT
CDIGIT	FAIL	INIT	MAT	REPEAT	\$EMPTY
CENTER	FIELD	JUSTIFY	MATCH	RIGHT	SEND
CFORM	FILL	KEYBOARD	MFR	SET	SHEAD
CHANGE	FINISH	LARGECHAR	MINLEN	STOCHAR	SLENGTH
CLEAR	FREEZE	LE	NE	STOP	\$REFRESH
COD	GE	LEADING	NFORM	STRIP	SRETURN
CONFIG	GT	LEFT	NIN	THEN	\$STATE
CUT	HOLES	LIGHT	NOCUT	то	\$TODAY
DEVICE					

Operands

Field Name:	Name of existing field in current form
Save Field Name	Name of save field in current forms file

Constant: Character, numeric, or date type value, or system defined

constant

Character Type: Any ASCII cheracters within single or double quotes (" or ")

Numeric Type: Digit string with optional leading sign and optional decimal point

Date Type: Any legal date format in order MDY, enclosed within exclama-

Date Type: Any legal date tion points (!)

System Defined: \$EMPTY (any data type) = null value

\$LENGTH (numeric type) = current field length \$STATE (character type) = 2-character state abbreviation

STODAY (date type) = today's date SEND (form name) = terminate forms SHEAD (form name) = first form SREFRESH (form name) = clear form

SREFRESH (form name) = clear form SRETURN (form name) = previous form Arithmetic Expression; Any numeric contants, fields, save fields, or index retrieve

operands in parentheses combined by the following operators:

+ (add) = (subtract) * (multiply) / (divide) % (percent of) Result of evaluating operand in form:

Index Retrieve: Result of evaluating operand in form: index DF elemant [[elemant]]. .

where index = numeric field, save field, or arithmetic expression

where index = numeric field, save field, or arithmetic expression element = constant, field, save field, or arithmetic expression. Enclosed within parentheses in edit statements or as operand in

arithmetic expression

Edit Statements:

$$\begin{cases} \text{IN} \\ \text{NIN} \end{cases} \begin{cases} \text{operand}[, \text{operand}] \dots \\ \text{lowoperand}[, \text{lowoperand}], \dots \end{cases} \\ \text{in message}^*$$

MATCH pattern ["message"]

Pattern Characters:

Each character in pattern is generic or actual, generic characters determine type of character to enter in that position, actual characters indicate exact character to enter in that position

Generic Characters:

- upper or lowercase letter (A-Z, a-z) uppercase letter (A-Z)
- lowercese letter (a-z) 1
- b blank (space)
- digit (0-9) d any character

Pattern Operators:

- Transparency (!d means enter "d", not a digit)
- Choice (a,d allows any letter or a digit)

- Croice (a) allows any letter of a light.
 Range (1:5 means enter one of the digits 1, 2, 3, 4, 5).
 Grouping Required ({a,d}allows 1 letter of 1 digit).
 Grouping Optional ({a,d} allows 1 letter, 1 digit, or nothing).
 Repetition Required (d+ means enter as many digits as desired).
- Repetition Optional (d* means enter as many digits as desired, or nothing)

Note: Pattern must not require leading or trailing blanks in data since such blanks are stripped before the match is executed.

MINLEN operand ["message"]

Form Sequence Statements:



FORMSPEC STATEMENTS

Config Statements:

Note: More than one option may be selected; separate options with commas.

```
LIGHT (A) [B] [C] ... [N] [O] [P]
```

Note: More than one character may be selected; separate characters with commas.

```
ALPHABETIC
ALPHA NUMERIC
CONSTANT
DEC_DIGITS n
DEC_TYPE_EUR
DEC_TYPE_US
MMP_DEC_FILL
INTEGER
INTEGER FILL
JUSTIFY
MUST_FILL
REQUIRED
SIGN_DEC_FILL
TRANSMIT_ONLY
UNRESTRICTED
USSHITT-ONLY
UNSHITTED
```

Note: More than one option may be selected; separate options with commas or blanks.

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Control Statements:

```
FAIL ["message"]
```

STOP

Conditional Statements:

Data Movement Statements

```
SET destination TO source destination TO source
```

source = field name

save field name constant arithmetro expression index retrieve operand

destination = field name save field name

Data Formatting Statements:

SET TO thisfield

Format entered data to default format according to data type:

Character type: No default formatting

Numeric types: Right justify, replace leading zeros with blanks, strip any commas; strip any plus sign or float minus sign; and depending on type

NUM - try to fit 9 decimal places, then strip trailing decimal zeros

NUMa - insert decimal point and if needed, fill all fractional positions with zeros IMPa - strip any decimal point and if needed, fill all fractional positions with zeros

Date types: Format as dd/dd/dd in order MDY, DMY, or YMD depending on field's date type; left justify, filling with blanks on right.

UPSHIFT

Conversion Between Data Types

Source Type			Destina	tion Type		
	CHAR	NUM	NUMn	(MPn	DIG	DATE
CHAR	truncate or pad with blanks on right	illega∤	illegal	illegal	illegal	illegal
Any Numeric Type	truncate or pad with blanks on	right justif pad trailin	fy; replace lea g blanks, strij	ding zeros w p any comma	ith blanks;	ıllegal
	right	try to fit 9 decimals places; round or truncate, insert decimal as needed	round or truncate fractions, insert decimal point as needed; fill trailing zeros	remove any decimal point; may strip leading fractional zeros	value must be positive, round to integer	
Any Date Type	truncate or pad with blanks on right	iliegal	ıliegal	illegal	ıllegal	left justify; pad trailing blanks; con- vert to dd/dd/dd in destination order

Phase Specifications

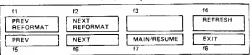
Config				· · · · · ·		
Initialize				INIT statements	(INIT) statements	[INIT] statements
Field Edit		[FIELD] statements	[FIELD] statements		FIELD statements	FIELD statements
Finish	FINISH statements		FINISH statements	FINISH statements		FINISH statements

Note: The Config phase is optional.

REFSPEC

:RUN REFSPEC.PUB.SYS





Identifiers

Reformat File: data file name: filename[/lockword] [.groupname[.accountname]]

key file name: filename

Forms File: Name of data file created through FORMSPEC

Reformat ld: 1st form name in each input forms sequence

Menu Sequence



Global Specifications

Output Record Format: F - Fixed-length records (default)

V - Variable-length records U · Undefined-length records

Record Length:

Specify total number of characters in output record: default = 80 characters

Upshift: Y - Shift letters to uppercase N - Do not shift letters (default)

Convert to EBCDIC: Y - Write output record in EBCDIC

N - Leave data in ASCII code (default)

Record Terminator:

Specify terminator for each output record as 1 or more constants.

Quoted string of ASCII characters; and/or

. Numeric equivalent of ASCII code preceded by \$; and/or

System constant:

\$LF - line feed \$CR - carriage return \$GS - group separator

\$US - unit separator \$R\$ - record separator

Field Separator:

Separate fields in output record with any of the constants listed above under Record Terminator

Reformat Specifications

Input Forms Sequence:

At least one and up to 10 form names; 1st name (reformat id) must be unique. Only data from forms in same order as forms in input forms sequence is reformatted.

Output Record:

Output Field

Mame each field, portion of field, or constant to be written to output record; input fields

must be in a form listed in associated input forms sequence.

Input Field Name of field in form in input forms sequence (required)

Substring Start 1st character (offset) in input field (optional)

Input Langth Number of characters in input field counting from column 1 of

field or Substring Start (optional)

Form Name Name of form containing input field (optional)

Unique name for output field (optional) Starting Column Column number in output record where output field starts (optional)

Number of characters in output field (optional)

Length Start of Record Character to indicate that this is 1st field, or constant in output

record (optional)

Constant Constant to be written to output record; may be constant listed

undar Record Terminator (optional)

Output Field:

Each field in output record may be formatted according to:

Data Type - Specify type to which data in input field is to be converted; default = CHAR

Allowed conversions are:

Any data type to CHAR Any numeric type to any numeric type

Any date type to any date type

V/3000

REFSPEC STATEMENTS



REFORMAT

:FILE REFFILE=reformatfile

Specify name of file containing reformat specifications entered by REFSPEC.

:FILE BATCH=batchfile :FILE OUTFILE=outputfile :FILE REFLIST;DEV=LP

Specify name of file containing data to be reformatted.

Specify name of file to which reformatted data is written.

List error messages on line printer, not at terminal (optional)

:FILE TESTLIST;OEV=LP List reformetted data (optional)

:RUN REFORMAT, PUBSYS Run program REFORMAT

VPUTBUFFER comarea, buffer, buflen

VPUTFIELD comarea, fieldnum, fieldbuf, buflen, actualen,

nextfldnum

VPUTtype comarea, fieldnum, variable VPUTWINDOW comarea, message, msglen

VREADBATCH comarea
VREADFIELDS comarea

VSETERROR comarea, fialdnum, message, msglen

VSETKEYLABEL comerea, formorglob, keynum, label

Note: formorglob = 0 sets global label; formorglob = 1 sets current form label.

VSETKEYLABELS comarea, formorglob, numoflabels, labels

Note: formorglob = 0 replaces global labels; formorglob = 1 replaces current form labels.

VSHOWFORM comarea

VUNLOADFORM comarea, whichform

VWRITEBATCH comeree

Procedures

Formats:

COROL: CALL "procedurename" USING parameterlist

FORTRAN: CALL procedurename (parameterlist)

SPL: procedurename (parameterlist);

BASIC: statement label CALL procedurename (parameterlist)

VCLOSEBATCH comarea
VCLOSEFORMF comarea
VCLOSETERM comarea

VERRMSG comarea, buffer, buflen, actualen

VFIELOEOITS comarea VFINISHFORM comarea

VGETBUFFER comarea, buffer, buflen

VGETFIELO comarea, fieldnum, fieldbuf, buflen, actualen,

nextfldnum

VGETFIELOINFO comarea, infobuf, infobuflen
VGETFILEINFO comarea, infobuf, infobuflen
VGETFORMINFO comarea, infobuf, infobuflen

VGETKEYLABELS comarea, formorglob, numoflabels, labels

Note: formorglob = 0 retrieves global labels; formorglob = 1 retrieves currem form labels.

VGETNEXTFORM comarea

VGETtype comarea, fieldnum, variable

Note: type may be INT, OINT, REAL, or

LONG

VINITFORM comarea

VLOAOFORMS comarea, numofforms, formsloaded, forms

Note: numofforms = -1: workspace configuration under user control. numofforms = 0: no local form storage, numofforms = 1 to 4: One to four

forms can be stored locally.

VOPENBATCH comarea, batchfile

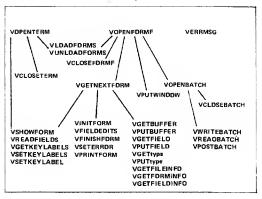
VOPENFORMF comarea, formfile

VOPENTERM comarea, termfile

VPOSTBATCH comarea

VPRINTFORM comarea, printcntl, pagecntl

Procedure Dependencies



Туре	Offs SPL	et Other	≠Words	Name	Content
1-word unsigned integer	31	32	1	LOOK'AHEAD	Form preload indicator. 0- ON - Preload the forms; 1- OFF - Do not preload the forms.
	32	33	1	DELETEFLAG	Flag to delete current batch record: FALSE (all zeros) – do not delete TRUE (all 1's) – delete record
	33	34	1	SHOWCONTROL	Override VSHOWFORM optimizations, bit 15=1 write form only to terminal, 14=1 write only data from buffer, 13=1 write only window line
	34	35	1	Reserved leave 1 wo	ord initialized to zero
1-word	35	36	1	PRINTFILNUM	MPE file = of VPRINTFORM list file
integer	36	37	1	FILERRNUM	MPE file error # returned by procedures
	37	38	1	ERRFILÊNUM	MPE file = at VIEW error message file
	38	39	1	FORM'STORE'SIZE	Number of forms in form storage buffer. -1 = Workspace configuration under user control: 0 = No local form storage, 14 = One to four forms can be stored locally.
	39	40	3	Reserved — leave 3 w	ords initialized to zero.
2-word integer	42	43	2	NUMRECS	Number of non-deleted records in batch file
	44	45	2	RECNUM	Record number of current batch record; records are counted from zero
	46	47	2	Reserved — leave 2 w	ords initialized to zero
Logical	48	49	1	FILEN	MPE file number of terminal
	49	50	5	Reserved — leave 5 w	ords initialized to zero
Logical	54	55	1	RETRIES"	Maximum number of retries. value = 0 use default (4 retries); value > 0 use this value as maximum value < 0 no retries
	55	56	1	OPTIONS*	Terminal control options: ons: O-B rearned to system use; 9-10 – OI enables ENTER/FCN key timeout; 11 or 00 disables ENTER/FCN key timeout; 11 or 00 disables AUTOREAD; 13-14 – OI enables AUTOREAD; 11 or 00 disables AUTOREAD, 15 – O disables AUTOREAD, 15 – O disables MITOREAD,

Type Offset SPL Other		≓Words	Name	Content	
Logical	56	57	1	ENVIRÓN	First byte = logical device number of terminal Second byte = reserved
	57	58	1	USER'TIME*	User-defined time-out length
	58	59	1	IDENTIFIER	Terminal type
	59	60	1	LAB'INFO	First byte = number of labels the terminal supports. Second byte = length of labels (characters).
	60	61	10	Reserved – leave 10 w	vords initialized to zero
	T	IIS AR	A REFERE	NCED ONLY WHEN US	SING HP 3075/76 TERMINALS.
Logical	70	71	,	NUM FLDS	Number of fields on current form.
1 word integer	71	72	1	SPLIT PAUSE	Length of time in seconds to pause between lines of text. Default: 3 seconds. —1 = wart for user to hit key. D = do not pause >0 = wait specified number of seconds.
	72	73	4	LEFT MODULE	Which, if any, module is present 0 = no module: 1 = printer: 2 = multi- function reader, 3 = RS232 interface, 4 = typev badge reader; 5 = magstripe reader: 6 = barcode reader; 7 = HP #B interface.
	73	74	1	RIGHT'MODULE	Which, if any, module is present: 0 = no module; 1 = printer, 2 = multi- function reader; 3 = RS23 interface; 4 = typev badge reader; 5 = magstripe reader; 6 = barcode reader; 7 = HP-IB interface.
	74	75	1	KEYBOARD	Keyboard type: 0 = standard keyboard (12 function keys); 1 = alphanumeric keyboard (28 function keys).
	75	76	1	DISPLAY	Terminal display type: 0 = numeric display; 1 = alphanumeric display; 2 = mini-CRT display.
	76	77	1	KEYBOARD OVER	Whether to override keyboard input -1 = Override and enable the keyboard without regard to forms design. 0 = Do not override (Default.)

ERROR LIGHT

First byte indicates which light will be turned on when an error is detected (Default: E.) Second byte is reserved.

Туре	Offs SPL	et Other	#Words	Name	Content
2-word integer	78	79	2	USER'LIGHTS'ON	Indicates whether additional lights will be turned on during run time. 0 = OFF; 1 = ON. (Debatt: OFF.) Workston 1: 1 in in tip position 0 = "g" light ON 1 in bit position 1 = "A" light ON 1 in bit position 1 = "A" light ON 1 in bit position 1 = "A" light ON 1 in bit position 2 = "8" light ON 1 in bit position 1 = "0" light ON Word 2: 1 in bit position 0 = "P" light ON Word 2: 1 in bit position 0 = "P" light ON The remaining bits are reserved.
80 81 6			6	Reserved – leave 6 w	ords initialized to zero

^{*}Not supported on the 3075/76 terminals.

COMAREA

Used by all V/3000 procedures, this area must be initialized to zero and COMAREALEN specified (currently 60 words) before 1st procedure call; if applicable, set LANGUAGE (except COBOL) and USRBUFLEN (BASIC).

Туре	Offs SPL	et Other	₩ords	Name	Content	
1-word	0	1	1	CSTATUS	Status or error code; 0=successful	
uncyer	1	2	1	LANGUAGE	0=COBOL; 1=BASIC, 2=FORTRAN; 3=SPL	
	2	3	1	COMAREALEN	Total length of COMAREA (in words)	
	3	4	1	USRBUFLEN	BASIC only: length of COMAREA extension	
	4	5	1	CMODE	0=Collect, 1=Browse/Modify	
	5	6	1	LASTKEY	Code of last key pressed at terminal. 0=ENTER 1=f1 2=f2 3=f3 4=f4 5=f5 6=f6 7=f7 8=f8	
	6	7	1	NUMERRS	Number of edit errors found in current form	
	7	8	1	WINDOWENH	ASCII code for window enhancement; initialized to FORMSPEC value, can be changed to particular code (see codes under screen design)	
	8	9	1	MULTIUSAGE	Next form flag 1=Son or brother to previous form; 0=Otherwise	
	9	10	1	LABEL OPTION	0=No labels are used; 1=Labels are to be used.	
Char- acter	10	11	8	CFNAME	Name of current form (15 characters)	
acter	18	19	8	NENAME	Name of next form (15 characters)	
1-word integer	26	27	1	REPEATAPP	Repeat/Append flag for current form; 0=Normal sequence, no repeat/append 1=Repeat current form 2=Repeat and append current form	
	27	28	1	FREEZAPP	Freeze/Append flag for next form: 0=Clear current form, display next 1=Append next form to current form 2=Freeze current form, append next	
	28	29	1	CFNUMLINES	Number of lines in current form	
	29	30	1	DBUFLEN	Total number of characters needed in data buffer for all concatenated fields (including display-only) in current form	
	30	31	1	Reserved - leave 1	word initialized to zero	

V/3000

Data Types

Data Type	Data Types for V/3000 Languages					
	COBOL	FORTRAN	BASIC	SPL		
1-word integer	COMP PIC S9 thru PIC S9(4)	INTEGER	INTEGER	INTEGER		
1-word unsigned integer	COMP PIC 9 thru PIC 9(4)	INTEGER	INTEGER (≤32767)	LOGICAL		
2-word integer	COMP PIC S9(5) thru PIC S9(9)	DOUBLE INTEGER	INTEGER	DOUBLE INTEGER		
character	DISPLAY PIC X(n)	CHARACTER	STRING	BYTE ARRAY		

RPG INTERFACE

H SPEC

Columns 7-14	Name of file for runtime error dump; if omitted, dump is sent to

terminal

F SPEC

Columns 7.14	Name of file assigned to WO	RKSTN device

Column 15 U - file must be type update

Column 16 D · file is demand file (usual for HP VIEW interface)

P · file is primary file

Column 19 V · record length must be variable

Columns 24-27 Record length; length of data in longest form plus 20 characters

for control

Columns 40-46 WORKSTN - required device class name for HP VIEW

Column 51 0-9 number of seconds for message display; default = 3

Column 52 B · enable break key; default is to disable break

Column 53 K · file continuation; 1 for each additional file

Columns 54-59 FORMS - forms file is used (required) BATCH - batch file is used (optional)

TRACE - trace file is used (optional)

Columns 60-74 File name of each continuation file

Event Codes

Event codes, indicating expected input, are entered in columns 27 and 33 of 1 SPEC; 1st digit in 27, 2nd in 33.

Event Code	Function	Response to Action
00	ENTER key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
01	f1 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
02	f2 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
03	f3 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
04	f4 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
05	f5 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
06	f6 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
07	f7 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
08	f8 key pressed at terminal	RDTERM 54
09	Read number of fields in error	EDITS 59 NUMERR 61
10	Read data from data buffer	GETDTA 64
11	Read record containing: • record = of batch record • mode (0=collect, 1=browse) • repeatapp or freezeapp status • next form name	(any except 54, 59, 61, 64, or 74)
12	Read length and contents of field from data buffer	GETFLD 74

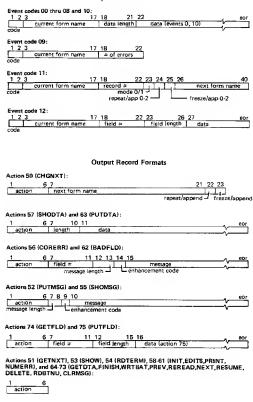
Action Codes

Action codes determine particular action to be taken; code or 6-character action mnemonic are entered in columns 33 through 42 of C SPEC.

Action Code	Mnemonic	Function		
50	CHGNXT	Specify next form name; repeat/append; freeze/append		
51	GETNXT	Get next form from forms file		
52	PUTMSG	Move message to window buffer in memory		
53	SHDW	Display current form, initial data, any message		
54	RDTERM	Read input from terminal to data buffer		
55	SHDMSG	Display message, any new data		
56	CDRERR	Display fields with errors, message for 1st error, read user response		
57	SHDDTA	Display data from user program buffer		
58	fNIT	Initialize fields in current form		
59	EDITS	Perform edits on fields in current form		
60	PRINT	Print current form/data on line printer		
61	NUMERR	Request arror status		
62	BADFLD	Request # of field that failed edit and message		
63	PUTDTA	Read data from user program to data buffer		
64	GETDTA	Write data in data buffer to user program		
65	FINISH	Perform final processing on current form		
66	WRTBAT	Write data in data buffer to batch file		
67 PREV		Read data from previous batch record to data buffar; place program in browse mode		
68 REREAD		In browse mode, read data from current batch record into data buffer		
69	NEXT	In browse mode, read data from next batch record into data buffer		
70	RESUME	Return to collect mode		
71	DELETE	In browse mode, delete current batch record		
72	RDSTNU	Read batch record identified by its record number		
73	CLRMSG CLRMSGI	Clear message from window buffer in memory Clear message from screen and window buffer in memory		
74	GETFLD	Locate data from specified field in data buffer		
75	PUTFLD	Transfer data from user program to specified field in data buffer		

V/3000

Input Record Formats



V/3000

ENTRY

:RUN ENTRY.PUB.SYS

Enter Forms File name and press RETURN:

Enter Batch File name and press RETURN:

Forms file is existing file containing form definitions

Batch file is new or existing MPE file name; may be fully qualified

Callect Mode:

f1	f2	f3	f4
HEAD FORM		PRINT	REFRESH
	NEXT FORM	BROWSE	EXIT
f5	f6	f 7	f8

Browse Mode:

f1		f3	f4
FIRST REC	DELETE REC	PRINT	REFRESH
PREV REC	NEXT REC	COLLECT	EXIT
f5	f6	f7	fB

Section VI

Utilities

UTILITIES

ASOCTABL

To input from an EDITOR file enter

:FILE INPUT = filename

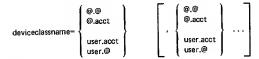
Default: Input from a terminal.

Then enter Operation

:RUN ASOCTABL.PUB.SYS

Capability: SM or SAVE and WRITE access to PUB.SYS.

Note: Format for input to EDITOR file:



DISKED2

Operation:

:RUN DISKED2.PUB.SYS

Commands:

>BASE abssector

>DEBUG

>DISC Idev

>DUMP [relsector] [,[numsectors] [,A]]

Note: At least one parameter must be specified with the DLIMP command.

>EXIT

>HELP

Utilities

> MODIFY sectornum, relwordaddr [,numwords]

>WIDTH

Defaults: relsector=0, numsectors=1, abssectors=0,

\$STDLIST, numwords=1

Capability: SM, PM

Note: Formal file designator - DEDILIST

DPAN4

Operation:

:RUN DPAN4.PUB.SYS [;PARM=10]

Respond with tape number to message:

?!0/time/# ${J \atop S}$ isnum/pin/LDEV # FOR "MDUMP" ON TAPE (NUM).

Optional Parameters:

PARM

MEANING

10

Initiate interactive dialogue,

Note: If PARM=10 is included, there will be a short pause before the interactive dialogue is initiated. Respond to the prompts with YES, NO, or ALL.

For more information about DPAN4 and the interactive dialogue, consult the MPE System Utilities Reference Manual (part no. 30000-90044).

Entry Points:

ENTRY POINT OPERATION

EIGHTLPI Print entire dump at 8 lines per inch.

(Make sure printer is set up for 8 lines

per inch.)

DPAN4 output is transmitted to \$STDLIST unless run from session then output is to DEV=LP.

If you print a dump on a system which is different from the one on which the dump was taken, make certain that you have a copy of the original (dump system) LOADMAP file. Enter a file command:

:FILE LOADMAP.PUB.SYS=dumpload.grp.acct

Then run DPAN4.

FREE2

Operation:

:RUN FREE2.PUB.SYS

Note: Formal file designator - FREE2OUT

To redirect the output enter

:FILE FREE2OUT: DEV=LP ·RUN FREEZ PUB SYS

LISTDIR2

Operation:

:RUN LISTDIR2:PUB.SYS

Commands:

>LISTACCT [accountname] [.listfile] [:PASS]

>LISTGROUP [groupname] [.accountname] [,listfile] [;PASS]

[username] [.accountname] [.listfile] [.PASS] >LISTUSER

>LISTSEC [filename] [.groupname[.accountname]]

[,listfile] [;PASS]

filename[.groupname[.accountname]] >LISTF

[.listfile] [:PASS] [:MAP]

>MOUNT (* | [;GEN=[geninx]]

>DISMOUNT

>FXIT

Note: To redirect the output later

:FILE OUT: DEV=LP

:RUN LISTDIR2.PUB.SYS:PARM=1

No special capabilities are required; however not having certain capabilities, i.e., SM or AM, may restrict the information you can list.

LISTLOG2

Operation:

RUN LISTLOG2.PUB.SYS

Default: LP

Capability: SM

Note: Formal file designator LOGLIST To redirect the output enter :FILE LOGLIST;DEV=\$STDLIST :RUN LISTLOG2.PUB.SYS

LISTEO2

Operation:

:RUN LISTEO2.PUB.SYS

Default: \$STDLIST

Note: Formal file designator - LIST To redirect the output enter :FILE LIST;DEV=LP :RUN LISTEQ2,PUB.SYS;PARM=1

MEMTIMER

Operation:

:RUN MEMTIMER.PUB.SYS:PARM=n

Default: 60 minutes (3600 seconds)

Note: n is any integer greater than zero but less than 65536 used to denote the new logging interval in seconds.

MEMLOGAN

Operation:

:RUN MEMLOGAN.PUB.SYS [;PARM=n]

Capability: SM

Note: n is a one digit code that requests the following options.

п	option
0	MEMLOGAN displays the current contents of MEMLOG but makes no change to this file. (If you omit the n parameter from the :RUN command, this option occurs by default.)
1	MEMLOGAN displays current contents of MEMLOG, deletes all previously recorded errors, and then sets this file to the NO-ERROR state.
2	MEMLOGAN displays the current contents of MEMLOG and then deletes this file from the system. (Because of the security provisions assigned to this file, this is the only way to purge this file from the system.)

To redirect the output enter
:FILE OUT;DEV=LP
:RUN MEMLOGAN,PUB,SYS

PATCH

Dperation:

:RUN PATCH.PUB.SYS

Commands:

- ? D, segment-number, address[,number-of-locations] (displays a code segment)
- ?M, segment-number, address[,number-of-locations] (modifies a code segment)
- ?DG, DB relative-offset, number of words from offset (displays the global area of the initial stack)
- ?MG, DB relative-offset, number of words from offset (modifies the global area of the initial stack).

SADUTIL

Before you can request any SADUTIL functions, you must coldload and initiate SADUTIL.

To create a coldload tape for Series II/III :RUN SDUPII.HP 32230.SUPPDRT

To create a coldload flexible disc/tape for Series 30/33/44

:RUN DUSCOPY.HP32231.SUPPORT

To coldload from a standard magnetic tape

Series II/III

STEP	PROCEDURE
1	Mount the cold-load tape containing SADUTIL on the tape unit configured as Device Reference Table (DRT) Entry No. 6, and press the 0 switch (bottom left of tape unit panel).
2	Place all other tape units off-line, or set them to any unit number but zero (by pressing the 1, 2, or 3 switches on these units).
3	Press the RESET button and the LOAD button on the DRT No. 6 tape unit. The tape winds forward and stops at the load point; the LOAD light turns ON.
4	Press the ON-LINE button on the DRT No. 6 tape unit.
5	Set the system switch register on the system control panel to %003006.
6	Press the ENABLE and LOAD switches on the system control panel simultaneously.
7	Set the system switch register to %000001. This indicates that the first program on the cold-load tape, SADUTIL, is to be loaded.
В	Press the RUN switch. This loads SADUTIL and rewinds the tape.
9	When the tape is re-wound, press the return key on the console keyboard. In response, SADUTIL begins execution, initiating a dialogue with you by way of the console.

For Series 30/33/44, cold load and initiate the Diagnostic Utility System (DUS) then enter "SADUTIL"

Functions

```
Print Functions
```

PDSK [ldn]

PDTT [ldn]

PFRE [ldn]

PVOL [Idn] PFIL

Specialized Functions

COND [Idn]

EDIT

SAVE

COPY (Series 33 only)

Utility Functions

OUTM (C)

CONF [Idn]

STOP

SLPATCH

Operation:

:RUN SLPATCH.PUB.SYS

Commands:

```
?[segment-name,] D, segment-displacement
[,number-of-words]
(displays the contents of an SL segment)
```

?[segment-name,] M,segment-displacement [,number-of-words] (modifies the contents of an SL segment)

Capabilities: PM

SPOOK

Operation

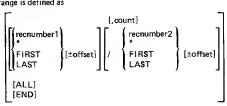
:RUN SPOOK.PUB.SYS

Commands:

```
ALTER [username [.acctname] [.jitem [.jitem [.jitem]]] devicefileid [.devicefileid] . . . ]
```

APPENO username [.acctname] devicefileid [.devicefileid]...;

where range is defined as



```
where range is defined as
LIST [recnumber1] [.count] [recnumber2] | FIRST | [±offset] | [±offset] | [±offset] | [±offset] |
DEBUG
EXIT
FIND[@] ["string"]
   [ALL]
HELP tablecontents command [,keyword]
INPUT [username[.acctname]  ;tapefile
```

6-12

KILL

Operation

:VINIT [listfile]

Commands:

>INIT [uname, Idn [,vsname.groupname.acctname] [:GEN=gen index]

>FORMAT Idn

>SERIAL Idn

>SCRATCH idn[;RESET]

>COPY fromIdn, toIdn[;GEN=genindex]]

>DSTAT [Idn ALL or @]

>FOREIGN Idn

>PLABEL Idn

>PFSPACE Idn

>PDTRACK Idn

>COND Idn [;SIZE=n ;ALL ;RECOVER

>DTRACK Idn

>EXIT

>HELP

Capability: SM or OP

XPLAIN

Section VII

Segmenter

Segmenter

```
Operation
```

:SEGMENTER [listfile]

Commands:

-ADDRL rbmname[(index)]
-ADDSL segname[,PMAP]
-AUXUSL filereference

-BUILDRL filereference,records,extents
-BUILDSL SL[.group], records,extents
-BUILDUSL filereference,records,extents

ENTRY,

-CEASE UNIT, name[(index)]

SEGMENT,

-CLEANSL [filename]
-CLEANUSL [filename]

-COPY UNIT, segment, name[(index)]

-COPYSL percent[,filename]
-COPYUSL percent[,filename]

-EXIT

-HIDE entryname [(index)]

-LISTRL -LISTSL -LISTUSL

-NEWSEG newsegname,rbmname[(index)]

-PREPARE progfile

[;ZERODB]

[;MAXDATA=segsize] [;STACK=stacksize] [;DL=dlsize] [;CAP=caplist] [;RL=filename]

Note: For parameter definitions, see :PREP

-PURGERBM [UNIT, | name[(index)]

Segmenter

-PURGERI ENTRY, UNIT. ENTRY. ~PURGESL name SEGMENT -REVEAL entryname [(index)] ~RI filereference -SL SL[.group].account]] ENTRY. -USE UNIT. name[(index)] SEGMENT. -USL filereference Notes: 1. (index) - default is most recent active entry (index=0); most recent=1, oldest=n. records, extents -1024.8 is system default. try those values. 3. BUILDRL, BUILDUSL, or BUILDSL imply RL, USL, or SL command. 4. CEASE and USE activate and deactivate entry points. 5. HIDE and REVEAL go together; HIDE adds OPTION INTERNAL to unit 6. COPY is from AUXUSL to USL. NEWSEG changes the segment name associated with an rbm in USL. B. See PMAP and LMAP formats in DEBUG section.

Intrinsics:

ADJUSTUSLE

| IV IV errnum := ADJUSTUSLF (uslfnum,records);

EXPANDUSLF

I IV IV filenum := EXPANDUSLF (usifnum.records):

INITUSEE

errnum:=INITUSLF(uslfnum,rec0)

Section VIII

Intrinsics

ACTIVATE (pin, susp);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

ADJUSTUSLF errnum: = ADJUSTUSLF (usifnum, records);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

ALTDSEG (index, inc. size):

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

ARITRAP (state);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG

ASCII | IV IV BA numchar: = ASCII (word, base, string);

Condition Codes: None

BINARY bineqv: * BINARY (string, length);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

L
CALENDAR date: = CALENDAR;

Bits[0:7]: YEAR (e.g., 76) Bits[7:9]: DAY OF YEAR

Condition Codes: None

CAUSEBREAK:

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

I IV BA
CLEANUSL filenum: = CLEANUSL (uslfnum, filename);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

Note: Requires 3000 words of available stack space to

execute.

CLOCK

time: = CLOCK;

Word 1 Bits[0:8] Hour

Bits[8:8] Minute

Word 2 Bits [0:8] Second

Bits[8:8] 10th of Second

Condition Codes: None

D | I | CLOSELOG (index, mode, status);

Condition Codes: None

BA I I (comimage, error, parm);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

Note: Comimage≡MPE command with no ':' ends with

%15(CR).

Error: =(0≡no error | n≡command Interpreter Error Code).

PARM: =Index of erroneous parameter (CCG only)

BA BA I IV LV CREATE (progname, entryname, pin, param, flags,

IV IV IV LV IV O-V stacksize, dlsize, maxdata, priorityclass, rank);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

I I BA IA LA O-V CREATEPROCESS (error,pin,progname,itemnums,items);

Condition Codes: CCE,CCG,CCL

CTRANSLATE (code, instring, outstring, stringlength, table);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

Note; Translates characters from ASCII to EBCDIC or another code specified in table or vise-versa,

Code: =(≡use table | 1≡EBCDIC to ASCII | 2≡ASCII to EBCDICA:

EBCD1C4

DASCII DV IV BA numchar: =DASCII (dword, base, string);

Condition Codes: None

BA (datebuf):

DATELINE <<Buf = 27 bytes: = "Fri, May 25, 1979, 12:06 PM">>

Note: Spaces must be used exactly as shown on example.

Condition Codes: None

DBINARY DBINARY (string, length);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

DEBUG:

Condition Codes: None

DLSIZE I IV
dldbsize: = DLSIZE (size);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

DMOVIN (index, disp, number, location);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

DMOVOUT (index, disp, number, location);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

EXPANDUSLE filenum: = EXPANDUSLE (uslfnum, records);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

FATHER pin: = FATHER;

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FCARD (recode, filenum, bufadr, count, status);

Condition Codes: None

FCHECK (filenum, errorcode, tlog, blknum, numrecs);

<<file errors>>

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

FCLOSE (filenum, disposition, seccode);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

Note: Disp (13:3): =(0≝no change | 1≡save perm | 2≡save temp | 3≡temp, no rewind | 4≡delete)
Disp (12:1):=(1≡return space beyond EOF | 0≡retain space)

Security Code: =(0=unrestricted | 1=restricted)

FCONTROL (filenum, controlcode, param);

Values for controlcode:

- 0 = General.
- 1 = LP.
- 2 = Complete all I/O.
- 3 = Param: =status.
- 4 = Set timeout.
- 5 = Rewind.
- 6 = Write EOF.
- 7 = Forward to tape mark.
- 8 = Back to tape mark.
- 9 = Rewind/offline.
- 10 = Change terminal input speed.
- 11 = Change terminal output speed.
- 12 = Turn echo facility on.
- 13 = Turn echo facility off.
- 14 = Disable the system break function.
- 15 = Enable the system break function.
- 16 = Disable the subsystem break function.
- 17 = Enable the subsystem break function.
- 18 = Disable tape mode option.
- 19 = Enable tape mode option.
- 20 = Disable the terminal input time.
- 21 = Enable the terminal input timer,
- 22 = Read the terminal input timer.
- 23 = Disable parity checking.
- 24 = Enable parity checking.
- 25 = Define line-termination characters for terminal input.
 - 26 = Disable binary transfers.
- 27 = Enable binary transfers.
- 28 = Disable user block mode transfers.
- 29 = Enable user block mode transfers.
- 34 = Disable line deletion echo suppression.
- 35 = Enable line deletion echo suppression.
- 36 = Set parity.
- 37 = Allocate a terminal.
- 38 = Set terminal type.
- 39 = Obtain terminal type information,
- 40 = Obtain terminal output speed.
- 41 = Set unedited terminal mode.
- 43 = Abort pending NO-WAIT I/O request.
- 45 = Enable/Disable extended wait.
- 46 = Enable/Disable reading writer's ID.
- 47 = Nondestructive read.

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

FDELETE	IV DV O-V (filenum, recnum);					
Condition Codes:	CCE, CCG, CCL					
FDEVICECONTROL	IV LA IV (filenum, target, tcount,					
	LV LV LV I					
	controlcode, parm1, parm2, errnum);					
CONTROLCODE	FUNCTION					
	lect primary/secondary character set					
	lect logical pages/forms					
	ove pen relative					
	ove pen relative					
	fine job characteristics					
	wnload physical page definition					
	ownload/delete character set					
135 Do	ownload/delete forms					
136 Do	ownload logical page table					
137 Do	ownload multi-copy form overlay table					
138 Do	ownload/delete VFC					
ERRNUM	MEANING					
126 Ch	aracter set number out of range					
127 Fo	rm number out of range					
128 Lo	gical page number out of range					
	C number out of range					
	umber of copies out of range					
	count parameter incorrect					
132 Fo	orm identifier number out of range					
1	LA I					
FERRMSG (errorc	ode, msgbuf, msglgth);					
Condition Code	s · CCE, CCL, CCG					
IV FFILEINFD (filenu	IV BA [,itemnum1, itemvalue1] [,itemnum2, itemvalue2] [,itemnum3, itemvalue3] [,itemnum4, itemvalue4]					
	[,itemnum5, itemvalue5]);					

ITEM NO.	TYPE	ITEM	UNITS
1	ва	filename (see FGETINFO)	
2	L	foptions (see FGETINFO)	
3	L	aoptions (see FGETINFO)	
4	ī	recsize (see FGETINFO)	words/bytes
5	i	devtype (see FGETINFO)	WOI Ga, Dy tea
6	Ĺ	Idnum (see FGETINFO)	
7	Ĺ	hdaddr (see FGETINFO)	
8	ī	filecode (see FGETINFO)	
9	D	recpt (see FGETINFO)	
10	D	eof (see FGETINFO)	
11	D	flimit (see FGETINFO)	records
12	D	logcount (see FGETINFO)	records
13	D	physcount (see FGETINFO)	records
14	1	blksize (see FGETINFO)	words/bytes
15	L	extsize (see FGETINFO)	sectors
16	1	numextents (see FGETINFO)	
17	ì	userlabels (see FBETINFO)	
18	ВА	creatorid (see FGETINFO)	
19	D	labaddr (see FGETINFO)	
20	1	blocking factor (See FOPEN)	
21	1	physical block size	words
22	1	data block size	words
23	1	offset to data in blocks	words
24	1	offset to Active Record	words
		Table in block (R10 files)	
25	1	size of Active Record Table	words
26	BA	vol. ID (label tape) (see Label Tapes)	
27	ва	vol. set ID (label tape) (see Label Tapes)	
28	1	expiration date (CALENDAR format (see Label Tapes)	
29	1	file sequence number (see Label Tapes)	
30	1	reel number (see Label Tapes)	
31	1	sequence type (see Label Tapes)	
32	I	creation date (CALENDAR Format (see Label Tapes)	
33	1	label type (see Label Tapes)	
34		RESERVED	
35			

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Intrinsics	
-	File Allocation Date (CALENDAR format)
	File Allocation Time (CLOCK format)
	SPOOFLE Device File Number (#0
	or #I number) (see File Code)
40 D	disc or diskette device status
41 I	device type
42 1	device subtype
43 BA	Spoolfile environment
44 I	[Reserved for system use]
	File name of labeled tape
	Density of tape file (valid only for files on an
	HP 7976A tape drive)
Note:	Parameters must appear in pairs.
Condi	tion Codes: CCE, CCL
FGETINFO	IV BA L L I (filenum, filename, foptions, aoptions, recsize,
	I L L I D D devtype, Idnum, hdaddr, filecode, recpt, eof,
	D D D L flimit, logcount, physcount, blksize, extsize,
	I I BA D O-V numextents, userlabels, creatorid, labaddr);
Note:	filename parm must be 28 bytes long.
Condi	ition Codes: CCE, CCL
FINDJCW	BA L ((jcwname, jcwvalue, status);
	ition Codes: None us <> 0 is error)

IV LV (filenum, lockcond);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

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FLOCK

LV BA FMTCALENDAR (date, string);

Condition Codes: None

DV BA FMTCLOCK (time, string);

Condition Codes: None

LV DV BA (date, time, string);

Condition Codes: None

FOPEN

(BA LV LV IV filenum: = FOPEN (formaldesignator, foptions, aoptions, recsize,

BA BA IV IV IV device, formmsg, userlabels, blockfactor, numbuffers,

DV IV IV IV O-V filesize, numextents, initialloc, filecode);

<< returns "Filenum" used in other intrinsics>>

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

FPOINT (filenum, recnum);

<< point to a record directly>>

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

I IV LA IV FREAD (filenum, target, tcount);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

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BITS	(0:2)	(2:3	1)	(5:1)	(6:1)	(7:1)	(8:2)	(10:3)	(13:1)	(14:2)
FIELD	Reserved	File	Туре	Disallow : FILE	MPE Tape Labels	Carriage Control	Record Format	Default Designator	ASCII/ Binary	Domain
MEANING		00 00 01 10 11	0⊒STO 1≅KSAM 0≡RIO 0≅CIR 0≅MSG	0≅Allow .FILE 1≅No .FILE	O≡NON LABEL- ED TAPE 1≡ LABEL- ED TAPE	O≅NOCCTL 1≅CCTL	00≡Frxed 01≡Variable 10≡Unde fined	000=filename 001=\$STDLIST 010=\$NEWPASS 011=\$0LDPASS 100=\$STDIN 101=\$STDINX 110=\$NULL	0≡Binary 1≡ASCH	00≡New file 01≡Old Permanent File 10≡Old Temporary File 11≡Old Perm. or Temp. File

FIELD Ruser	(0 3)	(3.1) File Copy	(4:1) No-Wan I/O	(5 2)	(7 1) Inhibit Buffering	(8-2)	(10:1) Dynamic Locking	(11.1) Multi- record Access	(12 4)	
	Reserved			Multi Access		Exclusive Access			Access Type	
MEANING		O access in the's native mode 1= access as standard sequential file	1 No Wait 2 Non No Wait	00 Non multi- access 10 Only Intra- job multi- access 10 Inter-job multi-access allowed	0 BUF 1 NOBUF	00 Default 01 Exclusive 10 Exclusive Access Read 11—Share	0" No FLOCK Aflowed 1 FLOCK Aflowed	0=No Multi Record 1=Multi record	0 0 0 0	000-Read only 001-Write only 010-Write (save) only 011E Append only 100-Read write 101-Update 110-Execute

IV LA IV DV FREADDIR (filenum, target, tcount, recnum);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV LA IV IV O-V FREADLABEL (filenum, target, tcount, labelid);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV DV FREADSEEK (filenum, recnum);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

LV LV FREEDSEG (index. id);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

FREELOCRIN;

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

L IV IV
FRELATE intordup: = FRELATE (infilenum, listfilenum);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV BA
FRENAME (filenum, newfilereference);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

IV LV FSETMODE (filenum, modeflags);

Note: Modeflags = (14:1) + (0: = unblocked I/O, w - o

wait I 1≡complete are I/O)

(13:1) ← (0: = automatic CR/LF | 1 = suppress CR/LF)

(12:1) ← (0: = CCE for tape errors | 1=CCL for tape errors)

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

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```
FSPACE
               (filenum, displacement);
        <<+=forward.-=backward>>
        Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
FUNLOCK ...
              (filenum):
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                  I۷
                        JΑ
FUPDATE
               (filenum, target, tcount);
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                  IV
                      ΙA
                             IV
                                    LV
FWR!TE
               (filenum, target, tcount, control);
       Note: Control: =(0=normal | 1= use 1st character of
       "target" | "1" = page eject | %320 = no cr, no LF)
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                       IA IV
FWRITEDIR
              (filenum, target, tcount, recnum);
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                        LA
                              IV IV O-V
                  IV
FWRITELABEL (filenum, target, tcount, labelid);
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
GENMESSAGE
                         IV
                                IV
                                        IV
                                              BA
msglen: = GENMESSAGE (filenum, setnum, msgnum, buff, buffsize,
                       LV LV LV
                 ΙV
                                          1 V
        parmask, parm1, parm2, parm3, parm4, parm5, msgdest,
        ı O-V
errnum);
```

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Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IA I ifun: = GET(itag,it,ionumber) GET LV GETOSEG (index, length, id); Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL jcw: =GETJCW; GETJCW Condition Codes: None LV GETLOCRIN (rincount); Condition Codes CCE, CCG, CCL GETORIGIN source: = GETORIGIN; Condition Codes: None GETPRIORITY (pin, priorityclass, rank); Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL GETPRIVMODE: 0-P Condition Codes: CCE, CCG GETPROCID pin = GETPROCID (numson); Condition Codes: None GETPROCINFO statinfo: = GETPROCINFO (pin);

Condition Codes - CCE, CCG, CCL

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```
GETUSERMODE:
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG
                                      ١V
               errnum: = INITUSLF (usifnum, rec0);
INITUSLE
        Condition Codes: CCE, CCL
IODONTWAIT
                         ı۷
                               ΙA
                                                   0-V
fnum: = IODONTWAIT (filenum, target, tcount, cstation);
        Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
IOWAIT
                   ı٧
fnum: = IOWAIT (filenum, target, tcount, cstation)
        Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                 I۷
KILL
               (pin);
        Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                                         ВА
LOADPROC
               identnum: =LOADPROC (procname, lib, plabel);
        Note: Library: = (0=SYS SL | 1=Acct, SYS SL |
        2≡Grp. Acct. SYS SL)
        Condition Codes: CCE, CCL
                                     RA
LOCKGLORIN (rinnum, lockcond, rinpassword);
        Condition Codes: If lockcond = TRUE:
        CCE = Request Granted
        CCL = Request denied
        If lockcond = FALSE
        CCE = Request granted
        CCG = Request denied
        CCL = Request denied
```

Note: lockcond may be changed by intrinsic on return.

 POPEN
 I
 BA
 BA
 IA
 BA
 IV
 LV

 dsnum: = POPEN (dsdevice,progname,itag,entryname,param,flags,
 IV
 IV
 IV
 IV
 IV

stacksize,dlsize,maxdata,bufsize);

PREAD

PRINT

LA IV IV (message, length, control);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV PRINTFILEINFO (fnum);

Condition Codes: None

```
١V
LOCKLOCRIN (rinnum, lockcond);
       Condition Codes: If lockcond = TRUE:
       CCE, CCL
       If lockcond = FALSE:
       CCE, CCL, CCG
                                       ı٧
LOCRINOWNER pin: = LOCRINOWNER (rinnum);
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                             IV I
MAIL
               status: = MAIL (pin, count);
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG
MYCOMMAND
                           BA
                                      BA
entryno: = MYCOMMAND (comimage, delimiters, maxparms,
                    DA BA BP O-V
         numparms, parms, dict, defn);
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
                      LA LA
                                - 1
OPENLOG
               (index, logid, pass, mode, status);
       Condition Codes: None
PAUSE
               (interval):
       Note: interval specifies the amount of time in seconds.
       Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL
PCHECK
                   IV
icode: = PCHECK (dsnum);
                IV
PCLOSE
             (dsnum):
```

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IV IA

PCONTROL (dsnum.itag):

PRINTOP (message, length, control);

Note: Message limit - 56 characters

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

PRINTOPREPLY

| LA IV IV LA IV | lath: = PRINTOPREPLY (message, length, control, reply, expected);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

PROCTIME

Time: = PROCTIME;

Condition Codes: None

IV IV

PTAPE (filenum1, filenum2);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

BA L I
PUTJCW (jcwname, jcwvalue, status);

Condition Codes: None (status <> 0 is error)

(Status <> 0 is entiry

IV IA IV IA PWRITE (dsnum,target,tcount,itag);

IV

OUIT

(num);
Condition Codes: None

I۷ QUITPROG (num):

Condition Codes: None

READ igth: = READ (message, expected);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

LA READX igth: = READX (message, expectedi);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

RECEIVEMAIL status: = RECEIVEMAIL (pin, location, waitflag);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IΑ

REJECT (itag);

RESETCONTROL;

RESETDUMP;

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG

SEARCH BA IV BA BP O-V entryno: = SEARCH (target, length, dict, defn);

Condition Codes: None

SENDMAIL IV IV LA

status: = SENDMAIL (pin, count, location, waitflag); Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

LV (flags);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG

B-1B

SETDUMP

SETJCW (word);

Condition Codes: None

BA | L DA O-V

STACKDUMP (filename, idnumber, flags, selec);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

SUSPEND (susp, rin);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

L LV O-P
SWITCHDB logindex: = SWITCHDB (index);

Note: Requires privileged mode

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

TERMINATE;

Condition Codes: None

TIMER count: = TIMER:

Condition Codes: None

UNLOADPROC (procid);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCL

IV
UNLOCKGLORIN (rinnum):

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

UNLOCKLOCRIN (rinnum):

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

Intrinsics

WHO

L D D BA BA BA (mode, capability, lattr, usern, groupn, acctn,

BA L O-V homen, termn);

Note: Mode (15:1): = (0≡not interactive |

1≡interactive) (14:1):=(0≡not duplicative |

1≡duplicative)

(12:1):=(1≡SESSION | 2≡JOB)

Condition Codes: None

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
WORD																
1											×					
WORD																
2	x	×	х	x	х	х	х	А	Α	М	x	x	R	×	s	Н

X = Not used

Condition Codes: None

D LA 1 1 | WRITELOG (index, data, len, mode, status);

Condition Codes: None

IV IV I | XARITRAP (mask, plabel, oldmask, oldplabel);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV I XCONTRAP (plabel, oldplabel);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

Intrinsics

IV (plabel, oldplabel);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

IV I XSYSTRAP (plabel, oldplabel);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

ZSIZE actsize: =ZSIZE (size);

Condition Codes: CCE, CCG, CCL

Section IX

Debug

DEBUG

Operation

- 1. Direct call to DEBUG intrinsic.
- Reaching breakpoint.
- ;DEBUG parameter in :PREPRUN or :RUN command (sets breakpoint on first executable instruction), or
- DEBUG Bit in FLAG. (13:1) parameter of CREATE intrinsic.
- 5. :DEBUG command (user must have PM capability)

Access Scope

Determined by user capability (Privileged vs. Non-Privileged). NOT ACCESSIBLE FROM BATCH MODE — calls treated as NOP.

Messages

Call/Breakpoint

```
* DEBUG | * |PRIV| < LOCATION>
```

n

n

Error

SYNTAX

NO-NO

BOUNDS	n	BOUNDS VIOLATION
FULL	n	BREAKPOINT TABLE FULL
SAME	n	SYSTEM/PRIVATE BREAKPOINT
		CONFLICT EXISTING
CHECK	n	NEW BREAKPOINT CONFLICTS
		WITH EXISTING BREAKPOINT

INVALID SYNTAX

n Byte index within command string which is in error.

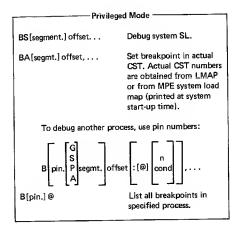
INVALID INFO WAS INPUT

Command Syntax

- 1. Prompt is?
- 2. Boxed information applies to Privileged Mode (PM) only.
- An expression (expr) may be substituted where any numeric field is allowed.
- 4. Octal values (single precision) indicated by optional %.
- In commands, segmt. refers to logical segment number obtained from PMAP for user program files (see format on page 115) or from last column of LMAP for Segmented Library Procedures (see page 116).

Command Operation

- Bounds checking performed in user mode and when setting breakpoints.
- Instruction where breakpoint occurred is not executed prior to entering Debug.
- 3. All numbers, address, etc. default to octal.
- 4. Logical arithmetic used throughout.
- In privileged mode an improper Idev (logical device number) parameter supplied in a command may destroy the system.
- Privileged users may access absolute addresses, systems data, etc.
- DEBUG parameter of :RUN progfile command is ignored if user does not have read (R) and write (W) access to progfile. (See File Security, page 95.)
- All numbers are one-word values, assumed as octal. (Double-word integers are not allowed.)



Breakpoint Commands

AP Priv	Allow private breakpoints.		
AS	Allow system breakpoints.		
B[segmt.] offset,	Set temporary breakpoint (break first time only).		
∂[segmt.] offset:n,	Set temporary breakpoint; break once on the nth execution. (DO NOT USE ON BRANCH)		

B[segmt.] offset:cond,	Set temporary breakpoint;		
	break once when cond is true.		

B(segmt.) offset:@,	Set permanent breakpoint,
	break always. (DO NOT USE
	ON BRANCH.)

B [segmt.] offset:@cond,	Set permanent breakpoint;
	break every time cond is
	true. (DO NOT USE ON
	BRANCH.)

Note:

For group and account breakpoints, use prefix G (for group) or P (for account) before segment identifier:

$$\begin{bmatrix} G \\ P \end{bmatrix}$$
 [segment.] offset . . .

B@

List all breakpoints.

Note:

The listing format for each breakpoint is

$$LCST=\begin{bmatrix}P\\G\end{bmatrix}Isn, P=pc, CST=asn, [@] t/u$$

where:

P

Account Public SL.

G

Group SL.

isn

Logical CST no.

pc

Program counter.

aen

Actual CST no.

Permanent breakpoint. (No @ indicates temporary breakpoint.)

1

Total number of executions allowed by conditional breakpoint,

u

Total number of times breakpoint actually executed.

$$C \ \left[\left[\begin{matrix} G \\ P \end{matrix} \right] \text{segment} \ \right] \text{ offset,} \ldots$$

C@

Clear all user breakpoints.

- Privileged Mode -

To resume and set a breakpoint for system segmented library, use prefix S before the segment parameter, as follows:

R[[S segment.] offset [:[@] count]]

To resume and set a breakpoint in another process, use pin number:

$$\mathsf{R} \left[\left[\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{G} \\ \mathsf{P} \\ \mathsf{S} \end{array} \right] \mathsf{segment.} \right] \mathsf{offset} \left[: [@] \left[\begin{array}{c} \mathsf{count} \\ \mathsf{cond} \end{array} \right] \right], \ldots$$

Display/Listing Commands

D[dispbase] [offset] Display memory.
[.count] [.mode]

- Privileged Mode -

$$C \ \left[\begin{bmatrix} S \\ A \end{bmatrix} \ \text{segment.} \right] \ \text{offset} \ , \dots$$

where indicates breakpoints in the system segment library

> indicates breakpoints in absolute code segment (CST).

To clear breakpoints in another process, use pin number:

$$\begin{array}{c} C \\ \text{pin.} \\ \begin{bmatrix} G \\ P \\ S \\ A \end{bmatrix} \text{ segment.} \\ \text{offset, } \dots \end{array}$$

C@ clears all system-owned breakpoints if operating in AS mode or owned breakpoints if operating in AP mode.

C[pin.] @ clears all breakpoints in the specified process.

E[expr]

Execute EXIT n (where n = exor).

E@

Terminate program.

R[[segmt.] offset [:[@] count] Resume execution and cond optionally set another

break point.

NOTE

To resume and set a group or account breakpoint, use prefix G for group or P for account before the segment parameter, as follows:

$$R[\left\{\begin{matrix} G \\ P \end{matrix}\right\} \text{ segment.}] \text{ offset}[:[@] \text{ count}]]$$

Note: dispbase = DB, DL, Q, S, PB, PL, P. (If omitted, DB is assumed.)

offset = Location at which display begins. (: specifies preceding expr. is *indirect* address, as in D O+5:,#8,A.)

count = No. of locations to display.

mode = 0 (Octal); I (Decimal Integer); H (hexadecimal); C (code); A (ASCII). Octal is default.

— Privileged Mode —

- A = Absolute Relative (base = location 0).
- SY = System Global Relative (base = system base).
- CO = Code Segment Relative (base = base of segment).
- DA = Data Segment Relative (base = base of segment).
- DX = Current Absolute DB Relative (base = absolute DB).
- EA = Extended Absolute Address (base = bank specified).

The bank number in EA mode follows EA; for example:

D EA2+10 Displays one word at location 10 of bank 2.

For CO and DA, the offset immediately follows the mnemonic (CO or DA) unless it is an expression involving a calculation when it is enclosed in parentheses; for example:

- D DA22+6,6 Displays 6 words starting at location 6 data segment 22.
- D CO(4+6),3 Displays first 3 words of segment 12 (octal).

DR[.reg]....

Display registers.

Note:

reg = DL, Q, S, Z, X, ST, P, 1, 2, 3, and 4 registers.

- Privileged Mode -

Privileged mode, if displaying all registers (register parameter omitted), also includes the following values:

PCB = Process Control Block Index.

CST = Absolute Code Segment Index.

STAK = Stack Segment Index.

DST = Extra Data Segment Index.

DX = Current value of DB register, if in absolute mode.

EA = Current bank number, if in absolute mode,

In addition, the segment number displayed as LCST is preceded by S for a system library segment.

---- Privileged Mode --

DV [Idev]

Display virtual memory

+ startsector [,count] [.mode]

Notes:

Idev = logical device no.

count = No. of sectors displayed.

mode = O (Octal)

I (Decimal Integer)

A (ASCII)

Octal is default.

Startsector signifies the starting sector address to be displayed. If the sector address requires more than 16 bits, it must be entered as:

low-order bits: high-order bits

L [fileref]

Direct list output to fileref file. (If no fileref, switch back to user's terminal.)

Debua

LO

Closes an open file and switches back to terminal.

Privileged Mode -

L [Idev]

Direct list output to Idev device. (If no Idev switch back to user's terminal.)

Memory/Register Modification Commands

M[modbase] [offset] [,count[,mode]]

Modify memory.

Note: modbase = DB, DL, Q, S

offset = Location at which modification begins.

The : specifies preceding expr. is indirect address as in M Q-5:+15.2

count = No. of locations to modify.

mode = O(Octal)

I (Decimal Integer) A (ASCII) C (Code)



Leaves value unchanged. Terminates command.

Privileged Mode

Other values allowed for modbase:

A = Absolute 0.

SY = System Global.

DA (dst) = Data Segment no. dst.

DX = Absolute DB.

EA = Extended Absolute Address.

Modify register.

MR[,register] . . . Note:

> register = DL, Q, S, Z, X, ST, P, 1, 2, 3, and 4 registers.

Debua

(cr) leaves value unchanged. terminates command.

ST.(2:7) may be changed.

 $DL \le 0 \le Q \le S \le 7$

DL and Z expand and contract only in blocks of % 200 words, limited by MAXDATA, DL. and STACKSIZE parameters in :PREP.

:PREPRUN, or :RUN commands.

If register omitted, all registers between DL and Z are modified.

- Privileged Mode -

All ST bits can be changed.

\$ register := expression

Modify single register value.

Notes:

register may be ST, X, DL, Q, S, Z, P, or 1, 2, 3, 4 register.

expression signifies new value

Calculation Display Command

expr [,mode]

Calculate and display expr

value.

Notes:

expr=

Operands

*./.+.-Use () to override hierarchy. [%] octal no. # decimal no. "[char] [char]"

mode= O (octal)

A (ASCII) I (Decimal Integer)

H (hexadecimal)

C (Code)

Example of expr:

=#4+(55*#12)-"A",I

Trace Command

т

Trace stack markers.

Note:

Displays O-displacement, LCST, P (relative) for markers not including initial stack marker. See Stack, page 113.

T also displays absolute CST.

Note:

Listing format for each marker is

Q-dq, LCST=
$$\begin{bmatrix} P \\ G \\ S \end{bmatrix}$$
Isn, P = pc, CST = asn

where:

dg = Displacement from current Q

P = Account Public SL

G = Group SL

S = System SL

Isn = Logical CST no.

pc = P (relative) address.

asn = Absolute (actual) CST (privileged mode only).

Segment Freeze Commands

Priv	ileged	Mode
	negeu	Mout

F CO segmt

Freezes code or data segment

in memory

 $U \begin{Bmatrix} CQ \\ DA \end{Bmatrix}$ segmt

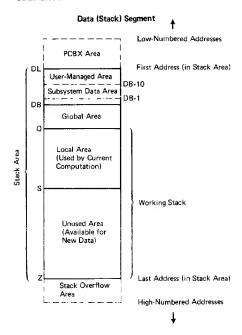
Unfreezes frozen code or data segment.

Note:

CO = Code segment

DA = Data segment.

SEGMENT AND REGISTER CONTENTS



DL - Data Limit

DB - Data Base (pointer to Global Area)

Q = Stack Marker

S = TOS

Z - Last Stack Address

STACK MARKER FORMAT

Stack Marker

Q-3	X (Index Register)		
Q-2	Prei (P+1-PB)		
Q-1	Status		
Q-0	Δα		

- Q-3 = Current contents of X-register
- Q-2 = Return address of code segment (P+1, PB rel.)
- Q-1 = Current contents of status retgister.
- Q=0 = Δ Q: the number of words between new and previous Q.

Note: Parm parameter of :RUN command found in Q-4 of outer block or main program.

PMAP FORMAT

PROGRAM FILE file.group.acct Segname Isn

NAME STT CQDE ENTRY SEG ep/pname en begloc eploc Isn-ep

SEGMENT LENGTH seging

PRIMARY DB pdb INITIAL STACK is CAPABILITY cap SECONDARY DB sdb INITIAL DL idl TQTAL CODE to TQTAL DB tdb MAXIMUM DATA mdl TOTAL REC tr ELAPSED TIME: et PROCESSOR TIME: cpu

PMAP FORMAT

file.group.acct = Program file name.

segname = Segment name.

isn = Logical segment no.

ep/pname = Name of program unit entry-point procedure.

en = Assigned entry no. in Segment Transfer Table.

begloc = Beginning location of procedure code in segment.

eploc = Location of entry-point in segment.

Isn-ep = Logical segment number of segment containing this external procedure.

sealng = Seament length (words)

pdb = Primary DB area size.

sdb = Secondary DB area size.

tdb = Total DB area size.

et = Preparation time elapsed (minutes).

is = Initial stack size.

idl = Initial DL size

mdl = Maximum area available for data (Z-DL).

cap = Program file capability.

tc = Total code in file.

tr = Total records in file.

cpu = CPU time used for preparation.

Note: All numbers in octal.

LMAP Format

PROGRAM FILE file.group.acct SEGMENT NAME

Procname stiecliestt esniest ecliestt esni

csto cst1 cst2 . . . cstn

file.group.acct = Program file name.

Procname = External procedure name.

st = Type of segment referencing external procedure:

PROG = Program

GSL = Group Segment Library

PSL = Public Segment Library

ecl = External parameter checking level.

estt = External segment transfer table (STT) no.

esn = External logical segment no.

est = Entry point segment type:

GSL: Group Segment Library

PSL: Public Segment Library

SSL: System Segment Library

ecl = Entry-point parameter checking level.

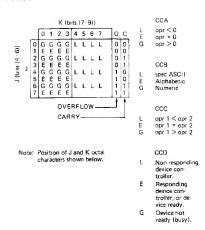
estt = Entry-point segment transfer table (SST) no.

esn = Entry-point logical segment no.

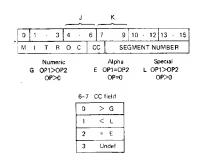
 $cst_0 \dots cst_n$ = List of code segment table nos. to which program file segments were assigned, ordered by logical segment no. (0, 1, 2, . . . n, reading left-to-right.)

Note: All numbers in octal.

CONDITION CODES



STATUS REGISTER



Section X

File System

Input Set

File Designator Meaning

\$STDIN Session/job input device

\$STDINX Session/job input device with com-

mands allowed.

\$OLDPASS Last \$NEWPASS file closed.

\$NULL Constantly-empty file that returns

EOF indication when read.

*formaldesignator Back reference to previously defined

file.

filereference File name, indicates old file.

Output Set

File Designator Meaning

\$STDLIST Session/job listing device

\$OLDPASS Last file passed.

\$NEWPASS New temporary file to be passed.

\$NULL Constantly-empty file that returns a successful indication whenever data is

written to it.

*formaldesignator Back reference to previously defined

file.

filereference File name, indicates a temporary new

file sending on disc.

File Codes

Mnemonic	Integer	Meaning
USL	1024	A USL file.
BASD	1025	A BASIC data file.
BASP	1026	A BASIC program file.
BASFP	1027	A BASIC fast program file.
RL	1028	A relocatable library (RL) file,
PROG	1029	A program file.
	1030	A STAR file.
SL	1031	A segmented library (SL) file.
XLSAV	1040	A Cross Loader ASCII file (SAVE).
XLBIN	1041	A Cross Loader relocated binary file.
XLDSP	1042	A Cross Loader ASCII file (DISPLAY).
EDITQ	1050	An EDIT KEEPQ file (non-COBOL).
EDTCQ	1051	An EDIT KEEPQ file (COBOL).
EDTCT	1052	An EDIT TEXT file (COBOL).
RJEPN	1060	An RJE punch file.
	1069	An RSAM file.
OPROC	1070	A OUERY procedure file.
	1071 1072	QUERY work files.
KSAMK	1080	A KSAM key file.
LOG	1090	User Logging file
	Default: 0.	

Carriage-Control Directives

OCTAL CODE	ASCII SYMBOL	CARRIAGE ACTION
%40	a 11	Single space (with or without automatic page eject).
%53	<i>u</i> ₊ <i>u</i>	No space, return (next printing at column 1) Not valid on 2607 (results in single space without automatic page eject).
%53	<i>n_0</i>	Triple space (without automatic page eject).
%60	"0"	Double space (without automatic page eject).
%61	"1"	Page eject (form feed). Selects VFC Channel 1.
%2nn (nn is any octal number from 0 through 77)		Space nn lines (no automatic page eject). %200 not valid for 2607 (results in single space without automatic page eject).
%300-%307		Select VFC Channel 1-8 (2607)
%300-%313		Select VFC Channel 1-12 (2613, 2617, 2618, 2619)
%300-%317		Select VFC Channel 1-16 (2608)
		NOTE: Channel assignments shown below are the HP standard defaults.
%300		Skip to top of form (page eject)
%301		Skip to bottom of form.
%302		Single spacing with automatic page eject.
%303		Skip to next odd line with automatic page eject.
%304		Skip to next third line with automatic page eject.
%305		Skip to next 1/2 page.
%306		Skip to next 1/4 page.
%307		Skip to next 1/6 page.
%310		Skip to bottom of form.
%311		User option (2613/17/18/19), skip to one line before bottom of form (2608)
%312		User option (2613/17/18/19), skip to one line before top of form (2608)
%313		User option (2613/17/18/19), skip to top of form (2608)
%314		Skip to next seventh line with automatic page eject.

OCTAL CODE	ASCII SYMBOL	CARRIAGE ACTION
%315		Skip to next sixth line with automatic page eject.
%316		Skip to next fifth line with automatic page eject.
%317		Skip to next fourth line with automatic page eject.
%320		No space, no return (next printing physically follows this).
%2-%37 %41-%52 %54 %56-%57		
%62-%77 %104-%177 %310-%317 (2607) %314-%317 (2613/17 %321-%377	/18/19)	Same as %40
%400 or %100		Sets post-space movement option; this first prints, then spaces. If previous option was pre-space movement, the driver outputs a line with a skip to VFC Channel 3 to clear the buffer.
%401 or %101		Sets pre-space movement option; this first spaces, then prints.
%402 or %102		Sets signal-space option, with automatic page eject (60 lines per page).
%403 or %103		Sets single-space option, without automatic page eject (66 lines per page).
%1 001		Enables CONTINUOUS WRITE (privi- leged Mode Capability only)
%2001		Disables CONTINGUOUS WRITE (Privileged Mode Capability only).

NOTE: All page ejects (codes %61, %300, and (for 2608) %313) are suppressed if the current request has a transfer count of 0 and the previous request ending with a page eject.

FOPEN	FWRITE Control Parameter		
or :FILE	= 0	= 1	= Greater than 1
Carriage- Control Foption Specified or CCTL	Byte 1 133 0 record = 132 Data output contains 132 characters; the prefix byte is added and contains 0.	record = 132 Data output contains 132 characters; the carriage control character in the first byte is not printed if output is to a list device.	Data output contains 132 characters; the prefix character added is the carriage-control character specified by the FWRITE control parameter.
Carriage Control Foption not Specified or NOCCTL	record = 132 Data output contains 132 characters.	record = 132 DATA Data output contains 132 characters. EFFECT ON DATA OUT	record = 132 Data output contains 132 characters.

File Access/Security

Mode:		User:	
R	Read	ANY	Any user
L	Lock	AL	Account Librarian
Α	Append	GL	Group Librarian
W	Write	CR	Creating User
X	Execute	GU	Group User
S	Save (in group)	AC	Account Member

ACCOUNT, GROUP, AND FILE DEFAULT SECURITY

Access Permitted

SYS Account
Accounts other than SYS
PUB Groups in any account
Groups other than PUB
Files

(R,X:ANY;M,A,L:AC)
(R,X:ANY;A,W,L,S:AL,
GU)
(R,X,S,W,A,L:GU)
(R,X,W,A,L:ANY)

NET DEFAULT ACCESS

Filereference	File	Access Permitted	Save Access to Group
filename. PUB.SYS	Any file in Public Group of System Account.	(R,X:ANY; W:AL, GU)	AL,GU
filename. PUB.account name	Any file in Public Group of any account.	(R,X:AC;W:AL, GU)	AL,GU
filename. groupname. account name	Any file in any group in any account	(R,W,X:GU)	GU

MSGNO	Message
0	END OF FILE
1	ILLEGAL DB REGISTER
2	ILLEGAL CAPABILITY
3	OMITTED PARAMETER
4	INCORRECT S REGISTER
5	PARAMETER ADDRESS VIOLATION
6	PARAMETER END ADDRESS VIOLATION
7	ILLEGAL PARAMETER
8	PARAMETER VALUE INVALID
9	INCORRECT O REGISTER
FILE SYST	EM ERRORS
0	END OF FILE (FSERR 0)
1	ILLEGAL DB REGISTER SETTING (FSERR 1)
2	ILLEGAL CAPABILITY (FSERR 2)
3	REQUIRED PARAMETER IS MISSING (FSERR 3)
В	ILLEGAL PARAMETER VALUE (FSERR8)
9	INVALID FILE TYPE SPECIFIED IN FOPTIONS
	(FSERR 9)
10	INVALID RECORD SIZE SPECIFICATION
11	INVALID BLOCKSIZE
16	MORE THAN 255 OPENS OF A FILE (FSERR 16)
17	MAGNETIC TAPE RUNAWAY (FSERR 17)
18	DEVICE POWERED UP (FSERR 18)
19	FORMS CONTROL WAS RESET (FSERR 19)
20	INVALID OPERATION (FSERR 20)
21	DATA PARITY ERROR (FSERR 21)
22	SOFTWARE TIME-OUT (FSERR 22)
23	END OF TAPE (FSERR 23)
24	UNIT NOT READY (FSERR 24)
25	NO WRITE-RING ON TAPE (FSERR 25)
26	TRANSMISSION ERROR (FSERR 26)
27	I/O TIME-OUT (FSERR 27)
2B	TIMING ERROR OR DATA OVERRUN (FSERR 28)
29	SIO FAILURE (FSERR 29)
30	UNIT FAILURE (FSERR 30)
31	END OF LINE (FSERR 31)
32	SOFTWARE ABORT (FSERR 32)
33	DATA LOST (FSERR 33) UNIT NOT ON-LINE (FSERR 34)
34	DATA-SET NOT READY (FSERR 35)
35	INVALID DISC ADDRESS (FSERR 36)
36	INVALID DISC ADDRESS (FSERR 30)

RECOVERED TAPE ERROR (FSERR 39) APR 1981 10-7

TAPE PARITY ERROR (FSERR 38)

37

38

39

INVALID MEMORY ADDRESS (FSERR 37)

40	OPERATION INCONSISTENT WITH ACCESS TYPE (FSERR 40)
41	OPERATION INCONSISTENT WITH RECORD TYPE (FSERR 41)
42	OPERATION INCONSISTENT WITH DEVICE TYPE (FSERR 42)
43	WRITE EXCEEDS RECORD SIZE (FSERR 43)
44	UPDATE AT RECORD ZERO (FSERR 44)
45	PRIVILEGED FILE VIOLATION (FSERR 45)
46	OUT OF DISC SPACE (FSERR 46)
47	I/O ERROR ON FILE LABEL (FSERR 47)
48	INVALID OPERATION DUE TO
	MULTIPLE FILE ACCESS (FSERR 48)
49	UNIMPLEMENTED FUNCTION
	(FSERR 49)
50	NONEXISTENT ACCOUNT (FSERR 50)
51	NONEXISTENT GROUP (FSERR 51)
52	NONEXISTENT PERMANENT FILE (FSERR 52)
53	NONEXISTENT TEMPORARY FILE
33	(FSERR 53)
54	INVALID FILE REFERENCE
•	(FSERR 54)
55	DEVICE UNAVAILABLE (FSERR 55)
56	INVALID DEVICE SPECIFICATION
	(FSERR 56)
57	OUT OF VIRTUAL MEMORY
-	(FSERR 57)
58	NO PASSED FILE (FSERR 5B)
59	STANDARD LABEL VIOLATION
	(FSERR 59)
60	GLOBAL RIN UNAVAILABLE
-	(FSERR 60)
61	OUT OF GROUP DISC SPACE
	(FSERR 61)
62	OUT OF ACCOUNT DISC SPACE
	(FSERR 62)
63	USER LACKS NON-SHARABLE
	DEVICE CAPABILITY (FSERR 63)
64	USER LACKS MULTI-RIN CAPABILITY
	(FSERR 64)
65	PUNCH HOPPER EMPTY (FSERR 65)

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66	PLOTTER LIMIT SWITCH REACHED (FSERR 66)
67	PAPER TAPE ERROR (FSERR 47)
68	INSUFFICIENT SYSTEM RESOURCES
••	(FSERR 68)
69	I/O ERROR (FSERR 69)
70	I/O ERROR WHILE PRINTING HEADER/
	TRAILER (FSERR 70)
71	TOO MANY FILES OPEN (FSERR 71)
72	INVALID FILE NUMBER (FSERR 72)
73	BOUNDS VIOLATION (FSERR 73)
77	NO-WAIT I/O PENDING (FSERR 77)
78	NO NO-WAIT I/O PENDING FOR
	ANY FILE (FSERR 78)
79	NO NO-WAIT I/O PENDING FOR
	SPECIAL FILE (FSERR 79)
80	SPOOF LE SIZE EXCEEDS
	CONFIGURATION (FSERR 80)
81	NO "SPOOL" CLASS IN SYSTEM
	(FSERR 81)
82	INSUFFICIENT SPACE FOR
	SPOOFLE (FSERR 82)
83	I/O ERROR ON SPOOFLE
	(FSERR 83)
84	DEVICE UNAVAILABLE FOR
	SPOOFLE (FSERR 84)
85	OPERATION INCONSISTENT WITH
	SPOOLING (FSERR 85)
86	SPOOLING INTERNAL ERROR (FSERR 86)
87	BAD SPOOFLE BLOCK (FSERR 87)
88	SPOOLING ERROR (FSERR 88)
89	POWER FAILURE (FSERR 89)
90	EXCLUSIVE VIOLATION: FILE 8EING
	ACCESSED (FSERR 90)
91	EXCLUSIVE VIOLATION: FILE
	ACCESSED EXCLUSIVELY
	(FSERR 91)
92	LOCKWORD VIOLATION (FSERR 92)
93	SECURITY VIOLATION (FSERR 93)
94	USER IS NOT CREATOR (FSERR 94)
95	READ COMPLETED DUE TO
	BREAK (FSERR 95)
96	DISC I/O ERROR (FSERR 96)
97	NO CONTROL Y PIN (FSERR 97)
98	READ TIME OVERFLOW (FSERR 98)
99	EOT AND 8ACKSPACE TAPE

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-	
100	DUPLICATE PERMANENT FILE
	NAME (FSERR 100)
101	DUPLICATE TEMPORARY FILE
	NAME (FSERR 101)
102	I/O ERROR ON DIRECTORY
	(FSERR 102)
103	PERMANENT FILE DIRECTORY
	OVERFLOW (FSERR 103)
104	TEMPORARY FILE DIRECTORY
	OVERFLOW (FSERR 104)
105	BAD VARIABLE BLOCK STRUCURE
	(FSERR 105)
106	EXTENT SIZE EXCEEDS MAXIMUM
	(FSERR 106)
107	INSUFFICIENT SPACE FOR USER
	LABELS (FSERR 107)
10B	INVALID FILE LABEL (FSERR 108)
109	INVALID CARRIAGE CONTROL
	(FSERR 109)
110	ATTEMPT TO SAVE PERMANENT
	FILE AS TEMPORARY (FSERR 110)
111	USER LACKS SAVE FILES (SF)
	CAPABILITY (FSERR 111)
112	USER LACKS PRIVATE VOLUMES
	(UV) CAPABILITY (FSERR 112)
113	VOLUME SET NOT MOUNTED -
	MOUNT PROBLEM (FSERR 113)
114	VOLUME SET NOT DISMOUNTED -
	DISMOUNT PROBLEM (FSERR 114)
115	ATTEMPTED RENAME ACROSS
	VOLUME SETS — REJECTED
110	(FSERR 115)
116	INVALID TAPE LABEL FOPEN
117	PARAMETERS (FSERR 116)
117	ATTEMPT TO WRITE ON AN
118	UNEXPIRED TAPE FILE (FSERR 117) INVALID HEADER OR TRAILER TAPE
110	LABEL (FSERR 11B)
119	I/O ERROR POSITIONING TAPE FOR
119	TAPE LABELS (FSERR 119)
120	ATTEMPT TO WRITE IBM STANDARD
120	TAPE LABEL (FSERR 120)
121	TAPE LABEL LOCKWORD VIOLATION
	(FSERR 121)
122	•
122	TAPE LABEL TABLE OVERFLOW (FSERR 122)

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	•
123	FND OF TAPE VOLUME SET (FSERR 123)
124	ATTEMPT TO APPEND LABELED TAPE
	(FSERR 124)
126	CHARACTER SET NUMBER MUST BE BETWEEN
	0 AND 31 (FSERR 126)
127	FORM NUMBER MUST BE BETWEEN 0 AND 31
_	(FSERR 127)
12B	LOGICAL PAGE NUMBER MUST BE BETWEEN
129	0 AND 31 (FSERR 128) VERTICAL FORMAT NUMBER MUST BE
129	BETWEEN 0 AND 31 (FSERR 129)
130	NUMBER OF COPIES MUST BE BETWEEN 1
100	AND 32767 (FSERR 130)
131	NUMBER OF OVERLAYS MUST BE BETWEEN
	1 AND B (FSERR 131)
132	PAGE LENGTH PARM MUST BE BETWEEN 12
	(=3") and 68 (=17") (FSERR 132)
137	DEFECTIVE TRACK ON FOREIGN DISC
400	(FSERR 137) TRACK DOES NOT EXIST ON FOREIGN DISC
138	(FSERR 138)
139	DELETED RECORD ON IBM DISKETTE
100	(FSERR 139)
14B	INACTIVE RIO RECORD (FSERR 14B)
149	MISSING ITEM NUMBER OR RETURN-
	VARIABLE (FSERR 149)
150	INVALID ITEM NUMBER (FSERR 150)
151	UNDEFINED FILE TYPE (FSERR 151)
152	UNRECOGNIZED KEYWORD IN FOPEN DEVICE
150	PARAMETER (FSERR 152) EXPECTED ":" OR CARRIAGE RETURN IN
153	DEVICE PARAMETER (FSERR 153)
154	ENVIRONMENT FILE OPEN ERROR
107	(FSERR 154)
155	NOT ENVIRONMENT FILE. CHECK FILE CODE
	OR RECORD SIZE (FSERR 155)
156	ENVIRONMENT HEADER RECORD INCORRECT
	(FSERR 156)
157	UNCOMPILED ENVIRONMENT FILE
	(FSERR 157)
158	ERROR READING ENVIRONMENT FILE
450	(FSERR 158)
159	ERROR CLOSING ENVIRONMENT FILE (FSERR 159)
160	ERROR DOING FDEVICECONTROL FROM
.00	ENVIRONMENT (FSERR 160)

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-	
161	TOO MANY PARAMETERS IN DEVICE STRING OVERFLOW (FSERR 161)
162	EXPECTED "=" AFTER KEYWORD IN DEVICE PARAMETER (FSERR 162)
163	"ENV" BACK REFERENCE IN FILE EQUATION INCORRECT (FSERR 163)
164	DEVICE PARAMETER TOO LARGE OR MISSING CARRIAGE RETURN (FSERR 164)
165	INVALID DENSITY SPECIFICATION (FSER R 165)
166	FFILEINFO FAILED IN ACCESSING REMOTE SPOOL FILE (FSERR 166)
167	FILE LABEL ERROR IN SPOOL FILE. CANNOT INSERT ENVIRONMENT & FILE NAME (FSERR 167)
171	DUPLICATE KEY VALUE (FSERR 171)
172	NO SUCH KEY (FSERR 172)
173	TCOUNT PARAMETER LARGER THAN RECORD SIZE (FSERR 173)
174	CANNOT GET EXTRA DATA SEGMENT (FSERR 174)
175	KSAN INTERNAL ERROR (FSERR 175)
176	ILLEGAL EXTRA DATA SEGMENT LENGTH (FSERR 176)
177	TOO MANY EXTRA DATA SEGMENTS FOR THIS PROCESS (FSERR 177)
178	EXTRA DATA SEGMENT TOO SMALL (FSERR 178)
179	THE FILE MUST BE LOCKED BEFORE ISSUING THIS INTRINSIC (FSERR 179)
181	INVALID KEY STARTING POSITION (FSERR 181)
182	FILE IS EMPTY (FSERR 182)
183	RECORD DOES NOT CONTAIN ALL KEYS (FSERR 183)
184	INVALID RECORD NUMBER (FFINDN INTRINSIC) (FSERR 184)
185	SEOUENCE ERROR IN PRIMARY KEY (FSERR: 185)
186	INVALID KEY LENGTH – NUMERIC DISPLAY OR PACKED DECIMAL (FSERR 186)
187	INVALID KEY SPECIFICATION (FSERR 187)
188	INVALID DEVICE SPECIFICATION (FSER R 188)

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1B9	INVALID RECORD FORMAT (FSERR 189)
190	INVALID KEY BLOCKING FACTOR
	VALUE (FSERR 190)
191	RECORD DOES NOT CONTAIN SEARCH
	KEY SPECIFIED FOR DELETION
	(FSERR 191)
192	SYSTEM FAILURE OCCURRED WHILE
	THE KSAM FILE WAS OPENED
	(FSERR 192)
201	INVALID ID SEQUENCE (FSERR 201)
202	INVALID TELEPHONE NUMBER
	(FSERR 202)
203	NO TELEPHONE LIST SPECIFIED
	(FSERR 203)
204	UNABLE TO ALLOCATE AN EXTRA
	DATA SEGMENT FOR DS/3000
	(DSERR 204)
205	UNABLE TO EXPAND THE DS/3000
	EXTRA DATA SEGMENT (DSERR 205)
206	SLAVE PTOP FUNCTION ISSUED FROM
	A MASTER PROGRAM. (DSERR 206)
207	SLAVE PTOP FUNCTION OUT OF
	SEQUENCE. (DSERR 207)
20B	MASTER PTOP FUNCTION ISSUED BY A
	SLAVE PROGRAM, (DSERR 20B)
209	SLAVE PROGRAM DOES NOT EXIST
	OR IS NOT PROGRAM FILE.
	(DSERR 209)
210	WARNING - INVALID MAXDATA OR
	DLSIZÈ FOR A SLAVE PROGRAM.
	SYSTEM DEFAULTS ARE IN EFFECT.
	(DSWARN 210)
211	SLAVE ISSUED A REJECT TO A MASTER
040	PTOP OPERATION. (DSWARN 211)
212	FILE NUMBER RETURNED FROM
	IOWAIT IS NOT A DS LINE NUMBER
240	(DSWARN 212)
213	EXCLUSIVE USE OF A DS LINE
	REQUIRES BOTH ND AND CS
	CAPABILITY (DSERR 213)
214	THE REQUESTED DS LINE HAS NOT
	BEEN OPEN WITH A USER :DSLINE
215	COMMAND (DSERR 214) DSLINE CANNOT BE ISSUED BACK TO
213	THE MASTER COMPUTER (DSERR 215)

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rue Syste	em
216	MESSAGE REJECTED BY THE REMOTE
	COMPUTER (DSERR 216)
217	INSUFFICIENT AMOUNT OF USER
	STACK AVAILABLE (DSERR 217)
21B	INVALID PTOP FUNCTION REQUESTED.
	(DSERR 21B)
219	MULTIPLE POPEN. ONLY ONE MASTER
	PTOP OPERATION CAN BE ACTIVE
	ON A DS LINE. (DSERR 219)
220	PROGRAM EXECUTING GET WAS NOT
	CREATEO BY POPEN, (DSERR 220)
221	INVALID DS MESSAGE FORMAT (IN-
	TERNAL DS ERROR) (DSERR 221)
222	MASTER PTOP FUNCTION ISSUED PRIOR
	TO A POPEN. (OSERR 222)
223	REQUEST TO SEND MORE DATA THAN
	SPECIFIED IN POPEN, (DSERR 223)
224	FILE EQUATIONS FOR A REMOTE FILE
	CONSTITUTE A LOOP, (DSERR 224)
225	CANNOT ISSUE POPEN TO A SLAVE
	SESSION IN BREAK MODE.
	(DSERR 225)
226	SLAVE PROGRAM HAS TERMINATED
	BEFORE EXECUTING "GET".
	(OSERR 226)
227	REMOTE HELLO MUST BE DONE TO
	INITIATE REMOTE SESSION.
	(DSERR 227)
236	COMMUNICATIONS HARDWARE HAS
	DETECTED AN ERROR. (DSERR 236)
237	CANNOT CURRENTLY GAIN ACCESS TO
	THE TRACE FILE. (DSERR 237)
238	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE
	ERROR. INTERNAL FAILURE.
	(DSERR 238)
239	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	TRACE MALFUNCTION. (DSERR 239)
240	THE LOCAL COMMUNICATION LINE
	HAS NOT BEEN OPENED BY THE
	OPERATOR (DSERR 240)
241	THE DS LINE IS IN USE EXCLUSIVELY
	OR BY ANOTHER SUBSYSTEM
	(DSERR 241)
242	INTERNAL DS SOFTWARE MALFUNC-

TION (DSERR 242)

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File System

243	THE REMOTE COMPUTER IS NOT
	RESPONDING (DSERR 243)
244	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	THE REMOTE COMPUTER RESET THE
	LINE (DSERR 244)
245	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE FRROR.
	RECEIVE TIMEOUT (DSERR 245)
246	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	REMOTE HAS DISCONNECTED
	(DSERR 246)
247	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	LOCAL TIME OUT (DSERR 247)
248	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR
	CONNECT TIME OUT (DSERR 248)
249	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	REMOTE REJECTED CONNECTION
	(DSERR 249)
250	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	CARRIER LOST (DSERR 250)
251	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
20.	THE LOCAL DATA SET FOR THE
	DS LINE WENT NOT READY
	(DSERR 251).
252	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	HARDWARE FAILURE (DSERR 252)
253	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	NEGATIVE RESPONSE TO THE DIAL
	REQUEST BY THE OPERATOR
	(DSERR 253)
254	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	INVALID I/O CONFIGURATION
	(DSERR 254)
255	COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE ERROR.
	UNANTICIPATED ERROR CONDITION
	(DSERR 255)
300	NUMBER OF OPENS FOR FILE EXCEEDS
	255. (FSERR 300)
301	FREE SPACE TABLE FOR LDEV! IS
	FULL, RUN VINIT -COND

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Section XI

ASCII, Instruction Set

ASCII Character Set

ASCII CHARACTER SET/COLLATING SEQUENCE

BYTE POSITION CHAR Left Right Dec NUL 000000 000000 000400 000001 SOH STX 001000 000002 ETX 001400 000003 EOT 002000 000004 ENO 002400 000005 003000 000006 ACK BEL 003400 000007 7 BS 004000 000010 8 HT 004400 000011 9 005000 000012 10 005400 000013 VT 006000 000014 FF CR 006400 000015 13 007000 000016 SO 14 SI 007400 000017 15 010000 000020 DLE 16 010400 000021 DC₁ 17 DC2 011000 0000022 18 011400 0000023 DC3 19 DC4 012000 000024 20 012400 0000025 NAK 21 22 013000 000026

E	BYTE POSITION												
CHAR	Left	Right	Dec.										
-	026400	000055	45										
		000056	46										
/	027400	000057	47										
l 0	030000	000060	48										
l ĭ	030400		49										
	031000		50										
3	031400	000063	51										
4 5	032000		52										
5		000065	53										
6	033000		54										
7	033400		55										
8	034000	000070	56										
9	034400	000071	57										
	035000	000072	58										
;	035400	000073	59										
<	036000	000074	60										
=	036400	000075	61										
?	037000		62										
6	037400	000077	63										
(6)	040000	000100	64										

BYTE POSITION												
HAR	Left	Right	Dec.									
[000133	91									
- 3		000134	92									
1		000135	93									
۸	057000		94									
_	057400		95									
`	060000	000140	96									
a		000141	97									
ь		000142	98									
C		000143	99									
d		000144	100									
e		000145	101									
f		000146	102									
g h		000147	103									
		000150	104									
.)		000151	105									
j k		000152	106									
K		000153	107									
		000154	108									
m		000155	109									
n		000156	110									
D	067400	000157	11111									

070000 000160 1112 070400 000161 113 ASCII CHARACTER SET/COLLATING SEQUENCE 071000 000162 114 071400 000163 115 072000 000164 116 072400 000165 117 073000 000166 118 073400 000167 119 074000 000170 120 074400 000171 121 075000 000172 122 075400 000173 123 076000 000174 124 076400 000175 125 077000 000176 126 077400 000177 127

a

7

DEL

013400 000027 [

24

25 26

27

28

29

30

31

33

34

35

36

37

39

40

42

43

014400 000027 014400 000031 015000 000032 015400 000033 016000 000034 016400 000035

017000 000036 017400 000037

020000 000040 020400 000041 021000 000042

021400 000042 021400 000043 022000 000044 022400 000045 023000 000046

023400 000047

024000 000050

024400 000051 025000 000052

025400 000053

026000 000054

ET8

CAN

EM

SUB ESC

FS

GS

RS

US

#

SPACE

l	

ASCII Character Set

Index of OP Code Groups

ADAX	0	CPRB	1	DZRO	0
ADBX	0	CSL	1	EADD	2
ADD	0	CSR	1	ECMP	2
ADDD	2	CVAD	2	EDIV	2
ADDI	2	CVBD	2	EMPY	2
ADDM	4	CVDA	2	ENEG	2
ADDS	3	CVDB	2	ESUB	2
ADXA	0	DABZ	1	EXF	2
ADXB	0	DADD		EXIT	3
ADXI	2	DASL	1	FADD	0
AND	0	DASR	1	FCMP	0
ANDI	3	DCMP	0	FDIV	0
ASL	1	DCSL	1	FIXR	0
ASR	1	DCSR	1	FIXT	0
2011	_	DDEL	0	FLT	0
BCY	1	DDIV	2	FMPY	0
BE	4	DDUP	0	FNEG	0
BG	4	DECA	0	FSUB	0
BGE	4	DECB	0	HALT	3
BL	4	DECM	4	IABZ	1
BLE	4	DECX	0	INCA	0
BNE	4	DEL	0	INCB	0
BNCY	1	DELB	0	INCM	4
BNOV	1	DFLT	0	INCX	0
BOV	1	DISP	3	IXBZ	1
BR	4	DIV	0	IXIT	2
BRE	1	DIVI	2	LADD	0
BRO	1	DIVL	0	LCMP	0
BTST	0	DLSL	1	LDB	4
CAB	0	DLSR	1	LDD	4
CIO	3	DMPY	2	LDEA	2
CMD	3	DNEG	0	LDI	2
CMP	0	DPF	2	LDIV	0
CMPB	8 0	DSUB	0	LDNI	2
CMPD	2	DTST	0	LDPN	3
CMPI	2	DUP	0	LDPP	3
CMPM	4	DXBZ	1	LDX	4
CMPN	2	DXCH	0	LDXA	0

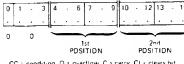
ASCII Character Set

Index of OP Code Groups (cont.)

	_		_	OT . W	0
LDXB	0	NSLD	2	STAX	4
LDXI	2	OR	0	STB	
LDXN	2	ORI	3	STBX	0
LLBI.	3	PAUS	3	STD	4
LLSH	2	PCAL	3	STOR	4
LMPY	0	PCN	2	SUB	0
LOAD	4	PLDA	2	SUBD	2
LOCK	2	PSDB	3	SUBI	2
LRA	4	PSEB	3	SUBM	4
LSEA	2	PSHR	2	SUBS	3
LSL	1	PSTA	2	SXIT	3
LSR	1	OASL	2	TASL	1
LST	3	QASR	2	TASR	1
LSUB	0	RCLK	3	TBA	4
MABS	2	RIO	3	TBC	1
MDS	2	RMSK	3	TBX	4
MFDS	2	RSW	2	TCBC	1
MOVE	2	SBXI	3	TEST	0
MPY	0	SCAL	3	TIO	3
MPYD	2	SCAN	1	TNSL	1
MPYI	2	SCLK	3	TRBC	1
MPYL	0	SCU	2	TSBC	1
MPYM	4	SCW	2	UNLK	2
МТВА	4	SDEA	2	WIO	3
MTBX	4	SED	3	XAX	0
MTDS	3	SETR	2	XBX	0
MVB	2	SIN	3	X CH	0
MVBL	2	DIO	3	XCHD	3
MVBW	2	SLD	2	XEQ	3
MVLB	2	SMSK	3	XOR	0
NEG	ō	SRD	2	XORI	3
NOP	0	SSEA	2	ZERO	ō
NOT	o o	SST	3	ZROB	ō
NO	J		-	ZROX	0
					-

Instructions

00 STACK OPS



CC = condition, (၁ :	overflow, (€;	carry	Cι	÷	clears bit
-------------------	-----	-------------	----	-------	----	---	------------

CC = condition, U = overflow, C > carry Cl = clears bit										
C	0	С			C C	D	С			
			00	NOP	1			40	DEL	
			01	DELB				41	ZROB	
			02	DDEL	A			42	LDXB	
			03	ZROX	А			43	STAX	
Α	×	х	04	INCX	A			44	LDXA	
Α	×	х	05	DECX	A			45	DUP	
			06	ZERO	A			46	DDUP	
			07	DZRO	A		1	47	FLT	
С			10	DCMP	С			50	FCMP	
A	×	Х	11	DADD	A	Х		51	FADD	
Α	×	х	12	DSUB	A	Х		52	FSUB	
Α	CI :	х	13	MPYL	Α	Х		53	FMPY	
Α	х		14	DIVL	Α	Х		54	FDIV	
Α	х		15	DNEG	A			55	FNEG	
Α			16	DXCH	A			56	CAB	
С			17	CMP	С			57	LCMP	
Α	x	×	20	ADD	A		X	60	LADD	
Α	x	х	21	SUB	A		×	61	LSUB	
A	Х		22	MPY	Α		×	62	LMPY	
Α	х		23	DIV	A	Х		63	LDIV	
Α	×	Х	24	NEG	. А			64	NOT	
A			25	TEST	Α			65	DR	
Α			26	STBX	А			66	XOR	
Α		×	27	DTST	A			67	AND	
Α			30	DFLT	Α	Х	X	70	FIXR	
В			31	BTST	A	X	X	71	FIXT	
Α			32	XCH	١ .			72	Reserved	
Α	X	Х	33	INCA	Α	Х	Х	73	INCB	
Α	X	Х	34	DECA	A	X	х	74	DECB	
Α			35	XAX				75	XBX	
Α	Х	Х	36	ADAX	Α	Х	х	76	ADBX	
Α	×	X	37	ADXA	A	X	×	77	ADXB	

01 SHIFTS/BRANCHES

			О	ī	3	4	_	6	7 9	10	12	13	15	
				[.										
A	1	1	0		1	lх	0	0	0			с—		ASL
A						x	0	0	1		_	c —		ASR
- A	-	-	-	-	_	Î	0	0	2	=		c —		LSL
A						x	0		3		_	-		
A								0	4	_		c —-	_	LSR
A	H	-	-	_	_	×	0	0			s			CSL
A		ĺ				X	0	0	5	-		c—	_	CSR
	.,					×	0	0	6		0	C		SCAN
A	X	X	_	_	_	1	0	0	7	+/-		ranch	<u>-</u>	IABZ
A						Х	0	1	0	-	_	c —–	_	TASL
A						X	0	1	1	•		c —	_	TASR
Α	X	⊢	L			1	0	1	2	+ -		ranch		IXBZ
Α	X	X				1	0	1	3	+		ranch		DXBZ
		CI					0	1	4	+/~	P t	ranch	-	BCY
_		CI	L			1	0	1	5	+,-	 P t	ranch	_	BNCY
AAA						Х	0	1	6		0	0	1	TNSL
A							0	1	7	-	<u> </u>	c	_	QASL X
						х	1	0	0	-	š		-	DASL
Α						X	1	0	1	-	— s	c —	-	DASR
A						X	1	0	2	-	— s	c —	-	DLSL
Α						х	1	0	3	-	— s	c —	-	DLSR
A	T					Х	1	0	4	-	— s	c —	-	DCSL
A						x	1	0	5	•	s	c	-	DCSR
			_			1	1	0	6	+ -	P to	ranch	-	CPRB§
Α	X	X				1	1	0	7	+ -	P t	ranch		DABZ
	Ci					1	1	1	0		 P b	ranch	-	BOV
	CI					1	1	1	1	٠	← P 1:	ranch	-	BNOV
						Х	1	1	2		bit po	sition		TBC
••,		1				Х	1	1	3		bit po	sition		TRBC
••						Х	1	1	4		bit po	sition		TSBC
•••	_					X	1	1	5		bit po	sition		TCBC
						ī	1	1	6	٠.		ranch	-	BRO
,	- (1	1	1	7	+ _	P to	ranch	-	BRE
c	0	c			_	1 7 1	~la	475	bit					
C O C C clears bit \$ = uses Index Req bit = 0 CCE bit = 1 CCG or CCL SC = shift count (0 - 63) P branch signed magnitude (0 - 31)											31:			
	P branch signed magnitude (0 − 31) bit position (0 − 63) [MOD 16 CPRB X > (5) CCG X < (5-1) CCL (5-1) <= X ≤ (5) CCE													

02 MOVES/IMMEDIATES

		0 1 3	4 - 6	7 .	9 10 12	13 15	5]
0							į.
0		0 2					_
0			0	0			
B 0 1 1 SDEC MABS 0 1 2 SDEC SCW 0 1 3 SDEC MTDS 0 1 4 SDEC MVLB 0 1 5 SDEC MVLB 0 1 6 SDEC SCU 0 1 6 SDEC SCU 0 1 7 SDEC MFDS 0 2 0 N/A U SDEC MYBB 0 2 1 PB/DB 0 SDEC MPB A 0 3 0 0 RSW A 0 3 0 1 LLSH\$ A 0 3 2 0 PLDA\$ A 0 3 2 1 PSTA\$ A 0 3 4 0 LSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 4 1 0 EADD 0 4 1 1 SSUB 0 4 1 1 3 EDIV 0 4 1 3 EDIV 0 4 1 4 ENEG 0 0 4 1 4 ENEG	1		0	0			
B			0	1			
0 1 3 SDEC MTDS 0 1 4 SDEC MVLB 0 1 5 SDEC MDS 0 1 6 SDEC SCU 0 1 6 SDEC SDEC MFDS 0 2 1			0	1			
D	В		0	1			
0		J	0	1			
1			D	1			
B			0	1	5		
B 0 2 0 N/A U SDEC MVBW 0 2 1 PB/DB 0 SDEC CMPB 0 3 0 0 RSW 0 3 0 0 PLDA\$ 0 3 0 0 PLDA\$ 0 3 2 0 PLDA\$ 0 3 4 0 LSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 4 3 SDEA 0 3 4 3 SDEA 0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 1 Reserved 0 3 6 2 PCN 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 4 1 1 ESUB 0 4 1 1 ESUB 0 4 1 1 ESUB 0 4 1 1 2 EMPY 0 4 1 3 EDIEGO 0 4 1 4 ENEG 0 4 1 4 ENEG 0 6 C MP	- 1		0	_1_			
C 0 2 1PB/DB 0 SDEC CMPB			0	1	7		
A 0 3 0 0 FSW A 0 3 0 1 LLSH\$ A 0 3 2 0 . PLDA\$ A 0 3 4 0 LSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 4 3 SDEA 0 3 6 0 IXIT C 0 3 6 1 Reserved 0 3 6 2 PCN 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 4 1 1 4 ENEG 0 4 1 3 EDIV 0 4 1 5 ECMP 0	В		0	2		-	
A 0 3 0 1 LLSH8 0 3 2 0. PLDAS 0 3 2 0. PLDAS 0 3 4 0 LSEA 0 3 4 1 SSEA 0 3 4 3 SDEA 0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 2 PCN 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 3 7 Reserved 0	C		0	_ 2	1 PB/DB 0		
A 0 3 2 0. PLDAS A 0 3 2 1 PSTAS O 3 4 0 LSEA O 3 4 1 SSEA O 3 4 2 LDEA O 3 4 3 SDEA O 3 6 0 IXIT O 3 6 1 Reserved O 3 6 2 PCN O 3 6 3 Reserved A X 0 4 1 0 EADD A X 0 4 1 1 ESUB A X 0 4 1 2 EMPC A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A X 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 4 ENEG	А		0	3	0	0	
A	A		0	3			
A	A		0	3	2	0.	
0 3 4 1 SSEA			0	3	2	1	PSTA\$
A	A		0	3	4	0	LSEA
0 3 4 3 SDEA 0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 1 Reserved 0 3 6 2 PCN 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 4 1 0 EADD 0 4 1 1 ESUB 0 4 1 2 EMPY 0 4 1 3 EDIY 0 4 1 4 ENEG 0 4 1 4 ENEG 0 4 1 5 ECMP 0 4 1 5 ECMP 0 6 ECMP 0 7 EVEN 0 7 ECMP 0 7	- 1		0	3	4		
0 3 6 0 IXIT 0 3 6 1 Reserved 0 3 6 2 PCN 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 4 1 0 EADD A X 0 4 1 1 ESUB A X 0 4 1 2 EMPY A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A X 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP C C 0 4 1 5 ECMP C C 0 4 1 5 ECMP C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	A		0	3	4		
0 3 6 1 Reserved 0 3 6 2 PCN 0 3 6 3 Reserved 0 4 1 0 EADD A X 0 4 1 1 ESUB A X 0 4 1 2 EMPY A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A X 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP	Ì		0	3	4	3	SDEA
0 3 6 2 PCN 0 3 6 3 Reserved A X 0 4 1 0 EADD A X 0 4 1 1 ESUB A X 0 4 1 2 EMPY A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP	11		o	3	6	0	IXIT
A X 0 4 1 0 EADD A X 0 4 1 1 ESUB A X 0 4 1 2 EMPY A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A X 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP			0	3	6	1 R	eserved
A X 0 4 1 0 EADD A X 0 4 1 1 ESUB A X 0 4 1 2 EMPY A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV C 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP			0	3	6	2	PCN
A X 0 4 1 1 ESUB A X 0 4 1 2 EMPY A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP	1	İ	0	3	6 _	3 R	
A X 0 4 1 2 EMPY A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP	AX		0	4	1	0	
A X 0 4 1 3 EDIV A 0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP	AX	-	0	4	1	1	
0 4 1 4 ENEG C 0 4 1 5 ECMP	AX		0	4	1	2	
C 0 4 1 5 ECMP	AX		0	4	1	3	EDIV
0, 1	А		0	4	1	4	ENEG
	c		0	4	1	5	ECMP
0 5 7 0 PMUL			0	5	7	0	DMUL
0 5 7 1 DDIV			0	5	7	1	DDIV
A X 0 6 0 1 DMPY	A	x	0	6	0	1	DMPY

02 MOVES/IMMEDIATES (cont.)

			0	1	3	4 - 6	7		9	10		12	13		15	3
			Ŀ	Ŀ		• • •	ŀ	٠	٠						-	i
	1										_			_		
	X					0		6			0			2		CVAD
Α	X	İ				0		6			0			3		CVDA
A	X				i	0		6			0			4		CVBD
Α	X		0	2		0		6			0			5		CADB
Α	X	!				0		6			0			6		SLD
Α	Х	×				0		6			0			7		NSLD
Α	X					0		6			1			0		SRD
Α	Х					0		6			î			1		ADDD
¢	х					0		6			1			2		CMPD
А	Х					0		6			1			3		SUBD
А	Х					0		6			1			4		MPYD
А						1	0	•		1	mm	Qρι	_	_	•	LDI
Д	i				-	1	1	4		— #	mm	Орі	_		•	LDXI
C						2	0	-		- 1	mm	Opr	-	_	+	CMPI
Д	х	х				2	1			- 1	mm	Орі	_	_	•	ADDI
Α	X.	х				3	0	-		- 1	mm	Opr	_	_	-	SUBI
Α	Х				Ī	3	1			- I	mm	Opr	-	=	•	MPYI
Д						4	0	-		- 10	mm	Opr	_	_	•	DIVI
						4	1	SB	ΚC	ВС	LZ	STA	X A	0	s	PSHR -
Ā						5	0	+		— i	mm	Opr	_	_	-	LDNI
Α						5	ş	-		- 1	mm	Opr	-		-	LDXN
С					١	6	0	-		- 1	mm	Opr	_	-	•	CMPN
Α						6	1.	J		J	J	К		K	ΚK	EXF
А						7	0.	IJ		J	j	K		ĸ	κĸ	DPF
						7	1:	SBK	C DE	3 0	LZ	STA	4	x (2.5	SETR
С	0	С													-	
C																
	_	_														

s = uses Index Register SDEC pop stack (0 - 3) Imm Opr Immediate operand (0 - 255) JJJJ Beginning bit position (0 - 15)

KKKK field length (0 - 15) * SCW CARRY → Terminating character * SCU CARRY → Terminating character

03 I/O LINKAGE CONTROL

			0	1 -	3	4 - 6	1	7 .	9	10	1	1	2	13	3	-	15]
			-		.		1			١.								
		,	Ō	3	Г		_			_		_		_	_			
						0		0		0	0	K		K	K	K		LST
						0		0		0	1	0		0	0	0		PAUS
_	\perp	1	\perp		_	0	_	0	_	1	0	0		0	0	D		SED
	į		İ			0		0			6				Ō			XCHD
3		ı				0		0			6				1			PSDB
_	4	1	-			0		0			6			_	2	_		DISP
,		İ				0		0			6				3		-	PSEB
3						0		1			0				0		:	SMSK
	╀	1				0		1		_	0				1			SCLK
						0		1			2				0		- 1	RMSK
			1			0		1			2				1		- 1	RCLK
*	L	L			_	0	_	1		1	0	Κ		K	Κ	Κ		XEO
D						0		1		1	1	Κ		Κ	K	K	,	SIO
D						0		2		0	0	Κ		Κ	K	K	- 1	RIO
D	L	L				0		2		0	1	Κ		Κ	Κ	Κ	١	NIO
1		1	-		-	0		2		1	0	K		K	K	K	-	TIO
1						0		2		1	1	Κ		K	K	Κ	(CIO
_						0		3		0	0	ĸ		Κ	κ	Κ	_	CMD
		ļ				0		3		0	1	Κ		K	Κ	Κ	5	SST
1	j	İ	İ		i	0		3		1	0	K		K	Κ	Κ	5	SIN
	L					0		3		1	1	K		Κ	Κ	K	ŀ	HALT
		Ī				0	1	_		_	ST	Т	_	_	_	-	5	SCAL
					1	1	0	-		_	ST	Т	_			-	F	CAL
						1	1	_		- 50)E(2+	(4)	_		-	6	XIT
	Г	Г			7	2	0	_		- 50	Œ	2+	(1)	_		-	5	XIT
Α						2	1	-		- 1	mn	n O	pr	_	_	-	,	ADXI
Д		ĺ			ı	3	0	-	_	- 1	mn	10	pr	_		-	9	SBXI
						3	1	-		- F	L.	- Di	isp	=		•	1	LBL
						4	0	•		- F		Dis	p		_		1	DPP
						4	1			- F	_	Dis	р	_		•		DPN
					1	5	0	_		~ I	mn	10	pr	_	_	•		ADDS
					1	5	1	-				۰ 0			_			UBS
						6		0			0				0			served
Α					7		1	-		- 1		0	pr	_		-		DRI
Α					-		0	_				10		_				ORI
А						7	1	_				1 0		_				ANDI
С	0	c			7	KKKK		itack	die					15	3			
С	Γ,	Ĭ.				STT e	nt	гу ро	sitio	on (o -	255	(
	_	ш			_	Imm C	Qρ	r im	med	iate	оp	eran	d (() -	25!	5)		

^{1.} normally CCE, non-responding CCL

D norm CCE, non-respond CCL, not ready CCG 3. norm CCE, IF error CCL

[·] XEQ depends on instruction executed.

MEMORY REFERENCE

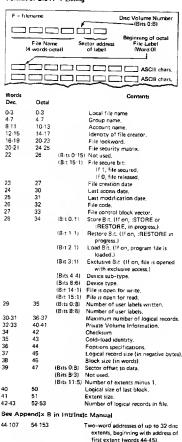
	0 1	3 4 6 7 9 10 12 13 15	1
	.0 4		J
A		X 0	LOAD
A	⊥	X 1 + DQS	
1 1 1	0 5	0 + Piel branch	TBA
	1	2 + Piel branch	MTBA
i		4 + - P ref branch	TBX
1	1	6 + Piet branch	MTBX
	-	X 1 1 DQS	STOR
С	0 6	X I 0 P	CMPM
c		X 1 1	
AXX	1	X + 0 P	ADDM
AXX		X 1 - DQS	
'A X'>	1	X 1 0 - P	SUBM
A X >		X + 1 DOS	
A X,	i	X 1 0 - P	MPYM
AXX	_	X 1 1 DQS	
A.X		X I 0	INCM
AXX		X I 1	DECM
A	1 3	X 0	LDX
Α		X + 1	
1 1	1 4	X + 0 + Prel branch	BR
	ļ	X 1 1 — DQ\$ indirect —	BR
4-4-4-		1 0 1 GEL +- Phranch	BCC
В	1 5	X 0	LDB
A		X 1	LDD
;	1 6	X 0	STB
: 1	1	X 1 DOS	STD
11.	1 7	X 0	LRA
111	-	X 1	
COO	.		
POLO	1	7 8 9 10 - 1213 - 1	5
	P	P- 1	0 377 0 377
		DB+ 0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0:377
	DOS	DB+ 0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0 177
		(s- 111	0.77
SEL {	Equal 9	han (BL) 4 Greater than (BE) 5 Not equal (BN han or equal (BLE) 6 Greater or equ	E)

FILE LABELS

Format of LISTF-1 Listing

125-128

175 200



Device Class.

STATUS REGISTER



M Mode User Privileged

Ext Interrupts Enabled T User Traps Enabled

R Right Stack Op Pending

O Overflow C Carry

CC Condition Code CCL = 1

CCE = 2 CCG = 0

CONDITION CODES

CCA CCL Operand < 0 CCE Operand = 0

Operand < 0

CC FIELD

CCG CCB CCL

ccc

CCL Special ASCII Char CCE Alphabetic

CCE Alphabetic CCG Numeric CCL Operand 1<OPR 2

Operand > 0

Operand 1 < OPR 2 Operand 1 = OPR 2 Operand 1 > OPR 2 6-7 Condition
0 >G
1 <L
2 = E
3 Reserved

CCD CCL

CCE

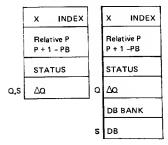
CCG

Non-responding device controller Responding device controller, or

device ready

CCG Device not ready (busy)

STACK MARKER SPECIAL STACK MARKER (normal) (resulting from ICS interrupt)



CODE SEGMENT TABLE

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Α	М	R	Т							LEN	GT	1			
RESERVED															
Г						_							PB	BAf	iΚ
ADDRESS															

- A Absence bit (=1 if segment is absent)
- M Mode bit (= 1 if privileged mode)
- R Reference bit (for statistical use by operating system, set to 1 when accessed)
- T Trace bit (=1 to call Trace routine)
- LENGTH This value times 4 (max = 16.3B0)
- ADDRESS Absolute memory address (for PB)
- or low order 16 bits of absolute disc address if absent.

PB BANK Bank Number if present of High Order Disc Address if absent.

SEGMENT TRANSFER TABLE Words

STT Length

О	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	U	0	0	0	0	0	0			LEN	NGT	Н		

U Uncallable bit for STT# = 0(enter at PB + 0) LENGTH Maximum = 255 (Calls from external segments may reference only the first 128 entries, PL thru PL-127.)

Local Program Label

0	1	2'3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	υ						Α	DC	RES	SS				

U Uncallable bit ADDRESS PB relative, + only

External Program Label

					_		_	_		_	_	_		_
0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1		ST	T	#						SEG	#			

STT # = STT = entry number in target segment, maximum = 127 SEG # = Target segment

INTERRUPTS/TRAPS

STT Entry		
Number	Interrupt	Parameter
	EXTERNAL INTERRUPT	DEV#
1	BOUNDS VIOLATION	100401
2	ILLEGAL MEMORY ADDRESS	101001
3	NON-RESPONDING MODULE	101401
4	SYSTEM PARITY ERROR	102001
5	ADDRESS PARITY ERROR	102401
6	DATA PARITY ERROR	103001
7	MODULE INTERRUPT	MODULE#
11	POWER FAIL	104401
20	UNIMPLEMENTED INSTRUCTION	110001
21	STT VIOLATION	110401
22	CST VIOLATION	111001
23	DST VIOLATION	111401
24	STACK UNDERFLOW	112001
25	PRIVILEGED MODE VIOLATION	112401
30	STACK OVERFLOW	114001
31	USER TRAPS	
	INTEGER OVERFLOW	1
	FLOATING-POINT OVERFLOW	2
	FLOATING-POINT UNDERFLOW	3
	INTEGER DIVIDE BY 0 FLOATING-POINT DIVIDE BY 0	4 5
	EXT. PRECISION OVERFLOW	10
	EXT. PRECISION OVERFLOW	11
	EXT. PRECISION DIVIDE BY 0	12
	DECIMAL OVERFLOW	13
	INVALID ASCII DIGIT	14
	INVALID DECIMAL DIGIT	15
	INVALID SOURCE WORD COUNT	16
	RESULT WORD COUNT OVERFLOW	17
	DECIMAL DIVIDE BY 0	20
37	ABSENT CODE SEGMENT	20
	PCAL	P-LABEL
	EXIT	N
	IXIT	Ö
40	TRACE	
	PCAL	P-LABEL
	EXIT	N
	IXIT	0
41	STT ENTRY UNCALLABLE	P-LABEL
42	ABSENT DATA SEGEMNT	DST #
43	POWER ON	121401
44	COLD LOAD	0

NOTE: If parameter not shown, parameter is external program label.

00 STACK OPS												
0	1	- 3	4	-67	. 9	10	_	12	13 - 15			
.						۱.						
			IL		_	JL						
	1st 2nd											
				ιsτ PO51TIO	N				TION			
CC-		diele		=overflo		= ca						
-	6011	SILIC	ا ,۱۱۰	-0161110		~	,,	٠.	5,50,556			
С					C							
C	0	С			С	0	С					
			00	NOP	١.			40	DEL			
			01	DELB '				41	ZROB			
	\Box		02	DDEL_	Α	Ц		42	LDXB			
			03	ZROX	Α			43	5TAX			
Α	X	Х	04	INCX	A			44	LDXA			
Α	х	Х	05	DECX	Α	Ш		45	DUP			
			06	ZERO	A			46	DDUP			
			07	DZRO	Α			47	FLT			
_c		L.	10	DCMP	С	ļЦ		50	FCMP			
Α	×	X	11	DADD	Α	X		51	FADD			
Α	×	Х	12	DSUB	Α	X		52	FSUB			
_A	CI	X	13	MPYL	A	X		53	FMPY			
Α	×		14	DIVL	Α	X		54	FDIV			
Α	×		15	DNEG	Α			55	FNEG			
A	<u> </u>	_	16	DXCH	A	-		56	CAB			
C			17	CMP	C			57	LCMP			
Α	×	X	20	ADD	Α		X	60	LADD			
A	×.	X	21	5UB	Α	_	×	61	LSUB			
Α	X		22	MPY	Α		×	62	LMPY			
Α	X	١	23	DIV	A	×		63	LDIV			
_A	X	X.	24	NEG	A	H	-	64	NOT			
Α			25	TEST	A			65	OR			
Α	1		26	STBX	A			66	XOR			
A	<u> </u>	×	27	DT5T	Α	1	-	67	AND			
A			30	DFLT	A	X	X	70	FIXE			
В	1	l	31	BTST	Α	×	X	71 72	FIXT 5PARE			
_A		L-	32	XCH	H	₩	 					
A	X	l X	33	INCA	A	X	X	73 74	INCB DECB			
A	×	X	1	DECA	^	^	^	75	XBX			
_A	×	X	35 36	ADAX	A	x	×	76	ADBX			
	X	×	1 .	ADXA	A	×		77	ADXB			
Α	X	X	37	AUXA	II A	١^	^	,,,	AUAB			

01 SHIFTS/BRANCHES

				_					
			0	1-3	4	-	6	7 - 9	10 - 12 13 - 15
			Ŀ	· ·	Ŀ	٠			
А	ı		1 0	1	×	0	0	0	+SC
Α			1		×	0	0	1	SCASR
A	H	┢	┢		×	0	ō	2	SC
A		ı	i		×	0	0	3	<sclsr< td=""></sclsr<>
Α		1	İ		×	0	0	4	SC → CSL
A					х	0	0	5	+sccsn
Α		1	ı		×	0	0	6	0 0 SCAN
Α	x	х	1		x	0	0	7	+ +P branch+IABZ
4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4			_		х	0	1	0	SCTASL
Α	l				×	0	1	1	→ SC → TASR
Α	x	х	i		1	0	1	2	+/P branch - IXBZ
A	х	х			T	0	1	3	+/+P branch DXBZ
		CI			1	0	1	4	+/P branch + BCY
Α		Ci			1	0	1	5	+/+P branch + BNCY
			_		X	0	1	6	0 0 TNSL
						1		7	0 0 SPARE
Α					х	1	0	0	→ SC → DASL
A	Т		_	_	×	1	0	1	- SC - DASR
Α	1				×	1	0	2	SC → DLSL
A A					х	1	0	3	SC → DL\$R
Α					х	1	0	4	SC → DCSL
Α					х	1	0	5	→ SC → DCSR
•					١	1	0	6	+/~+P branch + CPRB§
A	X	х	_		Т	1	0	7	+/P branch - DABZ
	CI				ı	1	1	0	+/-+P branch + BOV
	CI				1	1	1	1	+/-+P branch + BNOV
**					X	1	1	2	bit position + TBC
**					×	1	1	3	bit position + TRBC
**					х	1	1	4	bit position + TSBC
**					Х	1	1	5	bit position TCBC
					1	1	1	6	+/-→P branch → BRO
					1	1	1	7	+/+P branch BRE
A	۵	С			0	0	1	7	SC OASR
Α		ı			،1	0	1	7	<sc qasl<="" td=""></sc>

02 MOVES/IMMEDIATES

			0	1 - 3	4 -	6	7-9	10		12	13	15	
					ļ								
		. '	_		-			_			_		1
			۷	2	0		0		OPB/I				MOVE
					0		0		1PB/	DBO			MVB
	-	-	-		0	_	1		0		5	DEC	MVBL two-
					0				ordwa			_	
						10-		. na		re i			
					0		1		1				MABS
В		1			0		1		3				SCW
_		-	-		0	_			4				MYLB
			i		0		1		5				MDS
		١			0		1		6				
-	Н	Ė	H		_		1	_	7				MFDS
_					0		2		ONA				MVBW
В					0		2		PB/D				CMPB
<u>C</u>	H		-		+		- 3	1	0	DU	0		RSW
	١.				0		3		0		1		LLSH§
Α			١.		٥		3		0		2		
	1		C	2	١٠		_						two- page 5.
				- !	0			v o-	word 2	1/0	ins.	266 t	PLDA §
Α.		\vdash	⊢		+	-	3		2		1		PSTA §
					0		3		4		o		LSEA
Д	1				0		3		4		1		SSEA
_	-				0		3		4				LDEA
Α	İ				0		3		4		3		SDEA
					0		3		6		0		IXIT
_	-	Н	-	_	7	_	3		6		1		NOP
					0		3		6		2		PCN
					0		3		6		3		NOP
Α	x	\vdash	\vdash		0	_	4	_	1		0		EADD
A	x				0		4		1		1		ESUB
A	x				o		4		1		2		EMPY
A	x	\vdash	_		ō	-	4	_	1		3		EDIV
A	^				0		4		1		4		ENEG
ĉ					ō		4		1		5		ECMP
	Н	-	-	_	ō	_	5	_	7		0		DMUL
					ő		5		7		1		DDIV
Α		x			o		6		o		1		DMPY
	o	С									_		
C	1	Ι,											

02 MOVES/IMMEDIATES (cont.)

		1	0	1	- 3	4 - 6	7	- 9	10	-	12	13	-	15	
		L		ŀ	٠.		1								
Α	x	١ -	ļ			0	ε	 }		s	0		2		CVAD
Α	x		ı			0	6	ì		s	0		3		CVDA
Α	x					0	ε	3		s	0		4		CVBD
A	х	í	0		2	0	-6	3		s	0		5		CVDB
Α	х	Ιx				0	€	3	s	s	0		6		SLD
Α	х	lх	ı			0	6	3	s	s	0		7		NSLD
A	X	Г	Γ			0	€	3	s	s	1		0		SRD
Α	х	l	ı			0	ε	3	s	s	1		1		ADDD
С	x		ı			0	6	3	s	s	1		2		CMPD
A	х	Г	Г	_		0	6	; -	s	s	1		3		SUBD
Α	х	l	ı			0	€	3	s		1		4		MPYD
Α			L			1	0	-		_	lmi	m O	pr-	_	LDI
			Γ			1	1	4		_	lmi	m O	pr –	-	LDXI
С			ı			2	0	-		_	lm	m O	pr –	_	CMPI
Α	Х	×	ı			2	1	4	_	-	lmi	m O	pr –		ADDI
A	X	X	T	_		3	0	4		_	lm	m O	pr -	—	SUBI
Α	Х		ı			3	1	4		_	lmi	m O	pr -		MPYL
Α		l	ı			4	0	4		-	lmi	m O	pr –		DIVI
	_	Г	Г			4	1.5	BI	O	В)L	z st	ΑX	QS	PSHR
Α		ı	ı			5	0	4		_	lm	m O	pr—		LDNI
						5	1	-	_	_	imi	m O	pr-	_	LDXN
С		Г	Г		- "	6	0	-		_	lm	n O	pr-	_	CMPN
Α		l				6	1,	IJ		J	JK	K	K	ĸ	EXF
Α	L		L			7	0.	IJ		j	JΚ	K	<u>K</u>	ĸ	DPF
		Γ	Γ			7	15	BI	Ó	В	DE:	z st	ΑX	QS	SETR
С	0	С												-	
C		_													

SS SDEC

§ = Uses Index Register SDEC pop stack (0 -3)

Imm Opr Immediate operand (0 -255) JJJJ Beginning bit position (0 -15)

KKKK field length (0 -15)

^{*} SCW CARRY → Terminating character

^{*} SCU CARRY -> Terminating character

TWO-WORD "HARDWARE" INSTRUCTIONS

First Word	Second Word	MNE
020104	000000	RCCR
	000001	SCLR
	000002	TOFF
	000003	TON
1	000004	SBM
	000007	Reserved
Į	000010	SINC

No Condition Codes Set

Note: The SBM instruction is not available on the Series 30/33.

TWO-WORD I/O INSTRUCTIONS

First Word	Second Word	MNE
020302	000000	SIOP
	1	HIOP
	2	RIOC
	3	WIOC
	6	INIT
i	7	MCS
	10	SEML
İ	11	STRT
	12	DUMP

Instruction Codes 0-6 Set CC

Note: The SEML instruction is not available on the Series 44.

03 I/O, LINKAGE, CONTROL

				_			-	_				_,		_	_	
		-	0	1	- 3	4 . 6	7		9	10	- 1	12	13	- 13	5	
		- 1					. -								-1	
		L		_	_			_		1	_	_	_		_	
		1	0		3	0		0		0	0	K	ΚI	ΚK	Ļ	ST
		l				0		0		0	1 :	n				AUS
						0		0		1	0 (0	0	OD,		SED
_						0		0			6		C			CHD
3		İ				0		0			6		1			SDB
_	╙	_	L			0		0			6		_3			ISP
						0		0			6		3			SEB
3						0		1			0		C)	SI	MSK
_	╙		L		_	0		_1			0		1			CLK
			ļ			0		1			2		0			MSK
		ì				0		1			2		1			CLK
*	_		L			0		1		1			< K			E0_
						0		3		0			< K	K	SS	T
_			L	_		0		3		1_	1 r		n			ALT
	i	i				0	1 -	•			STT		_			AL
		l	ļ			1	0 -	•			STT					CAL
_	_	_	L	_		1	1-	_		-SDI				-	· E)	CIT
						2	0-	•	_	-SDI					· S>	(IT
Α						2	1 -	•			m C			-	- Ai	IXC
<u>A</u>			L			3	0 -	•			m C			-	-SE	IXI_
						3	1 -	-			- D			-	-LI	BL
Α						4	0 -	•		- P·	+ Di	isp	_	-	-LC	OPP
Α		L				4	1 -	•		- P-	- Di	sp	_	-	-L0	OPN
		-				5	0 -	-	-	- Im	m C	P	r —	-	- Al	DDS
	İ					5	1 -	•	-	– Im	m C	p	-	-	-St	JBS
			L			6	-	0			0		0		SP	ARE
Α						6	1-	-			m C			-	OF	31
Α						7	0 -	•	_	- Im	m C)pı	_	-	×	BI
AAACC				_		7	1 -	-	_	- Im	m C	pı	_	_	A	IDI_
c	0	C	_	Τ				Ξ								
~							KK									

STT entry position (0 -255)
Imm Opr Immediate operand (0-255)

n Not used

^{1.} normally CCE, non-responding CCL

D norm CCE, non-respond CCL, not ready CCG

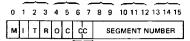
^{3:} norm CCE, IF error CCL

^{*} XEO depends on instruction executed.

MEMORY REFERENCE

01-34-67 - 910	- 12 13 - 15
A 0 4 X 1 0 -	— P —→ LOAD -DQS →
	rel branch→ TBA
	rel branch→ MTBA
	rel branch→ TBX
	rel branch→ MTBX
X 1	DOS STOR
C 06 X 1 0	P → CMPM
C X 1 1 4 A X X 0 7 X 1 0 4	- DQS
$ \hat{A} \hat{X} \hat{X} $ $ \hat{X} $ $ \hat{X} $ $ \hat{X} $	- Das
A X X 1 0 X 1 0	- P → SUBM
$ \hat{\mathbf{A}} \hat{\mathbf{X}} \hat{\mathbf{X}} $	- DQS
$A \times X = 1 = 1 \times 1 = 0$	- P → MPYM
AXX X X 1 1	- DOS
A X X 1 2 X 1 0 +	- DQS → INCM
AXX X 1 1	- DQS → DECM
A 13 X I 0 -	- P → LDX
A	- DQS →
1 4 X i 0 ÷/-←P	reibranch→ BR
XII DO	QS indirect BR
I 0 1 GEL	+/-P branch BCC
B 15 X I 0 ←	- DQS —→ LDB
A X I 1 < −	DOS LDD
1 6 X I 0 -	-DQS
	DOS → STD
	– P – ≻ LRA
	-DQS —→
C 7 8	9
c o c	0:377
P (P- 1	0:377
(DB+ 0	0:377
DQS {Q+ 1 0 Q- 1 1	0:177 0 0:77
	0 0:77 1 0:77
4.0	Greater than (BG)
GEL (2. Equal (BE) 5.	Not equal (BNE)
 Less than or equal 6. 	Greater or equal
(BLE)	(BGE)

STATUS REGISTER



M Mode User Privileged

- I Ext Interrupts Enabled
 - T User Traps Enabled
 - R Right Stack Op Pending
 - O Overflow
 - C Carry
 - CC Condition Code
 - CCL = 1
 - CCE = 2 CCG = 0

CONDITION CODES

- CCA CCL Operand < 0
 - CCE Operand = 0
 - CCG Operand >0
 - CCG Operand >
- CCB CCL Special ASCII Char CCE Alphabetic
- CCC CCL Operand 1<OPR 2
 - CCE Operand 1 = OPR 2
 CCG Operand 1 > OPR 2
- CC FIELD

6-7	Condition
0	>G
1	<∟
2	= E
3	Undefined

STACK MARKER SPECIAL STACK MARKER (normal) (resulting from ICS interrupt)

	Х	INDEX	
		etive P 1 - PB	
	STA	TUS	
Q,S	Δα		0

	X INOEX
	Relative P P + 1 -PB
	STATUS
0	Δα
	DB BANK
s	DB

CODE SEGMENT TABLE

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Α	М	R	۲							LEN	IGT	1/4			
RE	RESERVED														
RE	RESERVED														
L	ADDRESS														

- A Absence bit (=1 if segment is absent)
- M Mode bit (=1 if privileged mode)
- R Reference bit (for statistical use by operating system, set to 1 when accessed)
- T Trace bit (=1 to call Trace routine)
- LENGTH This value times 4 (max = 16,380)

= segment length

ADDRESS Absolute memory address (for PB) or low order 16 bits of absolute disc address if absent

PB BANK Bank number if present or High Order Disc Address if absent.

SEGMENT TRANSFER TABLE Words

STT Length

			_	_											
									9	10	11	12	13	14	15
ĺ	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	0			LEN	IGT	Н		

U Uncallable bit

LENGTH Maximum = 255 (Calls from external segments may reference only the first 128 entries, PL thru PL-127.)

Local Program Label

0	1	2'3	4	5 '	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
0	U						Al	DD	RES	s				

U Uncallable bit

ADDRESS PB relative, + only

External Program Label

	The state of the s														
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	STT #									SEG	#				

STT # = STT entry number in target segment, maximum = 127

SEG#= Target segment

INTERRUPTS/TRAPS

STT		
Entry Number	Interrupt	Parameter
ITUITIDE	interrupt	, available
	EXTERNAL INTERRUPT	DEV#
1	BOUNDS VIOLATION	100401
3	NON-RESPONDING MODULE	101401
6	MEMORY DATA PARITY ERROR	103001
11	POWER FAIL	104401
12	SYSTEM CLOCK	(CR-LC)
20	UNIMPLEMENTED INSTRUCTION	110001
21	STT VIOLATION	110401
22	CST VIOLATION	111001
23	DST VIOLATION	111401
24	STACK UNDERFLOW	112001
25	PRIVILEGED MODE VIOLATION	112401
30	STACK OVERFLOW	114001
31	USER TRAPS	114401
	INTEGER OVERFLOW	1
	FLOATING-POINT OVERFLOW	2
	FLOATING-POINT UNDERFLOW	3
	INTEGER DIVIDE BY 0	4
	FLOATING-POINT DIVIDE BY 0	5
	EXT PRECISION OVERFLOW	10
	EXT. PRECISION UNDERFLOW	11
	EXT. PRECISION DIVIDE BY 0	12
	DECIMAL OVERFLOW	13
	INVALID ASCII DIGIT	14
	INVALID DECIMAL DIGIT	15
	INVALID SOURCE WORD COUNT	16
	RESULT WORD COUNT OVERFLOW	
	DECIMAL DIVIDE BY 0	20
37	ABSENT CODE SEGMENT	
	PCAL	P-LABEL
	EXIT	N
	IXIT	0
40	TRACE	
	PCAL	P-LABEL
	EXIT	N
	IXIT	0
41	STT ENTRY UNCALLABLE	P-LABEL
42	ABSENT DATA SEGEMNT	DST #
43	POWER ON	121401
44	COLD LOAD	CHAN-DEV #

NOTE: If parameter not shown, parameter is external program label.

Section XII

Special Keys and Codes

Special Keys and Codes

Special Terminal Keys

] is shift M

Special Terminal Keys	
Кеу	Meaning
Xc	Delete current line
Н ^с	Delete last character
Yc	Subsystem "break"
O _C	Place term in tape mode
Jc	Turn on linefeeds
M ^C	Produces a "RETURN" (Carriage return and line feed)
BREAK	MPE/3000 break
ESC;	Stop echoing
ESC:	Resume echoing
Fc	Terminate termtype = 10 hang
HP 264X Terminals	
sc	Stop output
$\sigma_{\mathbf{c}}$	Resume output
(c	ESC
029 Card-Punch Transliterat	ions
ASCII	[= 029¢
ASCII	\ = 029 0-8-2
ASCII] = 029!
ASCII	
ASCII	! = 029
ASCII Character Substitutes	
← is -	
\uparrow is \land	
[is shift K	



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